New-York Daily Times.

VOL. IV.....NO. 1132. NEW-YORK, FRIDAY, MAY 4, 1855. PRICE TWO CENTS.

New-York Daily Times.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE

By Telegraph to the New-York Daily Times.

West Virginia is to be Saved to the Administration.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Daily Times.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, May 3.

A distinguished Virginian, now in Washington, says the President can decide the Virginia election in favor of Mr. WISE, by removing Governor REEDER and appointing Judge LORING, of Massachusetts, in his place. He is urging the Administration to pursue that course. MAC.

Non-Arrival of the Atlantic.

SANDY HOOK, Thursday, May 3—11 P. M.

The steamship *Atlantic*, now fully due from Liverpool, has not yet been signaled off this point. The weather is clear, with a light wind from the South.

Connecticut Legislature—Election of Governor.

HARTFORD, Conn., Thursday, May 3.

The Legislature of this State this morning elected WM. T. MINOR, American, for Governor for the ensuing year. The vote was as follows: MINOR, 177; INGHAM, Dem., 78. The other State officers were also elected. The Governor delivers his Message this afternoon.

We have had to-day one of the finest parades ever witnessed in this city.

MESSAGE OF THE GOVERNOR.

HARTFORD, Thursday, May 3.

The Message of the Governor was delivered this afternoon. He recommends that the proposed amendment to the Constitution, extending the right of suffrage to colored persons, and requiring persons to be able to read and write before being admitted as electors, be referred to go to the people. He recommends an appropriation in aid of the State Agricultural Society; says the income of the School Fund the past year has been $[illegible]; making a dividend of $1 25 for each scholar, and thinks it is the duty of the Legislature to encourage education in every possible way, and is in favor of giving meritorious School Districts a copy of WEBSTER's *Unabridged Dictionary*. He says he should regard the repeal or modification of the Prohibitory Liquor Law as detrimental to the best interests of the State, observing that the effect of the law has been such as to commend it to general favor, and that by it crime has been lessened, poverty and misery alleviated, and the happiness of many a fireside restored. The balance in the Treasury at the close of the fiscal year is stated at $[illegible]. Appropriations for the Deaf, Dumb, Blind, Idiotic, and for the State Reform Schools are recommended. He favors such a remodeling of the Judiciary system as will facilitate the settlement of causes. He says that the Banking Institutions of the State are in a sound and healthy condition; that the military will compare favorably with that of sister States. He considers that in the recent election the people reiterated their emphatic condemnation of the act organizing the Territories of Nebraska and Kansas. He enters largely into the consideration of the pernicious influences arising from the extent and character of the foreign immigration. After alluding to the large and increasing number now annually coming among us, the Governor says: "This large mass of aliens—some of them [illegible] with the social infidelity of Continental Europe—very many of them blind followers of an ecclesiastical despotism, a large majority of them without [illegible] of the duties appertaining to citizens of a Republican Government, and, by early prejudices, totally unfit to learn them—differing in language, national customs and feelings, and scattered over all the country, still with tenacity holding on to and observing those customs, and from among them, as appears from the statistics of crime and pauperism in the different States in this Union, comes a majority of the inmates of prisons and almshouses; when these things are considered, and, in addition, the facts that our taxes are largely increased for the support of our foreign population; that in many instances the almshouses of the Old World have been emptied, their prison doors thrown open, and the inmates transported by their Governments to our shores, a wise regard for our safety as a nation requires additional legislation with reference to foreign immigration. After considering the rights and privileges of foreigners, the Governor adds: But as a matter of policy connected with the privilege of citizenship to be conferred upon the alien, we have the right to inquire how far the allegiance due from the members of the Romish Church is compatible with the allegiance due to their adopted country, and if we find that combinations for political action exist, composed of members of this Church, throwing their entire vote one way or the other, as the wishes and feelings and interests of those controlling may dictate; and further, if we find that these combinations are but instruments in the hands of demagogues, either native born or thrown upon our shores by the revolutionary upheavings of Europe, then a strong reason is formed why a longer residence should be required before the alien can be naturalized. The Message closes with a recapitulation of the powers, constitutionally, of the Legislature over this subject.

From Nova Scotia.

BOSTON, Thursday, May 3.

Late Halifax papers state that the most frightful distress exists along the coast between Miramichi and Shippegan. The Canadian French are suffering direful privations, and have no seed whatever to plant or sow this season.

The Nova Scotia Parliament has been dissolved by proclamation of the Governor, and a new election called for 22d May.

Municipal Election at Indianapolis.

CINCINNATI, Wednesday, May 2.

In the municipal election at Indianapolis yesterday, the Know-Nothing city ticket was defeated by 200 majority; but that party, nevertheless, elected a majority of the Councilmen.

We have a fine rain to-day.

Philadelphia Municipal Election.

PHILADELPHIA, Thursday, May 3.

The official majority of MORTON, the American candidate for Treasurer, is 420.

HILL, the American candidate, is elected Commissioner by 197 majority.

Trouble in the Fire Department.

DETROIT, Thursday, May 3.

At the review of the Fire Department yesterday, about one-half of the Companies disbanded in consequence of an ordinance prohibiting the running of engines on the sidewalks of paved streets. A large public meeting was held in the evening.

The Know-Nothings and the Missouri Compromise.

CONCORD, N. H., Thursday, May 3.

The American party of this State have, in State Council, adopted resolutions protesting against the repeal of the Missouri Compromise, and against the Nebraska bill and Fugitive Slave Law, and pledging the party to resist the further extension of Slavery.

The Letting of Water into the Erie Canal.

ALBANY, Thursday, May 3.

A letter dated Oswego, May 2, says the amount of labor to be performed on the Canal will, in the opinion of the writer of the letter, delay the introduction of the water into the Canal and Mills and Elevators on the East side of the River, at that point, for ten to fourteen days. Four miles from Oswego the Canal is navigable.

Masonic Election.

PORTLAND, Me., Thursday, May 3.

The Annual Elections of the Grand Chapter of the Grand Lodge and Grand Encampment of this State took place in this city to-day. The attendance was very full. A Grand Council of Royal and Select Masters is also organized.

The Prohibitory Law.

BOSTON, Thursday, May 3.

The Mayors of several cities in Maine have issued proclamations directing the rigid enforcement of the Liquor Law. The Mayor of Lawrence, Mass., has made proclamation to the same effect.

Arrival of the Southern Mail.

BALTIMORE, Thursday, May 3.

By the arrival of the Southern mail as late as due, we have received New-Orleans papers of Friday.

The ship *Frank Pierce* had cleared from Charleston for Liverpool with a cargo of cotton valued at two hundred and eight thousand dollars.

Acquittal of Powell, the Post-Office Clerk.

BALTIMORE, Thursday, May 3.

POWELL, who was charged with stealing money [illegible] passing through his hands in the Post-Office, was acquitted to-day, the Jury rendering a verdict of not guilty without leaving the box.

Destruction of Steam Saw Mills by Fire.

COLUMBIA, (Pa.,) Thursday, May 3.

The Steam Saw Mills belonging to Messrs. SMALL AND SONS, in Wrightsville, were destroyed by fire this evening.

A Postmaster for New-Orleans.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, May 3.

ARTHUR S. NEVILT has been appointed Postmaster at New-Orleans, vice R. W. ADAMS, declined.

Western Navigation.

BUFFALO, Thursday, May 3.

The ice has been driven up the lake considerably. The steamer *Globe* went out this morning, and three sail vessels. It is believed they will all get through without difficulty.

SCHENECTADY, Thursday, May 3.

The boat *Mary*, first of the season from New-York, passed through here to-day, with a load of merchandise for the West.

DETROIT, Thursday, May 3.

Bark *Badger State*, from Milwaukee, passed down the river yesterday. She is the first sail vessel that has passed through the straits this season.

BUFFALO, Thursday, May 3.

Propeller *Mary Stuart*, the first boat of the season, has just arrived from Detroit. She was three days in the ice.

MILWAUKEE, Thursday, May 3.

The propeller *Forest City* arrived here last night, being the first boat from the Lower Lakes.

Arrival of the Knoxville at Savannah.

SAVANNAH, Thursday, May 1.

The steamer *Knoxville* has arrived here, after a passage of 58 hours from New-York, with all on board well.

A CARD FROM ARCHBISHOP HUGHES.

TO THE PUBLIC.

The citizens of New-York, and of the United States, must have seen, and the decent portion of them must have regretted, the progress of what seemed to be a controversy between the undersigned and Mr. ERASTUS BROOKS, Senator of the State of New-York. The point involved is a point of veracity, in which Senator BROOKS is responsibly charged with falsehood, and although the case would warrant it, the charge has not been extended to a more degrading term. The undersigned, although not born in this country, is far from being insensible or indifferent to the necessity of maintaining an honorable character for those who represent its high functions *in the Legislature, the Judiciary or the Executive*. And it is no pleasure to him, but directly the reverse, that Senator BROOKS has placed it in his power and made it of obligation for him to prove, as he is quite prepared *to do*, that *he*, the said Senator BROOKS, is a man of falsehood.

All this shall appear in less than ten days from the date of this card.

In the meantime, the undersigned feels [illegible] at the necessity of saying or writing anything which should bring infamy or disgrace upon his country, even though the falsehoods of a person like Senator BROOKS should be the immediate occasion of it.

The physical and material powers of the United States are becoming more and more recognized from day to day by the civilized nations of the world. Unfortunately the moral attributes of our progressive greatness are, in the estimation of the same nations, sinking from day to-day. And what with the unfavorable portion that is perhaps true in this unsettled account, and the prejudices of foreign nations who are unprepared to believe any favorable report in our regard, the probability is, that whether we like it or not, our course in the esteem of the civilized world, has at this moment a rather downward tendency.

The undersigned is but a cipher, yet he feels an interest in the reputation and honor, and prosperity and progress of the United States, which makes it a very painful duty for him to charge any one who has officiated as a Senator of the country at large or of a particular State, with falsehood.

But under present circumstances there is no alternative. He charges Senator BROOKS with multiplied and deliberate falsehoods, and he only solicits from the right-mindedness and patience of the American public a suspension of judgment for ten days.

In the mean time, it would be unbecoming and perfectly disgusting in the eyes of foreign journalists and his own countrymen at home, as well as humiliating and painful to his own feelings, to see and read in the American journals, that a Roman Catholic Archbishop, who claims to be an American, and who, if he is not an American, has no right or claim on any other country in the world, should appear as the accuser of an American Senator, whose place of nativity is unquestioned, charging upon the same Senator falsehoods deliberately and repeatedly uttered. This is the issue to which Mr. ERASTUS BROOKS has urged and brought me. I meet it. And while I shield as much as possible the dignity of character which is implied by the word *Senator*, I hope that the justice of American public opinion will give me full liberty to repel and expose the falsehoods of the *man* called ERASTUS BROOKS. I appeal with entire confidence to the patience, as well as justice, of that American public opinion, which has never disappointed me in matters of truth and justice, for a suspense of ten days or two weeks.

† JOHN, Archbishop of New-York.

NEW-YORK, May 3, 1855.

William's College.

WILLIAM'S COLLEGE, Wednesday, May 2, 1855.

To the Editor of the New-York Daily Times:

The Exhibition of the Junior Class was held last evening in the Congregational Church. It was well sustained on the part of the speakers. An excellent band was in attendance from Troy, and the audience was large and attentive.

The exhibitors were: Messrs. E. C. Smith, E. Cutler, J. T. Stoneman, J. E. Fay, A. Potter, R. J. Mitchell, Charles Whittier, J. E. D. Lamberton, John Tatlock, H. E. Knox, J. F. Noble, C. S. Halsey, A. F. Rockwell, and J. K. Hazen.

The Latin Oration, entitled "Vis ac Virtus Romana," by Mr. E. C. SMITH, was much superior to the average of such productions. It was a spirited and elegant composition, and was well delivered.

Messrs. KNOX, MITCHELL and HALSEY evinced good taste and decided ability in their performances, which qualities were manifested in a greater or less degree by all the exhibitors. The Exhibition, as a whole, was highly creditable to the Class and to the College.

Old William's is at present in a most flourishing condition. The ancient West College building, which is associated with recollections of the earliest graduates of the Institution, is being remodeled and modernized, in order to accommodate the yearly increasing influx of students.

The two Literary Societies are remarkably well sustained, and have well selected libraries, which contain between eight and nine thousand volumes. O. K.

Know-Nothing Victory.

ASTORIA, L. I., Thursday, May 3, 1855.

To the Editor of the New-York Daily Times:

DEAR SIR: SAM put the *B'hoys* through here on Tuesday last. We elected the full Board of village Trustees by an overwhelming majority. The following are the successful candidates: STEVEN HALSEY, RAY TRAFFORD, PETER QUINLAN, CHARLES STRANG, GEO. MARC. Very respectfully, A. C. R.

Naval.

The United States sloop-of-war *Levant*, Commander TURNER, from Gibraltar, 30th March, via Hampton Roads, arrived at this port last evening. The following is her list of officers:

Commander—Charles C. Turner. Lieutenants—R. F. Pinkney, J. H. Strong, J. P. Decatur. Master—W. G. Temple. Surgeon—L. W. Minor. Purser—J. F. Steele. Passed Midshipmen—H. N. Crabb, A. W. Johnson, W. L. McGunnagle. Gunner—J. Webber. Carpenter—J. W. Stimson.

A geological survey of Canada, now in progress, is said to show that the Provinces are richer in most minerals, except coal, than even the United States.

There is still good sleighing in some parts of New-Hampshire. In the vicinity of Meredith Bridge there are drifts six or eight feet deep.

THREE DAYS LATER FROM HAVANA.

ARRIVAL OF THE BLACK WARRIOR.

MARKETS, ETC.

The U. S. Mail steamer *Black Warrior*, J. D. BULLOCK, Commander, arrived yesterday morning. She brings 132 passengers, and a heavy freight. She left Havana on the 29th.

The U. S. steamer *San Jacinto* was in port. The U. S. steamer *Princeton* sailed for Key West on the morning of the 28th. The officers and crews of the ships were well.

There was nothing new at Havana. No new arrests had been made, and the Island was returning to its usual quiet.

On the 30th ult., lat. 30°, lon. 79° 30', exchanged signals with an American brig, showing red burgee with white letters. On the same day, lat. 27°, lon. 79° 55', exchanged signals with an American clipper-ship, steering North, showing white colors with red letters. Off Cape Hatteras, passed the brig *John M. Clayton*, of Boston, bound South.

The Princeton and her Crew—Dinner by the Captain General to Commodore McCauley—Police Investigations.

Correspondence of the New-York Daily Times.

HAVANA, Saturday, April 28, 1855.

The United States steam frigate *Princeton*, EAGLE, Commander, left this morning to cruise off the North coast of Cuba, to call at Key West, &c. There has been some slight fever ailments fore and aft, but the cases have presented no malignant types, and all leave the port convalescent.

Commodore MCCAULEY, Capts. EAGLE and STRIBLING, and Mr. MCCUNE, of Philadelphia, dined at the Palace on the 6th inst., and, as usual, it was a good thing. Gen. CONCHA is the courtesy of the host is unequaled. The Condi ALCOY is remembered for his lofty gentlemanly table qualities, but he was apt to season everything he touched too piquantly with diplomacy. CONCHA covers his diplomatic purpose with such perfect cordiality, that you do not perceive it with every course that is laid invitingly before you. The party was presided over by Lady CONCHA with her usually exquisite and winning manners. She was much admired by her Yankee guests. Several of the chief officers of the Executive Departments of the Government were present, and Don JOSE MARIA MORALES, head of the Banking House of DRAKE & Co. Whether this can be considered an anti-war clincher I know not, but I presume the courtesy extended could not be avoided with good breeding, by our naval officers, and that they will fight just as well, if required, as if the Concha wine and soup had been untasted.

The Police still continue threading our social avenues with their sub investigations, in secret, but have twined their coming without much fruit for the twisting machine at the "Punta."

Health of Havana good. Business has improved. I send you a circular which embraces the business of two weeks, &c.

Havana Markets.

HAVANA, Friday, April 27, 1855.

Our last report was dated 13th inst., since which a large amount of business has been done.

SUGARS—Have been in active request for all classes, principally for Cucuruchos, low Browns and fine Yellows, and although the improvement in prices is not general, we quote an advance of ¼ rl. arr. for common descriptions.

MUSCOVADOES—Here as well as at outports have been in animated demand at advanced rates, owing to favorable advices received by the last steamers from the United States, and large purchases have been made at prices ranging from 4½c. to 5¼c. for common to prime. The stock in the City and the Regla Warehouses is estimated to be now about 310,000 boxes against 340,000 in 1854, 130,000 in 1853, and 125,000 in 1852, same period.

Our quotations are as follows: [illegible]

Sterling ⅌ cwt. free on board, at 2 ⅌ ct. Prem. Exchange.

MOLASSES—Soon after the issue of our last report, several cargoes of clayed, deliverable at outports, changed hands at 2½ rls. for immediate delivery; since then we hear of sales at Cardenas at 2½@2¾ rls. ⅌ keg, which are the ruling rates to-day. Muscovado continues to be neglected, and we have no sales of moment to report.

HONEY—Is selling in small lots at 2@3 rls. ⅌ gallon. Exported since 1st January, 415 tierces to Hamburg and Bremen, 274 Great Britain, 261 Holland, 211 Belgium, and 151 other parts—in all, 1,312 tierces.

RUM—Has been in brisk demand at a slight advance. We quote $36@$40 ⅌ pipe. Exported since 1st January, 5,043 pipes to Spain, 1,421 Great Britain, 730 France, and 203 other parts—in all 7,396 pipes.

CIGARS—Are in demand at former prices. Exported since our last report, 3,840 Mills to the United States, 3,991 France, 2,138 Great Britain, 1,145 Spain, and 404 other parts—in all 10,428 Mills.

TOBACCO—Has been quiet, and we have not heard of any sales of importance, for want of stock of prime qualities. Exported since our last report, 170,682 lbs. to Spain, 112,394 United States, and 700 to Amsterdam—in all 283,646 lbs.

EXCHANGES—Have gradually improved, and large amounts have been bought, principally on London, Paris, Marseilles, New-York, &c. We quote to-day London 9 to 9½ ⅌ cent. prem.; Paris 3½ to 4 ⅌ cent. dis.; New-York and Boston, and other cities in the North, 2 ⅌ cent. dis.; New-Orleans, short par.

IMPORTS—A moderate business has been done in Provisions. *Jerked Beef*—3,500 qtls. per *Paquete de Puerto Rico*, at 13½ rials arrobe; 4,100 qtls. *Miguel* at 14½; 5,000 qtls. *Palomina*, at 13¼; 2,500 qtls. *Esperanza*, at 13½; 6,000 qtls., *Pepe*, at 13¼; 4,500 qtls., *Albertina*, at 14¼; 4,000 qtls., *Barceló*, at 13½, leaving the cargoes of *Balbina* (3,400 qtls.) and *Antonia* (5,000 qtls.) afloat unsold, and a stock of 45,000 qtls. *Rice*—118 casks Carolina retailed from store at 14 rls. arrobe; 255 casks per *Gulnare*, at 14 rls., 80 bags at 13½ rls., 20 casks at 14½ rls., 54 casks at 14½ rls., and per *Howard* 134 casks at 15, 308 per *Confidence*, at 13½ rls., and 28 casks at 14 rls., and from store 14 casks, 20 halves, and 50 boxes, at 13½ rls., 80 casks at 13½, 46 casks at 14 rls., and 650 boxes, per *Valencia*, at 11½ rls.; stock on hand 2,178 casks, of which 770 casks are afloat. *Fish*—490 drums Boston Cod at $3 75, qtl.; 1,230 bxs. and 215 halves Norway at $7 12½, qtl.; 1,000 bxs. and 190 halves do. at $6 50; 729 drums, 50 casks and 64 half bxs. Cod, per *Triumph* from Halifax, at $5 75; 30 casks, per *Haddock*, at $5 75, and 30 casks Hake at $4; 25 casks American Cod at $4 50, and 50 do. Hake at $4. There are now unsold cargoes per *Kate Pendergast* from St. Johns, and per *Golden Age* and *Arctic* from Halifax. *Herrings*—1,750 boxes retailed at 2½ to 3 reals ⅌ box. *Lard*—Has been retailing from store at $15 ⅌ qtl. in barrels, and $16 in kegs; stock, 1,900 barrels and no kegs. *Beef*—56 barrels prime at $13. *Tocineta*—10 boxes New-Orleans at $13 50 ⅌ qtl. *Candles*—180 boxes Sperm retailed at $42 50 qtl., and 100 half boxes 6s. at $43; 61 boxes composition at $34, and 29 do. at $30 25. *Beans*—60 bbls. white at 13 rls. arr.; 20 at 13½ rls., 19 at 14 rls., and 100 at 10 rls. *Potatoes*—127 bbls. at $4 50, 150 at $4 75, and 700 boxes from Spain at $1 87½, qtl. *Cider*—110 boxes at $3 25, and 40 halves at $3 75. *Nails*—300 kegs cut at $6 75, qtl. *Oil*—20 casks refined Whale at 20 rls. arr.; 10 Solar at 20, and 71 casks machinery oil at 9 rls. *Wrapping Paper*—11,400 reams at 4 rls., and 3,400 at 3½ rls. *Flour*—1,600 bbls. Spanish at $14 75, and 1,100 at $15. *Salt*—400 bags Liverpool at $3 ⅌ 8 arrobes, and 1,200 at $3 25 do. *Tobacco*—14 boxes chewing at $16 50, qtl. *Hay*—207 bales from New-Orleans at $3 37½.

LUMBER AND COOPERAGE STOCK—*Pitch Pine*—Two cargoes from Mobile (64,060 and 92,000 feet) sold at $25 50. *White Pine Boards*—66,000 feet St. Johns at $29; 14,000 feet Portland at $25 50; 147,000 feet do. at $24; 150,000 feet Eastern or Bath at $25 50; 120,000 feet do. at $25 50 and 30,000 feet Plank at $20. *Hhd. Shooks*—1,143 Molasses (Portland City made) at $2 75; 200 do. at $3, and 570 (Providence) at $3; 1,330 Sugar (Portland City) at $2 75, and 743 at $3. *Hoops*—20,000 R. I. short at $45; 3,000 long at $50; 26,000 short and 1,400 long at $40; 41,000 short and 2,850 long at $40 and 26,000 Philadelphia short at $34. *Empty Hhds.*—150 second-hand Molasses at $4 and 1,250 in different lots at $3 12½. *Sugar Box Shooks*—Notwithstanding the unfavorable advices sent to the United States for so long a time past, importations do not cease, about 40,000 have arrived since our last issue, about 200,000 are stored in and out of doors; the following sales have come to our knowledge: 10,000 in different lots at 6 rls., 6,000 at 6½ rls., and 2,500 at 5 rls., generally on long credit, and 4,000 pieced sides at 3½ rls.

FREIGHTS—The following charters have been made since the 10th inst.: eleven for Falmouth and a market, ten of which ranging from 1,500 to 4,000 boxes at £3 to £3 7s. 6d., and one of 900 boxes at £3; one 3,600 boxes for London at £2; one 800 boxes, Marseilles and Genoa, at £3; one 2,800 boxes, Antwerp, at £3 5s.; one 3,900 boxes, Trieste, at £3 15s.; one 400 hhds. Molasses, Cork, £3 5s.; one 709 hhds. do. at £3 10s. To the United States, two New York, one of 3,400 boxes and one of 2,000 at $6 ⅌ hhd., and $1 50 ⅌ box; one Matanzas and do. 3,500 boxes $6 and $1 50; six Sagua and New York at $7, $1 25 to $1 50 and $8 ⅌ hhd. for deck loads; two do. at 45c. ⅌ 100 lbs.; one Remedios and do. at $7, $1 50 and $9; two Cardenas and do. at $6 50 and deck $9; one do. for Molasses at $3 25 ⅌ hhd.; one Cardenas, Boston or Portland at $3 25 do. and one Mariel and Portland, molasses at $3 25.

ADOT, SPALDING & CO.

☞ The Third Regiment Hussars parade to-day at 1 o'clock in Madison-square.

NEW-YORK CITY.

Rumor of a Terrible Railroad Accident—Its Occasion.

There was a good deal of excitement in the lower part of the City yesterday afternoon, owing to a rumor current that a most terrible Railroad accident had occurred somewhere in New-Jersey, by which at least thirty persons had been killed or seriously injured. The Passaic River was indicated as the locality, and something was said about a bridge that had been in a weak and dangerous state for some time past.

On inquiry at the New-York and Erie Railroad dépôt, in Jersey City, we were furnished with the particulars which led to this painful exaggeration.

A bridge had fallen, sometime on Thursday; but not a bridge carrying the railway, though it was a bridge crossing the Passaic, above the Falls.

It appears that a gentleman named HARRIS, residing in New-York, owns some lots on the further side of the River, and, to facilitate access to them, has attempted to construct a bridge upon a new principle. The structure was of wood, and of some two hundred feet span. About [illegible] persons were upon it, when a cart load of some twenty tons of stone was added, perhaps suddenly. Under the weight of both, the bridge gave way, and its occupants were precipitated into the river, but we are happy to learn from one who was on the spot, that the [illegible] were slightly hurt, and others were frightened, none were seriously injured.

The following telegraphic dispatch is a minuter account:

PATERSON, Thursday, May 3.

The new bridge recently erected over the Passaic River, above the Falls, fell this morning at the time the test of twenty tons was applied. There were about thirty persons on the structure at the time it gave way, the most of whom were precipitated into the water. Two persons were somewhat injured. This is the second suspension bridge that has been put over the river within a year at this point. It is feared that there are yet some persons among the wreck, as some are missing. Workmen are busily engaged in clearing away.

The Police Investigation—Alderman Briggs After the Mutes.

Yesterday, the Special Police Committee, of which Alderman BRIGGS is Chairman, procured from Mr. VALENTINE certified copies of all the resolutions adopted by the Board of Aldermen relating to this subject, together with the report made by the Chief of Police to the Board. Mr. REUBEN E. SHERIS, Assistant Clerk to the Board of Aldermen, then made an affidavit of the refusal of each of the witnesses to answer the questions of the Committee—stating the fact that the Committee required said witnesses to answer questions, &c. The affidavits of the persons serving the subpoenas were then added.

The Chairman, Alderman BRIGGS, then presented an application to the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas for their action in the premises, which, together with the above resolutions and affidavits, they laid before Judge WOODRUFF.

The Judge then immediately made an order requiring Mr. [illegible], TIMOTHY WEBSTER, and MICHAEL MCCABE, the contumacious witnesses, to show cause, on Tuesday next, why an attachment should not issue against them, pursuant to the statutes in such cases made and provided.

A Good Place to Break a Leg.

In the middle of the sidewalk opposite the sugar factory in Washington, between Leight and Hubert-streets, in a spot where the glimmer of the neighboring lamps renders only the darkness visible, there is a dangerous abrupt descent in the pavement, which would be almost certain to prostrate any pedestrian stranger walking along in the night. And, indeed, this actually occurred last Saturday evening, to a gentleman tolerably familiar with that part of Gotham—firm of foot and not the least under the influence of Bacchus. He was walking along—good, easy man—not dreaming of the trap in his path, when, in consequence of his foot having been caught by the abrupt rise in the pathway, he was prostrated on the granite pavement, by which he sustained a severe contusion of the knee joint, and narrowly escaped a fracture of the patella.

The Old Convict that Robbed the Doctor.

When Dr. PRICE was robbed the other day, it was in this wise: The doctor was dressing himself—had got his pantaloons on, when his wife announced two thieves in the next room; he went after them; in the street they ran different ways; one the doctor soon overhauled: the thief struck at him; the doctor clutched him by the throat and held him till the police came up; the thief's brother offered $15 to the doctor if he would keep still about it. The crowd was much interested in the sport—first, to see a bully thief clutched by the throat and held fast by a smaller man—second, in that the doctor had no shirt on.

A Colored Man Fell Dead.

Yesterday morning Coroner O'DONNELL held an inquest at No. 60 Hudson-street, on the body of a respectable colored man, named THOMAS HENRY BONGAN, who died very suddenly, and rather mysteriously. He was employed as steward of the packet-ship *Saint Dennis*, and while attending to a collation on board he was attacked with an affection of the heart—was immediately conveyed home, and when entering the premises, fell to the floor a corpse. The case was thoroughly investigated, and the Jury rendered a verdict accordingly. Deceased was aged 32; a native of Delaware.

Dangerous Ruins.

Over a year ago, all but the walls of the building known as *No. 180 Pearl-st.*, was destroyed by fire. Since then no attempt has been made to pull down and remove the crumbling walls. These are now so loose and so liable to fall of their own accord, that it is very hazardous to pass along on the sidewalk underneath. The proper authorities would be doing their duty, and at the same time obliging many citizens, by causing the abatement, if not the entire removal of this dangerous nuisance.

How to Insure a Poor House.

Make an effort to find out "who is the greatest lady's man in New-York," by awarding to the gentleman who shall bring to your place of public amusement the "largest number of ladies, a silver goblet worth $25." BANKS, of Perham's Opera House, tried the experiment last night, and succeeded in reducing the audience from its usual crowd down to a meagre company. There were but two competitors for the prize. One of them had three ladies in charge and the other thirteen. On inquiry, we ascertained the successful party not to have been a "dead head."

Relief Proffered.

The City Alliance, (No. 461 Broadway,) through its Secretary, Rev. C. J. WARREN, proffers relief to the young man who complained to the Mayor that his father sold all his earnings for rum. It offers—if he will call—to see enforced the penalties of the existing law upon the man who sold the rum to his father—believing there is a law yet for such offenders, and penalties still hanging for the traffickers in strong drink.

No Quorums.

A Committee of the Councilmen met on Wednesday by appointment; but there was no quorum. The Board of Education was to have met at 5 o'clock of the same day, but there was no quorum. So those who were punctual lost their time, and the public business was hindered. Men who cannot attend to their public duties, unless they are excused by sickness or other unavoidable circumstances, are not fit to be made public officers.

Politics at Tammany.

Politics at the Old Wigwam are rather dull just now. The leaders and prominent wire-pullers of the party advise waiting for intelligence from Washington, to see how the political current inclines. The Democratic Republican General Committee met last evening but did nothing further than adopt the minutes of the previous meeting.

Enlisting Soldiers for the Crimea.

Four men named THEODORE RENY, OSCAR CROMETT, JULIUS PARKERS and WILHELM SCHUMACHER, were arrested by the United States Marshal yesterday, charged with enlisting troops for the English service in the Crimea, in violation of the neutrality laws. They were committed for examination.

Worth Remembering.

Visitors to the City during anniversary week are invited to the free use of the Library and Reading Room of the New-York Young Men's Christian Association, Clinton Hall, Astor-place.

CITY DISPENSARIES.

Demilt Dispensary Report for April 1855.

Whole number of patients under treatment, 1,844. New patients, 1,766; attended at their residences, 222; attended at the Dispensary, (classified as follows:) 1,467; Diseases of the Nose, Lungs and Throat, 230; of the Head and Abdomen, Fevers, &c., 395; of the Eye and Ear, 38; of the skin, 91; of women, 16; of children, 180; Surgical department, 169; Minor Surgery, 205; Vaccination, 307. Total Males, 782; Females, 1,062. Born in the United States, 717; in Ireland, 930; in other countries, 67; sent to the Hospital, 6; Died, 22; remaining under treatment, 64; Prescriptions dispensed during the month 3,344.

E. LEE JONES, M. D., Resident Physician.

Eastern Dispensary.

The following is the report of this Institution for the month of April: Patients attended at the office, 1,979; Males, 392; Females, 1,017. Patients attended at their dwellings, 220; Males, 103; Females, 116. Number of persons Vaccinated, 404; Males, 203; Females, 201. Total, 2,383.

There were cured or relieved, 1,784; sent to Hospital, 36; remaining under treatment, 150; and died, 12.

Of the whole number there were born in the State of New-York, 1,008; in the United States, 42; and in foreign countries, 1,270.

Medical advice and medicine were as usual furnished gratis, the number of prescriptions put up for the month being 2,863. The largest number in one day was 185, the smallest number 73. Average per diem 139.

Northern Dispensary Report.

Whole number of patients, 1,176. Attended at their homes, 397; attended at Dispensary, 797. Males, 351; Females, 725. Nativity—Ireland, 361; United States, 595; England, 29; Scotland, 29; Germany, 5; other countries, 38. Results—Cured or relieved, 1,075; Died, 5; Hospital, 4; Vaccinated, 65; under treatment, 26. Whole number of prescriptions, 3,250. Greatest number in any day, 117. Least number in any day, 31. Average per day, 91.

North Western Dispensary Report for April.

Number of new patients 908; treated at their homes 196; at Dispensary 712. Males 332. Females 569. Nativity—United States, 290; Ireland, 507; Germany, 60; other countries, 33. Results—Well, 834; Hospital 14; Died 5, under treatment 16. Number of Prescriptions, 2,610. Largest number in one day, 105; Smallest, 30. Average, 77.

Anniversary of the Society for the Relief of Destitute Children of Seamen.

The ninth anniversary of the Society for the Relief of the Destitute Children of Seamen, was celebrated yesterday at the Home of the Society, as it is designated, on Staten Island. A large number of the friends and patrons of the Institution were present, being under the charge of ladies, ladies, as might be expected, constituted by far the major part of those in attendance. Prior to the commencement of the exercises, which were announced for 3 o'clock, visitors availed themselves of an opportunity to pass through the various compartments of the building. The building, as is known, is comparatively new, having been built hardly two years. The neatness and order that prevailed and entire internal arrangements induced general and marked approbation.

The cupola of the edifice was, as it always is, the most attractive feature, commanding, as it does, a most extended and beautiful view of the adjacent country, with a fine glimpse of New-York in the dim distance. Meanwhile, in the chapel of the building, the children were arranged preliminary to the coming exercises. They were placed—being neatly dressed, and having mainly rosy cheeks and bright faces—[illegible] elevated seats on a stage at one end of the apartment, and as uniformly with such exhibitions, the boys on one side and the girls on the other side. There were 110 in all, their ages varying from two to twelve.

WM. G. BULL, Esq., of the Board of Advisers, presided at the exercises. The exercises were not very extended or diversified. Rev. ALFRED CHESTER opened with prayer. A short and appropriate hymn, composed for the occasion, was then sung by the children; after which they recited the first psalm in concert, both of which, considering the multiplicity of voices and diversity of ages, were well done.

A Salutatory Address followed, by JAMES LAW, a boy aged ten. The helpless condition of himself and his companions was referred to, and thanks expressed for the blessings they were the recipients of. A brief detail of the perils of a seaman's life, and the blessings of commerce and foreign exchange, concluded the address. The little fellow spoke with like promptness and energy, as though he thoroughly comprehended every word he uttered.

A series of school exercises was now gone through with, under the conduct of Mr. AXTELL, the head teacher. He began with an examination in geography, to which ready responses were given. A few questions in arithmetic ensued, but the familiarity with this branch of infantile education was by no means as manifest as in the preceding. The answers seemed mainly indebted to the brighter genius of one boy. The song "Try again," followed.

The Treasurer's Report was here read by the President, from which it appears that the expenditures of the past year have been $6,996 45, and the receipts $7,016 40, leaving a balance on hand of $20 04. The report further showed, however, that the Society were indebted to the Trustees of the Sailor's Snug Harbor $6,000 on mortgages and ground rent, and interest on the same amounting to $1,515.

This report, Mr. BELL added, was a worse report than any that had been given since he had occupied his present position. He urged as a way to get out of the pecuniary entanglement, that money in some way should be raised. One way, he suggested, was for those present who felt disposed to aid in the good work to contribute $25, and thus become life members of the Society. He hoped all would do something, remembering that he who performed a generous act to one of the least of these was especially acceptable in the sight of heaven.

Rev. Mr. IRVING read the annual report, from which we make an extract.

ANNUAL REPORT.

The general health of the children is now very good; there has been no illness of a serious kind among them, and not a single death. Our Superintendent, Matron and Teachers have performed their duties most efficiently. The Institution has never been better managed than it is at present, and the aspect of all things is very satisfactory. The children appear cheerful and happy, and have made unusual progress in the branches of useful study which will be of most benefit to them in future. The whole number of children at present in the Home is 126, of whom about 56 have been admitted this year. Twenty-eight have left us for various reasons; some have been removed by their parents, and others have obtained good situations. But a small number of the parents whose children are here are able to pay the required board. Many of them are mothers whose husbands have been lost at sea, and who are unable, perhaps from sickness or poverty, to support their little children. Others are fathers, who are most thankful to entrust their motherless and unprotected children to us instead of leaving them to the neglect of strangers. Some of these children have lost both their parents, others have been abandoned by them, and many are saved, by being here, from a life of vice, want and misery. Our pecuniary situation is much the same as it was during the past year, and so, also, is our need of assistance.

After the report, four boys recited a dialogue, which, from the spirit of its recital and tenor, excited much diversion.

A chubby, white-headed boy, in size just an ill match for Tom Thumb, pronounced a few lines of poetry, which, in the exceeding simplicity of its delivery, was very beautiful. A temperance song came next. Rev. Mr. PARKMAN followed with a brief address. He would take, he said, a text, though he would not preach a sermon. Appropriate to the present occasion, he thought the words—"Owe no man anything." He was not of that number who thought his duty done when his grocer, his baker, and his tailor were paid. Other obligations he felt were due—obligations to relieve the poor and destitute. The claims of the Society at whose anniversary they had convened were strongly urged, and donations solicited; there was not a better work. Those who knew anything of the miserable moral degradation of children cast orphans amid the corrupting whirlpools of New-York, and knew the end of their sad careers, could appreciate the beneficent character and encouraging results of the Society for the Relief of Destitute Children of Seamen. The happy children before us, thanks to the humane, were saved from the impending doom of early want and misery.

An exhibition followed the address, of the occasioned talent of a boy bearing the name of England's proud Admiral, HORATIO NELSON. In phrase not exactly child-like, he proclaimed Staten Island a great island—great in its position—great in its natural advantages—but greatest in having reared upon its beautiful grounds a sailor's snug harbor, and a large and commodious edifice for the reception and fostering care of the destitute children of seamen.

The "Schoolmaster" next ensued. In this all the children united, aided by their teacher. It comprised a song of mingled divisions, and intended to accord. The teacher—who, by the way, though with due re-[illegible]

[illegible] spect to a cast, in general, commendation and deed and manner, might appropriately on the [illegible] CHAPIN, [illegible] part, most materially to the enjoyment of the piece. [illegible]

Rev. Mr. CHESTER addressed them in a few words. He spoke approvingly of their public exhibition, and encouraged appreciation and improvement of their opportunities.

An old sailor [illegible] [illegible] to provide for the destitute children of seamen. [illegible] [illegible] with throwing a five dollar gold piece in the [illegible] [illegible] of the Society.

A contribution was here taken up and several subscriptions received.

The following list of Officers and Managers was elected for the ensuing year:

First Directress—Mrs. W. A. Tomlinson.
Second Directress—Mrs. Jacob Lorry.
Third Directress—Mrs. W. C. Gilman.
Treasurer—Mrs. W. D. Cuthbertson.
Recording Secretary—Mrs. Edward Benson.
Corresponding Secretary—Miss A. H. Griswold.
Managers—[illegible]

Board of Advisers—Messrs. W. H. Aspinwall, [illegible], N. H. Griswold, C. R. Tabor, Edward [illegible], W. D. Cuthbertson, W. G. Bull.

The exercises closed with singing the Doxology.

Dr. Baird on the Crimean War.

Last evening, in accordance with a special invitation, Dr. BAIRD gave an additional lecture to the [illegible] [illegible] as the Sympathy [illegible]. The theme for his subject the present European war and the events transpiring in the Crimea. He began with an extended and interesting review of the causes inducing the present war in the East. Russia (he said) for ages had looked wistfully upon the Turkish dominions. Her emperors, from CONSTANTINE I. down to the present incumbent of the throne, he characterized as ambitious of extending their domains. Constantinople, regarded as the key to the possession of Southern Europe, had been with them an object of special regard. [illegible] [illegible]

Meeting of the American Institute.

THURSDAY EVENING, May 3.

LIVINGSTON LIVINGSTON, Esq., (Vice President,) in the Chair.

Mr. MEIGS, Secretary, read the minutes of the last meeting.

[illegible]

The Finance Report was read and adopted. It was stated that the cost price of property held by the Association is $44,662 66.

The "Report of the Interchange Committee" stated that during the past Winter while the Secretary, (Mr. CHAMBERS,) was in Albany in relation to printing the annual transactions of the Institute, he made application to the Regents of the University for the documents relating to the Colonial History of New-York and the Legislative documents. The Colonial History will contain ten large quarto volumes; the only volumes yet published are volumes 3 and 4. Ten volumes of the Legislative documents for 1854 have been received.

The amendment of a section of a by-law as to the salaries of the Corresponding Secretary and Librarian, next engaged attention. Any increase or decrease is proposed to be made only at the April meeting. Adopted.

On the question of the adoption of a by-law that the gold medal of the American Institute shall hereafter be awarded only by the vote of a majority of a Board of Managers upon a report of the Premium Committee, an amendment was proposed by Mr. J. M. READ to the effect that it should be obligatory on every gentleman receiving a medal to deposit a model in the repository of the Institute.

The amendment of Mr. READ was agreed to be laid on the table. The original by-law proposed by Mr. JAQUES was adopted.

A proposed by-law, the object of which was the institution of courses of lectures, was objected to, as involving indefinite expense. A previous effort left the Institute $800 in debt. Professor AGASSIZ and Professor JOHNSTONE could only one-fourth fill the Tabernacle.

Mr. BUNTING had been a chairman of a lecture Committee fifteen years. Gratuitous lectures conferred no credit on scientific institutions. He would oppose the amendment.

The amendment was unanimously laid on the table.

Mr. MEIGS related that two gentlemen contended for a wager of $1,000 as to the respective merits of their saw-set. He asked if the Institute possessed any power to adjudicate. It appeared it might be referred to the Committee on Arts and Sciences, which was accordingly done.

Mr. HAYES, the inventor of a patent ventilator, asked for a Special Committee (which was carried) to inspect and report on a railroad contrivance, consisting of a heater placed in the bottom of the car, which will raise the Winter temperature to 70° Fahrenheit, and in Summer insure a draft of pure air. Professor RENWICK, Mr. FISHER and Mr. BANCUS were appointed.

More benches for the Farmers' Club were voted, and the Association then adjourned.

Geographical and Statistical Society.

The regular monthly meeting of this body was held last night in their rooms in the University. There was a large and brilliant audience, composed, in part, of ladies.

The principal paper was read by Mr. BUSHNELL LAWRENCE, on the early History of Geography, and the progress of geographical discovery among the ancients. The lecturer described, with much erudition and in graphic terms, the early discoveries of the Greeks, as described by HOMER, and the adventurous character of the Milesians and Phoenicians. He recapitulated the discoveries of NECO and CYRAXARES, as described by HERODOTUS, and paid a high tribute to the ability and genius of that great author, who may lay claim to the credit of being the father as well of Geography as of History. He described, in like manner, the discoveries in mathematical geography of ERATOSTHENES, and the descriptions in physical geography of STRABO, PLINY, TACITUS, and PTOLEMY. The exaggerated stories of the early writers and voyagers were dwelt on in detail. After referring to the hiatus of one thousand years in geographical enterprise, which preceded the discovery of America, the learned lecturer resumed his seat.

The thanks of the meeting were moved and passed unanimously to Mr. LAWRENCE. A Committee consisting of Messrs. GRINNELL, RUSSELL, BRADFORD, PIERREPONT, and POOR, was then appointed, in compliance with the suggestion of Dr. COX, the Chairman, to confer with the officers of the newly appointed expedition to go in search of Dr. KANE.

The meeting then adjourned.

☞ That magnificent set of chamber furniture of maple, ornamented with tops of Italian marble, and drawers, &c., of unique design, to which diplomas were awarded at the exhibition in England and this country, is now in the auction house of Messrs. FRANKLIN & NICHOLS, No. 79 Nassau-street. The set, consisting of eight pieces, cost originally $800.

☞ The *Ericsson*—late "hot-air boat," now a regular steamer—went down the bay yesterday on a trial trip. There was not so "great a speed" [illegible] when she made her hot-air trial trip.

☞ The working model of an invention for conveying trains of railroad cars over rivers without obstructing navigation, is on exhibition at the Merchants' Exchange in Wall-street.

☞ The American Bible Society held their regular monthly meeting yesterday at 4 P. M. They never permit reporters to be present.

DICK TINTO AT ROME.

What he Sees and What he Thinks.

[Special Correspondence of the N. Y. Daily Times.]

ROME, Thursday, March 15, 1855.

I was engaged in doing Rome. To do a place, in the technical language of tourists, to go through the accustomed routine of the sight-seeker, under the guidance of a Hand book or the dictation of a cicerone. The more expeditious you are the more you may be said to do; and when, by following the beaten track laid down in the new Manual, Rome is done in eight days, it is said to be done tomorrow. Just as a handkerchief, trying at the first, is done when it is brown. In this way I have seen Paris to be put through—another traveling man—in a week, and Florence in an hour and a half. At least, I knew a gentleman who arrived at the latter city at noon, and had seen the two galleries at 1½, and then inquired if there was anything further to be looked at, as he was anxious to get home by the Spring trade. Somewhat in this manner, but in a contemplative way, am I doing the Eternal City. One does so much, and necessarily in haste and jumble, when he has but a month to spare, that it is quite impossible to efface any sort of a dim impression such chase. To think of examining twenty-three *chef d'œuvres* in one day!

One has no time to reflect on what he sees, or property to store away and label one impression, before he is hunted and crowded by another. Out of such bloodhyringlegy I know not how to extract the material for my two expectant columns, because, properly told, one day's journal would fill the whole paper, and require a supplement besides. One has no time to make a parallel course of reading, and unobtrusively for himself, to profit somewhat by the experience and opinions of others, who, though they may have been, understood it more. One has no time to attend to the requirements of society, and must resolutely decline invitations, refuse visits, and shun all intercourse except with hackmen, door-openers, guides, vetturini, and that whole class that is on the alert for gratuities, considerably poor beggars and bugge mani. At night—unless you are a Centaur or an Ogre, the only sensation that has survived the day and outlived the rest, is that of exhaustion—you are neither impressed, nor delighted, nor astounded, nor charmed—you are simply shattered and sore. In your dreams, the Tomb sits astride the bridge of your nose. The Apollo is shaving himself with the sabre of one of the Swiss Guard, and the Vatican has jumped into the Tiber. The next day your vision is blurred, and your perception blunted; another day and you become inert, passive and indifferent. The handbook admires for you, and the cicerone's criticisms spare you the exertion of making any for yourself. You feel that you have lost your independence, but even that affords you a sort of listless joy. You have been living exclusively on plum-cake, a course of nutrition, hardly or not at all, against which any digestion will rebel. Happily a Sunday occurs from time to time, even in the sightseer's week, and then it is found advantageous to take nothing but bread and water. On Monday, one is apt to feel his courage and initiative revive. It is Monday, to-day.

The superstitious of Rome, properly dilated upon would form an attractive book. There is the Scala Santa, or Sacred Staircase, taken, as the legend goes, from Pilate's House in Jerusalem. Therefore the Saviour must have ascended and descended it many a time and oft. It has had a tender built for it here, and the marble steps are covered by open-worked wooden ones, which have several times been worn away and renewed. Penitents ascend this stairway upon their knees, only, at the same time meditating, as the instructions say, upon the passion of our Lord. Then come down again, by either of two parallel flights, and in the ordinary way, upon the flat of the foot. There are 28 steps, and for every one ascended, a late Pope granted seven years' indulgence, a grant which has been made permanent by his present Holiness. At the summit of the staircase is a portrait of the Saviour, at the age of 19, by St. Luke. It is needless to say that the authenticity of these relics is attested only by tradition, and that the Church can adduce no positive proof. One of our American sculptors resident here, has seen the counterpart of Pilate's house, at Jerusalem, and discovered the vacancy left by a missing staircase. On his return, he measured the Scala Santa, and found it would exactly fit. The Church would certainly be a great bungler, if it did not take heed to the possibilities of so obvious a confirmation.

There there is the Santissimo Bambino, or Most Sacred Baby. This is a figure in wood, about two feet long, representing the infant Saviour. It was carved by a friar on the Mount of Olives, and while the latter was sleeping in the intervals of his whittling, was painted by St. Luke, who was a very pottle artist. This sacred brat has the miraculous power of curing diseases, and sick people send for him as they might for Baron LOUIS or Doctor FRANCIS. He receives more money—in diamonds and votive offerings—than all the physicians in Rome. He is all stuck over with gems and precious stones, and is decidedly the most effulgent idol I have ever seen. He has a state coach in which he makes his professional visits. During the Republic, and while the Pope was at Gaeta, the triumvirate gave his Holiness' equipage to the Bambino, but the French took it away again. The sacred baby's festival occurs at the Epiphany. On this occasion the altar of his church—the Ara Coeli—is converted into a stage, and the nativity is played by pasteboard caricatures, as large as life. The moneys received by the Bambino go a great way towards supporting his church. An eminent American lawyer here says that any society in America which should on any other pretence than that of religion, and indeed, he thinks even upon religious pretences, levy a contribution upon the community in such a way as this, would be indicted for swindling by the Grand Jury.

There is the mortal remains of St. Peter—Tiny claim to repose in the Confessional of St. Peter's Church, and 112 lamps, which are forever burning, hang around his tomb from a circular balustrade of marble. The Church can adduce no evidence that will satisfy a skeptic, or even one will inquiring, and, as to the reality of this pretension, but of course the faithful ask for no assurance beyond the authority of the Popes. In the same Church, the famous bronze statue of the Apostle, the toe of which is so constantly kissed, has been pretty well proved to be none other than the heathen statue of JOVITER CAPITOLINUS.

The Church of St. John of Lateran possesses the table on which the *Last Supper* was eaten. The table, however, is formed of the vagrant sort. It also shows, (visitors always paying for the show,) the mouth of the Well of Samaria, a column split when the veil of the Temple was rent in twain, and a miraculous slab with a hole through it. This hole was made by the passage of a quantity of consecrated bread, which fell from the hand of a Bishop who doubted the Real Presence.

The Church of Santa Maria has a painting of the Madonna by St. Luke. The authenticity of this painting was doubted for centuries, until a Pope settled the question by declaring it genuine in a bull issued for the purpose.

Santa Croce exhibits one day in Easter week the "True Cross" on which the Saviour was crucified. By the word "True," you will understand that this is the real cross, as distinguished from the numerous counterfeits that are palmed off upon a credulous and indulgent public. Santa Croce has no connection with any other establishment.

The Basilica of St. Paul, just outside the walls, contains the bones of the apostle from whom it derives its name. [illegible]

St. Sebastian has a large pile of relics of doubtful authenticity. The most incredibly grotesque exhibition is that of a skull, or rather, which bears the impress of the Saviour's face. These relics were taken from the catacombs, and the impression was made at the moment when St. Peter said to him, *Dimittor iterum crucifigi*. This was after the resurrection of Christ, he having appeared to the saint as the latter was proceeding to Rome to be crucified with his head downward. The church is built over a portion of the Appian Way where this scene took place, and the pavement with the sacred stone, slightly raised from its level, forms part of its floor.

St. Francesca has a stone upon which St. Peter kneeled, and, in consequence, it bears two evident depressions, in which two knees would certainly fit very nicely.

In one Santa Maria is a spring, which has existed since the days of St. Paul, and was miraculously created by him, to enable him to baptize his disciples. In another Santa Maria is a warlike picture of the Madonna, which obtained for its votaries many victories over the Turks.

St. Paul of the Fountains is built upon the spot where the Apostle was beheaded. It contains the block of marble upon which the execution took place, and shows the three miraculous water-sources which bubbled forth where the martyr's head bounded three times from the earth.

The Church of San Pietro, in Vincoli, was built expressly to preserve the supposed chains with which the Apostle was bound at Jerusalem.

Santa Prassede owns, but on no account shows, the portrait of our Saviour, presented by St. Peter to a certain Pudius, the father of St. Prassede, and the first convert made by St. Paul at Rome.

Santa Pudenziana has the very altar at which St. Peter officiated, and a well in which Pudenziana collected the blood of 3,000 martyrs.

In the famous dungeons known as the Mamertine prisons, built by ANCUS MARTIUS and SERVIUS TULLIUS, where the accomplices of CATALINE were strangled, where JUGURTHA died of hunger, and where LEJIANUS and PERSEUS of Macedonia were long imprisoned, was also confined St. Peter, by order of NERO. The guardian shows you the pillar to which he was chained, and a never-failing spring which sprang forth when the saint had need of water to immerse the forty penitent jailors. The visitor tastes this water, and can hardly fail to pronounce it sweet and refreshing, in a scene so sickening as that presented by this profoundly subterranean cell. In a stone of the stairway is the impress of a human profile, distinctly traceable. This was made by St. Peter's side face, when a brutal turnkey jammed the martyr violently against the wall. St. Peter must have been much annoyed at finding that he left such indelible marks of his person behind him. And what sharpers and charlatans are the holy men that invent, propagate and perpetuate such shabby and degrading fictions.

San Pietro in Montoro is built upon the precise spot where the Apostle was crucified, in an inverted attitude. In a hole extending rather deeply into the ground hangs a lantern, and further down is buried the identical cross. It is never shown, as, according to the sacristan, it is in a poor state of preservation, and is sadly in want of repair. I have no doubt the original Mess of Pottage is somewhere to be seen in Rome, kept in a sacred cubby, and covered over by a Cathedral.

A place is shown which was once inhabited by St. Dominic, the founder of the Inquisition, who received letters from Heaven, written by the Holy Trinity. However, this is of a lower order of blasphemy than that indulged in at a little old house at Siena, which produces the love correspondence of the Saviour and St. Catherine. I hardly expect to be believed when I say that letters are actually shown which profess to have been written to her by our Lord. Those written by her to her husband, Jesus Christ, and to her mother-in-law, the Virgin Mary, may be seen by anybody. The exact spot is also pointed where the Saviour and St. Catherine stood when they were married, and where the wedding ring was put upon her finger. Of this the best modern writer in Italy, CHARLOTTE EATON, says: "That such a legend should ever have been credited in the darkest ages of extravagant fanaticism, I could scarcely have believed; but that it should be gravely repeated as authentic in the Nineteenth Century, nothing, I think, but the evidence of my senses could have convinced me."

Now, in regard to all these assumptions, impostures and impossibilities, it must not be supposed that they are the inventions and creations of cicerones, handbooks and fanatical sacristans. The Pope is guarantee for them all, and the Church is responsible for them, one and severally. Where no evidence exists, evidence is coined or in some way trumped up, or, better than all, a Papal bull declares no evidence to be necessary. The Vatican, armed with infallibility, pronounces without appeal upon the authenticity of any relic which may be judged valuable, either for the collection of fees, the promotion of church influence, or for the extension of idol worship. For instance, the "Sacred Baby," declared to be the work of St. Luke, and put forward as a miraculous healer of diseases,—for which services he makes the most extortionate charges,—is perfectly well known by the Church to be a gross imposition. This, as well as all the paintings and other works attributed to the Evangelist, has been quite conclusively proved to be due to one MESSER LUCA, a Greek artist of a much later period. Of course it was as easy for the Catholic Church to transmute Mr. LUCA into St. Luke, for its own purpose, as it was for BARNUM to manufacture Joyce Heth out of an octogenarian negress. The difference is that BARNUM has owned up, while the Church is still deriving profit from its numerous and well stocked museums. The Pope will one day deliver lectures on the Philosophy of Humbug, too. His disclosures will be much more degrading to the world, however, than those of BARNUM's were to America: for the former is an institution, while the latter is but a man.

A curious assumption of the Romanists—one forced upon the view throughout Italy—is that Christ bore his cross, unassisted, himself, and that he fell under it fourteen times. Not only is there nothing in the Bible to support this version, but three of the Evangelists, Matthew, Mark and John, if I remember right, distinctly state that Simon the Syrenean was made to bear the cross. I cannot say how many steepling, winding lanes around and in Rome, are now made to represent the *Via Crucis*—the Way of the Cross—with pictures of the fourteen stages or stations. The one most singularly located is that in the interior of the Colosseum, where fourteen poor frescoes, framed in wood, planted in the ground and set round at intervals, illustrate the Passion of our Lord.

The list of relics and of miraculous images might be extended to infinity. I have not spoken of the oldest Madonna in Rome, which on one occasion being irked at being shut up in her closet during Mass, broke open the door for itself. Nor of the canonized handkerchief, which bears the impress of the Saviour's face. Nor of the Bocca della Verita, a marble slab in the ground, with holes pierced for eyes, nose and mouth, into the latter instance of which whoever puts his hand and swears falsely will never be able to withdraw it. Nor of a thousand other impious, degrading dodges by which the Church stoops to conquer.

The American traveler should be cautioned against placing implicit confidence in MURRAY, the *Universal Handbook*. It was of course necessary, in order to obtain for this work circulation and impunity in the Italian States, to make it thoroughly Catholic, and to avoid the most distant suspicion of bad faith on the score of miracles and blessed old relics, MURRAY believes in everything, in the most pious and edifying manner. He does very well as a guide, but I advise the tourist in this country to take Miss EATON as commentator and expounder. Her incredulity forms the most delicious contrast with the credulous faith of MURRAY's editor and compiler. Mr. GUTAVEE BLAN[illegible]

DICK TINTO.

The Book Trade.

FOR several months past, there has been a dullness in the publishing business throughout the whole country. "Hard Times" materially interfere with the sale of new books. When the demand diminishes, the supply necessarily declines also. At present it would appear as if the cloud were breaking. Publishers are again on the alert, compositors, stereotypers, and binders are in better hope and fuller work. Several important and interesting publications have lately appeared, and a pretty full issue may be expected, judging from the announcements which we are now enabled to make.

HARPER BROTHERS will publish several works of interest in a few days. "Bancroft's Miscellanies," (in 8vo. to match the "History,") will include Essays, Studies in German Literature, Studies in History, and Occasional Addresses, which have been produced from 1834 to the present time. In the German Studies are several poetical translations of high merit. "Hue's Travels through the Chinese Empire," in two volumes, give an account of the only tour actually performed by an European in modern times, through a country which, like Turkey, is rather on the sick list. The adventures are as interesting as romantic, and the sketches of character and manners, and descriptions of scenery, are very clever. "Le Curé Manque, or Social and Religious Customs in France," by a French exile, in one volume, will come in very seasonably to supply the demand for information relative to France, which, of late, seems to increase with the supply. This is an original work. Mr. JAMES G. EDGAR, author of "The Boyhood of Great Men," and "The Footprints of Famous Men," has written "A History for Boys," which will appear immediately. The last new novel, "Constance Herbert," by Miss JEWSBURY, of Manchester, (England,) which is now the book of the season in London, will be included in Messrs. HARPER's next issue.

Messrs. G. P. PUTNAM & Co. (New-York) will speedily publish the first volume of WASHINGTON IRVING's "Life of Washington"—a work on which he has been more or less engaged during the last twenty years. The second volume may be expected in August, and the third in November. The library or 8vo. edition will be issued, we believe, only to subscribers. A few weeks later, a cheaper edition, in smaller size and type, will be ready for the public. The work will be illustrated with plans and portraits. Among the latter will be a three-quarter likeness of WASHINGTON, by WESTMULLER, a Danish artist, never before engraved. It represents the hero in a Court dress, and is a more pleasing portrait than that by SULLY. It was discovered in Switzerland not long ago by Mr. CHARLES AUGUSTUS DAVIS. There will also be an engraving after the portrait by TRUMBULL, and another from the statue at Richmond by HOUDON. The work will also be published in London, by JOHN MURRAY, who (albeit the present reading of the English law does not give him any copyright) believes that a library edition can command a remunerative sale across the water.

D. APPLETON & Co. (N. Y.,) have several important works in the press, including the following: "Leaves from a Family Journal," translated from the French of EMILE SOUVESTRE, author of "The Attic Philosopher." It contains the history of a most exemplary young couple, who, although endowed with numerous virtues, are still only mortal, and fall into many errors; but there is a father—a perfect sage—and an aunt, who must have learned wisdom from the lips of Penelope herself; and these two amiable individuals are always at hand to make wrong right, not with the touch of a magic wand, like the good genius in a pantomime, but with that much despised article, good advice. The author of "Tempest and Sunshine" has written a new volume, the scene of which is laid in New-England. It is entitled "The English Orphans," and gives a graphic description of the Poorhouse life of New-England, of which one of the orphans becomes an inmate, and from which she is removed by a benevolent woman, who adopts her as her own. In a few weeks, "The Winkles," written by the author of "Wild Western Scenes," will be published. A new "Dictionary of Classical Antiquities" is in preparation by the APPLETONS, being a translation, with additions and improvements, of the just completed German work of Dr. FRIEDRICH LEUBER, entitled "Real Lexicon of Classical Antiquity." The American Editor is J. L. LINCOLN, Professor in Brown University. Prof. GILLESPIE's work on Land Surveying, which has been two years in preparation, will shortly appear. A good work on this subject is much desired. A "Practical Cookery Book," written by a Salem lady, which is nearly ready, possesses the very important characteristic of giving receipts which can be cooked. Two new volumes of APPLETON's octavo edition of the "Complete Collection of the English Poets" are nearly ready, and are the poetical works of DRYDEN. This will make thirteen volumes which have been issued. We understand that the name of the author of the "Virginia Comedians," (a book in two volumes which excited so much attention when it appeared,) is JOHN ESTEN COOKE, of Richmond, Va.

J. S. REDFIELD (New-York) has in press, and will speedily publish, "Table Traits" and "Habits and Men," by Dr. DORAN, a popular English author, and Border Romances of the South, viz.: "Guy Rivers," a tale of Georgia; "Richard Hurdis," a tale of Alabama; one of the editors of the *London Athenæum*; SIMMS' "Border Beagles," a tale of Mississippi; "Charlemont," a tale of Kentucky; "Beauchampe, or the Kentucky Tragedy," and "Confession, or the Blind Heart." REDFIELD has also nearly ready a new and complete "History of Texas," from its first settlement to the Annexation, with maps and portraits. This work is by Colonel H. YOAKUM, a member of the Texas bar. A new and revised edition of the "Men of the Time," brought down to the present day, is in preparation. Lady MORGAN's celebrated Irish stories, "The O'Brians and the O'Fliherties," and "The Wild Irish Girl," with notes and a memoir by Dr. SHELTON MACKENZIE, are also in hand. The "Life of John Philpot Curran," the celebrated Irish patriot, orator, lawyer, and wit, by his son, will appear in the Fall, under the editorship of Dr. MACKENZIE, who will supply a good deal of anecdotal and other additions calculated to make this Biography a History of Ireland during the short Independence of that country, and the earlier years of its parchment union with England. It is in the lives of her great men that the History of Ireland may best be read. "The Poetry and Poets of Ireland," in one volume, large 8vo., is in preparation, and a new (being the first American) edition of the celebrated "Front Papers."

CHARLES SCRIBNER (New-York) has just published a volume of Miscellanies by N. P. WILLIS, entitled the "Rag Bag," and "Historical Sketches of the most eminent Orators and Statesmen of Ancient and Modern Times," by DAVID A. HARSHA, with a portrait of WEBSTER. This volume is biographical and critical, and gives specimens of the oratory it illustrates. Among Mr. SCRIBNER's forthcoming publications are "The Paris Sketch-Book," by Rev. F. W. SHELTON; "Homes for the People," with 100 engravings, by GERVASE WHEELER, Architect, author of "Rural Homes." The results of ten years' residence and observation in the empire of the Czar, entitled "The Englishwoman in Russia," with several engravings, will also form a truthful and instructive volume. Mrs. L. C. TUTHILL, a prolific and popular writer, has in the press a volume called "Joy and Care, a friendly Book for Young Mothers." Rev. JAMES M. MACDONALD's "My Father's House, or the Heaven of the Bible," and Dr. WYLIE's "Life of Rev. ALEXANDER McLEOD, D. D.," are also in the press.

J. C DERBY (N. Y.) will publish in the course of the present month a volume called the "The Star Papers," by Rev. HENRY WARD BEECHER. These consist of his "Letters from Europe and Experiences of Nature." Some of the volume has already appeared in the *Independent*, but has been carefully revised, considerably augmented, and further enriched by the addition of new and interesting matter. The "Letters" respectively describe the author's visits to the ruins of Kenilworth, Warwick Castle, Stratford-on-Avon, Oxford, the Louvre and the Luxembourg in Paris, and the National Gallery in London. It is a book in which fine appreciation of art, love of letters, and thorough enjoyment of Nature are charmingly blended. The same firm have nearly ready, "Bell Smith Abroad," being an educated young lady's impressions and experiences in Paris. It is written in a pleasant manner, and consists of anecdotes, romance, and sketches of society. It travels over the same ground as that trod by "Dick Tinto"—from the politics—and is illustrated by HEINY, WALDUTT, (American artists at Paris,) and OVERBECKE. The frontispiece will be a steel engraving, after HEALY's portrait of the beautiful English lady who was the star of the Tuileries last season.

BONOS & BROTHER, (N. Y.,) have in the press a volume by Jean RAMORAND, the well-known Swiss mountaineer, entitled "A Season of Chips;" Mr. W. W. Spencer's "Alta and other Poems," in which the delicate sprite who figures in "The Tempest" takes the lead after Shakspeare, and Prospero, and carried through love and other adventures,—and a novel of the present day, called "Blanche Dearwood," by a new American writer. We have seen the proof-sheets of this last, and can say that the scene is partly on the banks of the Hudson, and partly in New-York, so that rural scenery and City society are alternately represented. The plot is interesting, without being intricate, and the heroine a very charming person. One of the minor characters is a veteran of the Revolutionary era, a large-souled original.

H. LONG & BROTHER have announced a volume of fiction entitled "The Watchman," as a companion to (and evidently suggested by) the popular novel, "The Lamplighter." The author's name is kept secret as yet. This domestic and social romance professes to be founded on passages in the actual career of one of the City Watchmen of New-York. It is represented as exhibiting scenes in real life, not worked on the prevalent "high-pressure" system.

The Press of SHELDON, LAMPORT & BLAKEMAN, New-York, will issue, in a few days, a very attractive volume containing the Memoir and Discourses of that young and gifted divine, the late Rev. THOMAS SPENCER, of Liverpool, England. The work will be accompanied with a very superior likeness, the correctness of which is endorsed by Rev. THOMAS RAFFLES, D. D., his predecessor in the pastorate of the chapel, and the writer of his memoir. The wonderful gifts of the subject of this volume, and the well known public life of his [illegible] them, will make it a most popular work. The same firm announce "Twenty Sermons," in one volume, by Rev. J. B. JETER, D. D., with an introduction by Rev. A. M. POMEROY, D. D. The design is to illustrate, in a popular manner, the various dispositions for good or evil, exhibited by church members.

J. S. DICKERSON, (New-York,) announces a new poetical romance, by Mrs. E. C. KINNEY, entitled "Felicita," and extending to over two thousand lines.

Miscellaneous.

The Chicago *Journal* makes the following story public for the terror of evil doers:

"A man named BILLON, living at Galena, of considerable wealth and very respectably connected, has been in the habit, for years past, of maltreating his wife and family in the most brutal manner. On Sunday last, he made an attack upon the unoffending woman, in which he was interrupted by a neighbor, who procured a warrant for his arrest. He was thrown into jail, and on Monday morning was brought out and fined *twenty-five dollars*—a sum so inadequate to the offence that the citizens, to the number of about seventy-five, comprising the most respectable men in the place, determined to take the law into their own hands. On Monday night the party proceeded to BILLON's residence, and, though they found it guarded by BILLON himself, armed with a two-barreled gun; and a constable, carrying a revolver, took him prisoner, marched him outside the corporation, tied and stripped him, and with a good cowhide applied to his bare back, settled the score that has been running up for years. Then applying a thick coat of tar and feathers to his person, they led him back to his own house, and left him with an admonition to sin no more. The whole affair was conducted very quietly, and with no more violence than the case demanded. Though we deprecate mob-law and lynchings everywhere, if they can be excused or justified in any case, it is in such as this, where a man

'Lays his hand upon a woman
Save in the way of kindness.'"

A gentleman named WILLOUGHBY, overseer for Dr. WM. GOODWIN, of Louisa, was engaged to be married to a young lady, and had procured a license for the consummation of the same, when her friends raised objections to the match, and the wedding was postponed. On Sunday last, Mr. WILLOUGHBY paid the lady a visit, when he was formally discarded. Such treatment made life a burthen to him, and when he saw Dr. GOODWIN, he asked how much poison it would take to kill a man. Dr. G. answered him and thought no more of it. On Tuesday morning, before daylight, Dr. GOODWIN heard the explosion of a pistol in WILLOUGHBY's room, and hastening to ascertain the cause, found that W. had shot himself and was quite dead. In his room were discovered two letters, one to Dr. G., and the other to his sister, in which the poor fellow stated that he had tried laudanum, which proved unavailing, and now he had resorted to the pistol as a certain remedy for all his ills.

The Sixth Judicial District Court for the parish of West Baton Rouge, commenced its session a few days since, Judge ROMAYSON presiding. The Judge, we are informed, called the Jury, and charged them in reference to the statute laws—that he did not understand them—that the Grand Jury could not understand them—that there was no business before the Jury, as nobody in the parish had violated those incomprehensible laws, and expressed his gratification, at the high state of morality prevailing in the parish; but for *form* sake, the Grand Jury could report as to what extent the late frost had cut the corn down. Accordingly, the Jury retired as far as the head of the stairs leading to their room, and immediately returned with the report that they had found a true bill against "Jack Frost," for *killing*. That's right. We are glad to see the rights of Jurors and the obligations of the law regarded, though it be done only for *form sake*.

In the May number of the *Medical Examiner*, we find Dr WILSON JEWELL's usual review of the health statistics of Philadelphia, being the first quarter of the present year. From it we learn that the number of deaths during the quarter was 5,026, and average of 57½ deaths per day, and a fraction less than the aggregate for the same period of last year. Of this total, 3,076 deaths are ascribed to specified diseases, and 450 to still-births, old age, debility, external causes and unknown: Of the males the deaths were 1,216, and of females, 1,860, showing an excess of 6.35 per cent. of males. Of deaths from external causes there was an excess of 37.25 per centum of males, in consequence of their being more exposed than the other sex. Of deaths from the disease of the nervous system, the males also show an excess of 14.38 per cent. No less than 1,030 of the deaths were of children under five years old.

The editor of the Boston *Bee* has the name and residence of a boy who declares that he saw the commencement of the recent destructive fire on the wharves in that city. He says that an Irishman was lighting a pipe upon Buttery wharf, and carelessly threw his match against a bale of cotton, which instantly ignited. He endeavored to extinguish the flames, and to roll the cotton overboard; but before he could do this the flames had spread to other bales and the whole building was on fire. "Behold how great a fire a little spark kindleth."

The Public Schools of Boston are attended by about 20,000 pupils, at an annual expense of $203,325 55. The private schools report 1,549 pupils, whose instruction is estimated to cost $97,009. The total population of Boston is 136,881, of which 24,304 are between the ages of five and fifteen, and the average daily attendance is nearly 19,000. The whole number of Public Schools is 216, for which their are 403 teachers. The male teachers receive on an average $1,304 per annum, the female teachers $294.

On the 14th ult., the Artesian well in Selma, Ala., which had reached a depth of 440 feet, and was delivering nearly 500 gallons of water per minute, suddenly sank some 15 or 20 feet below the surface, for an extent of about 300 yards in length, and of a varying width. The most extraordinary consequence of this phenomenon is that all the wells in the vicinity have become dry.

Mr. ROEBLING, engineer and architect of the Railroad Suspension Bridge below Niagara Falls, made an attempt last Thursday to measure the depth of the river by throwing a sounding line from the bridge. He prepared an iron plummet, weighing forty-two pounds, and attached it to a strong wire, 450 feet long, and let it drop; but the weight was almost instantly separated from its fastenings by the force of the current.

There is a child living within a few miles of Louisville, Ky., that has a father and mother, grandfather and grandmother, great-grandfather and great-grandmother, great-great-grandfather and great-great-grandmother, all living, and in good health. So says the Louisville *Courier*.

The Burlington (Iowa) *Gazette* of the 24th inst. states that the cholera is again making its appearance among the emigrants on the Mississippi River steamers. No resident of Burlington has yet been attacked, but the *Gazette* urgently suggests the adoption of precautionary measures.

The Judge of Niagara County, N. Y., refused to perfect the naturalization papers of fifteen applicants, because their declarations were made before the Clerk instead of the open Court.

The Cincinnati *Times* states that Judge FLINN takes the law abolishing his Court easily, as the law did not abolish his salary. That still runs on for three years at the rate of $1,500 per annum.

A true gentleman, whose name is unknown, called at the New-Bedford Post-Office lately and paid the required postage upon all letters delayed at that office for want of pre-payment.

Mrs. SARAH GREGOR, late of Norwalk, Conn., has bequeathed $15,000 to Trinity College, Hartford, and $5,000 to the Protestant Episcopal Church in Norwalk.

The manufacturing establishments of Manchester, N. H., have commenced working under the eleven hours system. By it the number of hours of labor is diminished, without any diminution of pay.

A dovetailing machine has been invented and is in use in Boston, which, it is said, enables a single workman to dovetail with ease from eight hundred to one thousand barrel drawers a day.

They have fancy names for newspapers out in Keokuk. The three papers published there are called respectively: the *Gem* (lady), the *Morning Glory*, and the Keokuk *Nip-and-Tuck*. Imaginative people.

Fifty bushels green peas were picked in Charleston, S. C., on Monday, the 23d ult.

In some sections of Vermont the snow is said to be five feet deep.

Insanity and Idiocy in Massachusetts.

The Commission of Lunacy in the State of Massachusetts, consisting of Hon. LEVI LINCOLN, Hon. [illegible] and Dr. JARVIS, have made their report, a few extracts from which we published in the *Transcript*. The Commission sought the aid of all the physicians in the State in obtaining information relative to the condition of the insane within our borders. They corresponded with thirteen hundred and nineteen doctors, twenty clergymen, seventy-five Overseers of the Poor, and about fifty other persons in official stations, in sixteen towns in the Commonwealth there are no physicians, and letters were therefore sent to the clergymen. Only two regular physicians refused to make any report. The facts in respect to the number and condition of the insane and idiots in Massachusetts, given in this report, derive an unquestionable authority from the number, character and position of the witnesses who have testified concerning it.

The Commissioners have ascertained that there were in the Autumn of 1854, in the State of Massachusetts, 9,628 lunatics, and 1,687 idiots, making a total of 9,710 of these persons who need the care and protection of their friends, or of the public for their support, restoration or custody. Of the lunatics 1,329 were paupers; 1,110 were supported by their own money or that of their friends; 2,007 were native, 308 were foreigners; 485 were curable, 2,016 incurable, and 179 not stated; 1,924 were at their homes or in poor-houses; 1,141 were in hospitals, and 207 were in receptacles for the insane, in houses of correction, jails, and State alms-houses. Of the idiots 676 are supported by friends, and 417 by the public treasury; 1,043 are native, 44 are foreigners.

The term "idiocy," in the report, is only applied to those who were originally destitute of mind, or in whom the mental faculties have not been developed.

There were only 44 idiots found in the State who were born in foreign lands and brought to live in Massachusetts, and 1,687 these were of the independent class, and [illegible] were paupers, and 10 of these paupers were [illegible] of age, and probably were [illegible] were naturally na[illegible] of those paupers [illegible] by the [illegible] poorhouses abroad [illegible] here; and there is no [illegible] these were sent here for this purpose.

In conclusion, the Commission [illegible] that the State should build a third Lunatic [illegible] which, for the convenience of the people who are to use it, should be on one of the great thoroughfares in the Western part of the State, in a place the most accessible to the whole body of the population of the four Western Counties.

The Hiss Affair.

From the Boston Journal of May 2.

The Committee resumed the hearing in this matter this forenoon at 10½ o'clock.

Mr. DEAN, Jr., counsel for Mr. Hiss, opened the argument of counsel in behalf of that gentleman. He began by reviewing the Roxbury affair, and the statements published in relation thereto in the *Daily Advertiser*. He contended that the Committee were not guilty of any improprieties on their visit to the Roxbury school, and declared that the outrageous attack upon that Committee, and upon Mr. Hiss, was made entirely for political purposes, and designed to injure, through that Committee, the Legislature, and through that body the dominant political party in the Commonwealth. That this was the case, was shown from the evidence elicited that a leading opposition politician, PELEG W. CHANDLER, Esq., was consulted in regard to the matter; and that gentleman had also made himself active in the matter by drawing up a statement for the Lady Superior and the teachers at the Roxbury school.

He then reviewed the proceedings in the Legislature, and before the Committees, in regard to Mr. Hiss, and commented in very severe terms upon the conduct of Mr. GRIFFIN of Charlestown towards him.

Everything had been done, he contended, both by individuals and the press, to render Mr. Hiss odious in the minds of the community; and they had succeeded by the most unfair and unmanly means. No man could have been treated more unjustly. Every little incident; the most innocent actions, were distorted into crimes. Even the right to resign was denied him, for the avowed and professed purpose of having the luxury of cursing him out. Parties wanted to turn him out in order to maintain their own reputation, and serve the purposes of a political party. Such were the despicable reasons which were avowed for the severity towards Mr. Hiss. But what is a reputation worth which is gained by crushing another man down!

It was contended that there was no right to resign, but he contended that there was; and on the other hand, that there was no right to expel a member. There has been a great concern of late expressed as to the time when the House shall be constituted, and it has settled down that the towns will not give up their rights to representation. Now, if you turn out the representatives of a town, the rights of that town are violated. But there is no expressed power in the Constitution for expelling members from the Legislature. To sustain this position, the gentleman quoted from the Constitution as showing that the Legislature could only judge of the election and qualifications of its members; and, further, that by the bill of rights Mr. Hiss could not be deprived of his rights, privileges and immunities, except by the judgment of a jury of his peers, in accordance with the laws of the land. Has not Mr. Hiss rights, privileges, immunities and emoluments, as a member of the Legislature?

The bill of rights declares that the Executive and Legislative departments of the Government shall not exercise judicial powers. And yet all this investigation—all the proceedings against Mr. Hiss—have been directed to the conviction of Mr. Hiss of the crime of adultery, which is a felony, and belongs entirely to the judicial branch of the Government. It is a matter which the Legislature have no right to try, and consequently the whole proceedings have been unconstitutional.

The learned gentleman next reviewed the facts in the case, commencing with the Roxbury affair and the affidavit of MARY ALLEYNE and others. The statements in that paper, he contended, were highly colored, and unsustained by the evidence of the signers or other witnessed. This affidavit and the alleged disorganizes in the evidence of the signers were commented upon at length, the speaker declaring that the object in selecting Mr. Hiss for the "crushing process" was because they did not dare to drag in others—it would be too hazardous an attempt, while that gentleman might easily be cried down.

The speaker contended that the statements were false when first sworn to, were communicated to bishops, and then to politicians, and altogether this whole matter was got up for political purposes. He contended that on such testimony Mr. Hiss should be entirely exonerated, and set free.

Taking up the Lowell matter, Mr. DEAN contended that while no evidence was presented which convicted Mr. Hiss of the least improper conduct, he is pursued with the same unfairness and persecution. One of the meanest deeds which a man—even a broken-down, rejected politician—could be guilty of, had been perpetrated in the alteration of a record, which he knew would be published, with the design of fixing upon Mr. Hiss an odious action which he never committed, by placing dots under Mrs. FAYNESWORTH's name on the books of the Washington House, Lowell. These dots were put there to furnish the connecting link which was desired to convict Mr. Hiss. The meanness of this action is heightened by the fact that at this time every one was abusing Mr. Hiss, who was placed in a position similar to that of the sick lion, whom all the jackasses came to kick.

This record, as altered by the addition of these dots, was published in the newspapers, and thus, as in all the newspaper articles in regard to Mr. Hiss, the press permeated him with attacks based on falsehood.

From the evidence adduced, it appears that Mr. Hiss had nothing to do with the woman at the Washington House, except to secure a room for her, as an act of kindness, and the same as any gentleman would do. The clerk of the house did not see him with the lady, and no one else saw him with her; and when he told the clerk to "include all" in the bill to the State, it was but a natural expression, because he would naturally have in his mind the members of the Committee and their expenses.

The testimony of Mrs. CARPENTER, the chambermaid at the Washington House, was next taken up, and reviewed at length, and the speaker contended that, from the alterations she made in her own testimony, and from the medical evidence put in, her testimony was deprived of all weight. There was no evidence connected with the Lowell affair upon which a Jury would take a dollar out of one man's pocket and put into another man's. Mr. Hiss' conduct has been entirely proper from beginning to end; and the conduct of the lady, too, with whom his name has been associated, was equally correct and unimpeachable.

In regard to Mr. Hiss' "good friend," it was contended that the law of self-preservation and regard for relatives and friends, in the present excited state of public opinion, and when any disclosures would be sent abroad by the press throughout the world, were sufficient to keep him from coming up to testify in Mr. Hiss' behalf. There is no evidence that a crime was committed by any one, certainly not by Mr. Hiss; and in view of this fact, the evidence of this individual sinks to nothingness.

Upon concluding his remarks, which were both ingenious and forcible, Mr. DEAN submitted to the Chairman of the Committee the following letter, addressed to the Speaker of the House. This action was taken in order that he might be cognizant of the matter:

BOSTON, Wednesday, May 2, 1855.

Hon. D. C. ROBY, Speaker of the House of Representatives—*Dear Sir*: The act of resigning my seat having been unjustly misconstrued by my opponents, I hereby, before the same is finally acted upon, withdraw it.

I desire that my resignation should not embarrass the action of the Committee or the House.

Most respectfully, your obd't servant,
JOSEPH HISS.

Mr. KIMBALL suggested that the letter should first be presented to the House, where it would probably be referred back to the Committee. The letter was accordingly sent to the House.

The Committee then, at 11 o'clock, adjourned until 2½ o'clock.

Funeral of Mr. Wight—Last Scene of the Tragedy.

From the Journal and Courier.

At 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon the funeral obsequies of young WIGHT took place at College-street Church. For more than an hour before the funeral procession were commenced, crowds of ladies and gentlemen were gathered in College-street, anxiously awaiting the arrival of the funeral procession. At 4 o'clock every seat in the Church was filled, and some were placed in the aisles, but still a large number were compelled to stand during the observance of the solemnities, and hundreds went away unable to gain admission to the Church. The Second Company of Governor's Foot Guards, and Engine Company No. 6, of which Mr. W. was a member, preceded the funeral, which was called at 4 o'clock, followed by the mourning friends of the family, where young WIGHT was formerly connected.

Rev. EDWARD STORRS commenced the funeral services by reading appropriate passages of the Scriptures, and after singing the chant given by the choir, Mr. STORRS proceeded to make an address, from the text—"

NEW-YORK CITY.

East River Industrial School—First Annual Meeting.

The first annual meeting of the East River Industrial School Association took place yesterday afternoon in the Lecture-Room of Rev. Dr. Parker's Church, Fourth-avenue, near Twenty-second-street. The friends of the Association, and several clergymen were present. Rev. Dr. [illegible], who officiated as Chairman, (after prayer by Rev. Mr. Parker,) made some brief and pertinent remarks explanatory of the objects of the Association and its usefulness. He dwelt on the necessity of such Societies to raise the poor and degraded children that abound in the City from a state of ignorance leading to vice to a sphere of usefulness and respectability. He illustrated the truth of his views by relating to citizens gathered in his walks among the poor of the City.

Rev. Dr. Parker heartily approved of the efforts and the means adopted by the Association for the improvement of the destitute little ones: their physical wants were first alleviated, as a necessity to their after improvement in morality and the laws of God. They were taught, too, industry, which was the stepping-stone to good morals as the supply of physical necessities was the stepping-stone of all things necessary to man's well being. The charity of the Association was real and effective, for it diminished the necessity of charity; it was a charity that enabled those assisted to do without charity.

Rev. Mr. [illegible], Editor of the Evangelist, said there was nothing so calculated to shake one's faith in God as the great distinction in society between the rich and poor. Poverty was not of itself a crime, and its degradation did not consist in that its victims might live in poor tenements, be clothed in rags, and fare miserably every day. It was to be dreaded because of the feelings it engendered—the feeling of isolation and the blunting of many of the finer sensibilities. Any movement, therefore, tending to end the differences in society, by the formation of a sympathetic link between the prosperous and the unfortunate, was sure to bear good fruit, and could not but meet with the hearty approbation of every true Christian.

The Report and the statement of the Treasurer annexed, were read by Mr. Hyde.

REPORT.

The Managers of the East River Industrial School, in submitting to the public a sketch of their labors during the last thirteen months, feel that an apology is almost necessary for presenting what may seem but a meagre statement of uninteresting facts and equally uninteresting statistics.

But as every effort for good must have a beginning, and as success in any undertaking is not to be estimated by actual results alone, but by a consideration of the difficulties overcome in accomplishing those results; and moreover, since it is but just toward those who have nobly aided us in the hour of need, that some acknowledgment should be made, the Committee have decided to present to the public a brief statement of the establishment, progress, embarrassments and success of the school under their charge.

Feeling a deep interest in that most neglected and miserable portion of our City, bordering upon the East River, and embraced in the Twenty-first Ward—a locality particularly destitute of every means of moral and [illegible] improvement—and convinced that the most efficient means of benefiting the poor is to elevate the condition of their children, a few ladies met together on the 20th of March, 1854, for the purpose of forming an Association, prior to the establishment of a School, in the locality mentioned.

This project was undertaken with the cooperation of the Children's Aid Society.

The requisite officers, consisting of a First, Second and Third Directress, a Secretary, and Treasurer were elected. A series of resolutions adopted; an annual subscription of $3 each required, and other needful preliminaries having been adjusted, that on the 1st of April following, a school, called the Twenty-first Ward Industrial School for Girls, was opened in Thirty-seventh-street, between Second and Third-avenues, in a room which was tendered to the Association free of rent, by Mr. [illegible], and the Trustees of the Methodist Church in that street. On that day, between thirty and forty of the wild, neglected children of the vicinity were gathered in.

It was found extremely difficult, at first, to control these untamed spirits, but through the unwearied efforts and judicious management of a teacher, [illegible] was the law of kindness, and whose earnest desire to promote the welfare of the children, could not fail to attach them to her—a very marked improvement was soon apparent in the pupils.

One very serious difficulty, however, in the way of the success of the School, was the very limited number of voluntary teachers engaged in it—there being usually not more than one or two ladies, besides the Superintendent, to instruct and keep in order eighty or one hundred children.

The School was, however, sustained, and instruction given in sewing, reading, writing, spelling and figures. Singing was also taught, by way of relaxation, and considering the disadvantages to be overcome, the improvement of the pupils far exceeded the hopes of the teachers.

Still, at the opening of Winter, our prospects were dark indeed. Of the few ladies who had been connected with the School, several had resigned. The funds in the treasury had become so reduced, as to make the continuance of the School, under existing circumstances, impossible; and this too, at a season when there was a greater amount of suffering among the poor, and consequently, greater need of the exercise, rather than the retrenchment, of charity than ever before. There was, however, no alternative, and on the 15th of December the poor children were sent back, with heavy hearts, to their cheerless, fireless, and too often foodless homes.

But the Association were unwilling wholly to cast off the little ones, in whom they had felt so deep an interest. They hoped, too, that at some future day, they would be enabled to carry out their designs, which, from the pressure of outward circumstances, were now frustrated. Accordingly, on Saturday morning school was opened for instruction in sewing, and in such mental and religious exercises as should be found conducive to the improvement of the children.

All the teachers were requested to be present at this meeting, and although there was, unavoidably, some confusion arising from the children being but one day in seven under the influence of school discipline, yet many good results were apparent even from the very small amount of instruction given.

During the Holyday season two festivals were prepared on the Saturdays preceding Christmas and New-Year's, at each of which an abundant supply of provisions was set before the children, and a variety of articles of clothing distributed among them. On one of these occasions the children were favored with an interesting address from Rev. Dr. Smith, of this City.

The Saturday School was kept up through January, February, and part of March, at which time, through the persevering efforts of Messrs. Brace and Hyde, of the Children's Aid Society, and of the members of our own Association, an amount of funds had been collected sufficient to enable the Committee to make arrangements for reopening the day school.

A teacher was accordingly engaged and a room secured in Fortieth-street, a few doors east of the Third-avenue.

On the 19th of March the school was opened and its name, the Twenty-first Ward Industrial School, changed to the East River Industrial School for Girls.

From 40 to 50 children were present the first few days. The number now upon the books is 140. Average attendance 100.

Since our removal to Fortieth-street, 13 teachers have been added to our number. We are still, however, greatly in want of others: there being five school days in the week, and eight classes to be instructed, we require at least 40 regular teachers, whereas the number upon the list is only 20.

It has been the object of the Association to seek out those children who did not come within the influence of the public schools, and who, but for the inducement held out to them, of receiving one meal daily from the school, (that meal consisting only of a generous piece of bread,) and occasionally some article of clothing, would not be permitted by their parents to give up their occupation of begging, cinder-picking, or whatever means they may employ for obtaining a scanty livelihood from the street. The majority of the children are of this description, truly miserable and repulsive in outward appearance, when received into the School.

It is cheering, however, to notice their improvement. Very soon the rough tones and manners, peculiar to their class, give way to gentler ones—their bearing towards their teachers becomes respectful, and in their intercourse with each other, a degree of mutual consideration and kindness is observable.

Nor is this influence confined to the scholars. The parents, finding that others are interested in them, and that the improvement in their children gives evidence of the kindly influences under which they are trained at school, seem themselves desirous to profit by example, and actually take pride in improving their homes, and maintaining an appearance of respectability.

Occasionally children come to us so neatly and comfortably dressed, and apparently belonging to a different class from those our school is designed to benefit. But upon visiting their homes the Committee have frequently found them in circumstances of equal destitution and want, with those whose outward appearance would indicate much greater poverty. Upon inquiring the cause of this difference, it is found that economy and good management on the part of the mother, and the happy art of making the most of a little, enables them to appear not only comfortable, but respectable.

In reviewing the year we cannot but feel that the good already accomplished by our efforts has abundantly repaid all the labor and self-denial it has cost—and this, too, in the very infancy of the school, and under disadvantages which we believe no kindred association has experienced.

And we now look to those who feel that pauperism and crime are becoming an insupportable burden to our City, to aid us in the most effectual means of eradicating these evils—the education and elevation of the children of the degraded and vicious.

The expense of sustaining a school of this kind successfully, for one year, may be estimated at not far from $1,500, although the East River School has reached the end of its thirteenth month with an expenditure of less than half that sum, [illegible] would have afforded facilities for accomplishing far greater results.

Contrasted with the [illegible] prospects [illegible] peculiarly cheering [illegible] hope that the same kind Providence who has thus far blessed our efforts, will crown the ensuing year with more abundant success.

East River Industrial School in account with Mrs. Henry W. Sayre, Treasurer.

Cr.—By donations received	$353 75
By subscriptions	43 00
By cash from Children's Aid Society	112 25
Whole amount	$509 [illegible]
Whole expenses	409 [illegible]
Balance	$100 [illegible]
Dr.—To cash paid Teacher	$243 25
To cash paid for bread	74 19
To cash paid for outfit of new building	28 58
To cash paid for printing	6 25
To cash paid for sundries	55 30
Total	$409 [illegible]

Meeting of Commissioners of Police.

Before Mr. Recorder Smith and Judge Stuart.

MAYOR'S OFFICE—Thursday.

The list of complaints was resumed to-day.

In Jacob Kleidner's case, charged with conduct unbecoming an officer, in reference to alleged interference and threats, whereby the goods of a boarder were removed, the said boarder being indebted, the defendant cross-examined the principal witness, but elicited little beyond what appeared on the papers.

Mr. Recorder Smith thought his conduct had been quite right, and that he might safely submit the case.

In one of Israel Bowers's cases charged, in this instance, with neglect of duty, he submits the case on the papers, and puts in a new affidavit.

Officer J. J. Terhune, charged with not using his influence to protect Mrs. Maria Ward from insult, admits the affidavit of the complainant in regard to her being locked up. Stated that last evening she wished him to lend her $50. He is willing to submit the case on the papers.

Thomas Cunningham's case was adjourned to Friday, 11th inst.

In the case of Gorman and Halfpenny, charged with unbecoming conduct in maltreating a man at the station-house, Centre Market, several witnesses were examined. The complainant was directed by Recorder Smith to hand in a list of witnesses to the transaction, and severely questioned the officers as to their treatment of wounded prisoners.

In the case of Israel Bowers and T. J. Clark, charged with being found in a saloon, in uniform, discussing politics, in violation of section 24 of rules and regulations, (this being, as Recorder Smith observed, the sixth complaint against Bowers, who tried the patience of the Court by his manner in cross-examining the witnesses,) Recorder Smith thought the principal witness, who is the detailed policeman at the Merchants' Exchange, had "acted very properly," and he disapproved of the expression "dogging the defendant about," used by Judge Stuart. The Judge had said it was "very possible for a man of jackall disposition to dog any person." He denied he had used the expression "dogging." The witness reminded him he certainly believed he had. The further hearing of this case occurs to-morrow. Adjourned for the production of other witnesses and for cross-examination.

Eight cases were disposed of to-day.

Mayor's Office.

UNHEALTHFUL WASTE OF FUEL.

The "sanctum" of his Honor is provided with a well-fed fire-place. But the apartment devoted to general business is about eleven or twelve yards square, and mostly contains about forty persons, often a greater number. Yesterday, when the thermometer in the shade, in open air in Broadway, stood at 60 Fahrenheit, there was at least a bushel of coal burning fiercely in the open fire grate of this office. Besides which, until within a few days, a large stove was in requisition. At this mild season this is a burning shame.

UNSAFE HOUSE.

There is said to be a three-story house in Forty-third-street, erected by the Crystal Palace Company, and used by them, which is now in a falling condition, and dangerous to persons passing that way.

A "CHRISTIAN HOME" FOR YOUNG WOMEN.

Officer Lefferts arrested and brought in, charge on the complaint of Rose McGuire, a woman named Lindeworth, who has been keeping an intelligence office, at No. 314 Sixth-avenue. The place was commonly known as the "Christian Home." This is the same lady of whom our readers will remember to have read some three months ago in connection with a card from Peter Cooper and others.

The affidavit charges that she demanded and received of the girl fifty cents, under promise of procuring for her a situation; neglected to do so, and moved away to Thirty-eighth-street, between Lexington and Fourth-avenues, subsequently refusing to refund the money.

The case will be adjudicated to-morrow morning. Upon a similar complaint, about three months ago, when the defendant was residing in the Sixth-avenue, a judgment for $50 was obtained.

The Chamber of Commerce.

The regular monthly meeting of the Chamber of Commerce was held yesterday afternoon, at the Merchants' Bank.

In the absence of the President, Mr. Barstow took the Chair.

The minutes of the last regular meeting, and also the special meeting convened relative to the death of Walter R. Jones, Esq., were read and approved.

Messrs. John D. Terry, Solon Humphreys, Henry A. Smythe, J. K. Myer, Edward M. Young, F. L. Miner, Jr., were, on ballot, unanimously elected members of the Chamber.

Mr. Isaac H. Reed was elected a member of the Committee on Arbitration, vice James G. King, retiring by rotation.

Mr. Barstow, from the Committee on the Usury laws, reported progress. The report adopted by the Chamber has been widely circulated and commented on by the Press, not only of the United States, but also of Canada and Great Britain, and have been effectual in awakening a lively interest in the subject. The memorial put forth by the Chamber was signed by upwards of three thousand business men of the City, and transmitted to the Legislature, while memorials of a similar nature were sent in from Buffalo, Oswego and other places of business importance throughout the State; thousands of pamphlets containing speeches in the Legislature in favor of the matter have been distributed throughout the interior of the country, and there seemed to be an evident diminution of the dislike to the measure proposed in the country districts, whence came the principal opposition.

On motion of Robert Kelly, Esq., the report was accepted and the Committee discharged.

Messrs. M. M. Freeman, John Stillton and Samuel [illegible] were nominated for membership.

Accounts for advertising in the Evening Post $4 25 and Journal of Commerce $13 63, were passed upon and ordered to be paid.

The next business in order being the election of officers, Mr. Blunt rose and said that, on coming to the meeting he had noticed an oversight in the by-laws which might materially affect the legality of the action of the Chamber,—when by application, the day of meeting was changed from Tuesday to Thursday, it had been overlooked that the law provided for the annual election of officers on the first Tuesday in May. It was resolved, however, on motion of Mr. Robert Kelly, to proceed to ballot, the result of which was as follows:

President—Elatiah Perit (reelected). Vice-President—(First)—George Curtis. (Second)—Royal Phelps. Treasurer—Mr. Palmer. Secretary—Edw. C. Bogert. Chairman Arbitration Committee—Joshua Pope, in place of Robt. Kelly who retires by rotation.

The Committees on Relations with the Mercantile Library Association, [illegible] Society and Pilots, were unanimously reelected, and Capt. Tillou was unanimously appointed to represent the Chamber as Marine Surveyor.

The sum of two hundred dollars was appropriated for incidental expenses.

Philip T. Miller, Esq., then rose and presented to the Chamber, in the name of Mr. Brady, an excellent photographic likeness of the late Walter R. Jones.

On motion, a vote of thanks was carried, in acknowledgment of the gift.

Messrs. Phelps, Hicks and Blunt were then appointed a Committee to revise the by-laws of the Chamber and to prepare a new edition thereof for publication; as also to propose such amendments as are proper.

A vote of thanks was then proposed and adopted, acknowledging the services of Mr. Barstow, the retiring First President, for which he returned thanks.

The Chamber then adjourned.

Rev. Mr. Halsey's Sudden Death—Testimony at the Inquisition.

Yesterday morning Coroner Wilhelm was summoned to hold an inquest at the corner of Seventeenth-street and Fourth-avenue, on the body of Rev. Charles H. Halsey, who met with the sad accident on the 2d inst., at the Everett House. A very intelligent Jury was empanneled, and the following testimony taken:

Rev. Dr. Hawks, residing at Twenty-first-street, being sworn, said: I have been acquainted with deceased, Charles H. Halsey, 20 years; I saw him last about ten days ago, when I had a conversation with him for about an hour; he was perfectly well at that time, and I observed nothing strange about him at all.

James Keogh, residing at No. 220 West Twenty-sixth-street, being sworn, said: I am an apprentice to a bell-hanger, and worked that morning at the new building connected with the Everett House, fronting on Union-square, and saw the deceased, Charles H. Halsey, in the fourth-story front room; he was looking out of the window; and that was about half-past 12 o'clock; he spoke to me, saying I might send away two boys who were picking up some chips; he asked the boys whether they knew Mr. Jackson; they replied no; I saw the deceased that morning at about 12 o'clock; he was at the building yesterday and the day before; about five minutes after I had seen him in the fourth-story, I went down stairs and found him laying dead on the sidewalk; he was then brought into the drug store at the corner of Seventeenth-street and Fourth-avenue; I did not observe anything unusual on the deceased before death; he was [illegible] dead, when I saw him lying on the sidewalk; he was looking around the building on each occasion; he was there for the purpose of seeing how it was built.

Patrick Gilfoy, residing at No. 244 Seventh-avenue, being duly sworn, said: I am a laborer, and was working upon the new building above mentioned; the deceased came to there this morning about 9 o'clock and inquired for Mr. Horton, the superintendent of the building; [illegible]; I saw him at about 10½ o'clock looking out of the window of the fourth story; about five minutes before 12 o'clock I again saw him looking out of the same window; that was the last time I saw him alive; I went to my dinner at 12 o'clock, and when I returned I found him in a dying state in the new building; I saw nothing unusual about him.

James Brady, residing at No. 233 Mulberry-street, sworn, said: I was at work upon the new building, and saw the deceased walking around the building about 12½ o'clock; I saw him looking out of the fourth story window; I then sat down at the first story to eat my dinner, and soon heard the noise of a fall; I looked out, and saw deceased lying on the sidewalk; he was not dead, but senseless; I saw nothing unusual about him.

Nathan P. Rice, M. D., residing at No. 251 Fourth-avenue, being sworn, says: I have made an external examination of the body of Charles H. Halsey, and found fracture of the right femur and of the left knee joint; no other injuries; I am of the opinion that there was an internal hemorrhage; perhaps a rupture of some vital parts, which caused his death.

After a brief charge by the Coroner, the Jury rendered a verdict as follows:

"We find that the deceased, Charles H. Halsey, came to his death from the effects of a fracture of the leg and other injuries, received by accidentally falling from the fourth-story window of the Everett House, on the 2d May, 1855."

Deceased was a native of New-Jersey, aged 45 years.

Commissioners of Emigration.

The Commissioners of Emigration did a large amount of business, of chiefly local importance, however, at their Meeting on Wednesday. Every member of the Board was present except Mayors Wood and Hall.

Rudolphe Garrigue appeared and was qualified as a member of the Commission in the place of Gustav Schwab, (late President of the German Society and a Commissioner since the first of February last,) who being about to visit Europe, resigned his position.

On motion of Mr. Kelly, a resolution highly flattering to Mr. Schwab as a public officer and as a man was unanimously adopted.

A report made to the Mayor by officer Lud Shelley, in charge of the Emigrant Department attached to the Mayor's Office, informing His Honor that he (Shelley) had in accordance with instructions reported to the Commissioners of Emigration a violation of the emigrant law, by the landing of the passengers of the ship Confederation at a private dock under the control of the Erie Railroad Company. This document, and the report of the Committee of Conference with the Mayor, which was taken from the table on motion of Commissioner Purdy, gave rise to some debate in reference to the relations of the Board with His Honor. Commissioner Carrigan stated that the Mayor was dissatisfied with the report of the Committee on Conference, and with the action of the Board in reference to the reforms proposed by him to the Commissioners, and to this dissatisfaction he attributed the non-appearance of His Honor to the meetings of the Board.

The Commissioners, however, one and all, expressed views in consonance with those of the report of their Conference Committee, and finally, the whole subject under consideration was indefinitely postponed.

The Committee on Ward's Island presented a long report on the affairs of the institutions on that Island, and among other things they recommended the immediate opening of another burial ground there, 110 feet square, in the vicinity of the residence of the keeper of Potter's Field, inasmuch as one of their number had been informed by one of the Ten Governors that they (the Governors) would not bury any more of the Commissioners' dead.

Mr. Carrigan thought it would be well not to open another burial ground on the Island, until rendered necessary—until the Commissioners had been notified in a formal manner by the Governors, of their intention to cease burying the Commissioners' dead.

Mr. Carrigan's advice was taken; that portion of the report relative to the opening a new Cemetery was postponed for future consideration.

A bill of over $1,300, due the Almshouse Governors for burials, was sent in, and it was ordered to be paid as soon as possible.

The annexed is an exhibit of the affairs of the Commission to date:

Number of aliens arrived to April 25, 1855		23,180
Number of aliens arrived since to May 2		3,330
Total		26,510
Number of aliens arrived to May 3, 1854		54,700
	1855.	1854.
Number of inmates in Refuge Hospital and Nursery Ward's Island	—	2,490
Number of inmates in Marine Hospital	—	419
Total	—	2,979
Balance in Bank Jan. 1, 1855		$61,199 46
Aggregate receipts to April 25	$90,798 55	
Received since to May 2	$4,079 19	114,877 74
Total		$176,076 20
Disbursements to April 25	$213,995 12	
Paid Troy Hospital bill for 1854	586 35	$214,583 47
Overdraft in Mechanics' Bank May 2		$38,512 27

Fire Department Committee.

The Committee on Fire Department of the Board of Aldermen met on Wednesday evening, pursuant to adjournment.

There were present Aldermen Howard, Trowbridge and Baird.

The Board proceeded to investigate expulsions from Engine No. 47, namely, R. W. Hubbard and A. O. Alcock. Mr. Hubbard was heard. This was the first expulsion he had known in his Company, and he attributed it to personal prejudice and malice on the part of the foreman. Mr. Reid, the foreman, in reply, disclaimed such motives. Much angry recrimination took place in presence of the Aldermen between Mr. Hubbard and Mr. Reid.

Alderman Howard observed that the whole corps of No. 47 appeared to be uniformly unanimous on only one thing, namely, not to do any fire duty. His mind was made up that this Company ought to be disbanded. Out of 64 roll calls, 50 marks were not uncommon for absence. After some deliberation the Alderman said; "The Committee will report to disband the Company."

On the petition of Hydrant Company No. 4, to be organized into a Hose Company, the Committee report adversely to their organization.

Mr. J. A. Belcher appeared in relation to the recent enactment appointing five Commissioners having jurisdiction in all cases pertaining to the Fire Department. He stated that the Joint Committee of the Board of Foremen and Representatives, wished the Fire Department Committees of the Boards of Aldermen and Councilmen to meet them at any time agreed upon. They could then take into consideration the question of furnishing a badge to firemen, and other important matters.

The four committees will meet.

A complaint was made against Hose Company No. 37 for having eight members who are not citizens of the United States. Their names are John Clew, Anthony Clew, Peter O'Riley, George Funk, Lewis Clew, Robt. McKeon, Rudolph Fisher and Thos. Gevican.

Peter O'Riley admitted he was not a citizen when he joined. Has been such 21 months, and is now an exempt. The Committee would compel him to serve over again the time he served previous to his citizenship, or accession to October, 1853. In McKeon's case, the complaint was laid over.

Complaint dismissed against Hose Company No. 45 for having "rowdies" about the House. The complaint of Engine Company No. 48 against Engine Company No. 10 for assaulting them while proceeding to a fire in April last, near Fortieth-street, was next investigated. Neither party had any witnesses, and the only fact that appeared to be clearly proved was the epithet "sons of ——" had been pretty freely exchanged. Directed to bring down the roll books. It appeared to Alderman Howard that further fighting must be stopped.

Adjourned till next Wednesday at 6½ o'clock.

The Brevoort House Furniture—Another Disappointment.

The sale at auction of the furniture of the Brevoort House, which has been postponed several times, was announced to take place on Wednesday morning without fail, at 10½ o'clock. A large number went to the place at the hour designated, followed by numerous loiterers for two hours afterwards, including an indefinite number of Mrs. Toodles, in the special expectancy no doubt of making "glorious good bargains."

It need hardly be added that all were disappointed—many vexatiously so upon seeing conspicuously placarded in front of the main entrance to the hotel, two notices—as though one were not enough—that there would be no auction, the furniture having been disposed of at private sale. Mr. Clark, recently of the Howard Hotel, we learned upon inquiry to be the purchasing party, and that the hotel will be opened to the public forthwith, under his supervision.

The New-York Sketch Club.

The last regular meeting for the season, of the New-York Sketch Club, was held on Friday evening at No. 103 Amos-street. The hostess of the evening was Mrs. Cafferty, the wife of the distinguished artist. The assemblage was the most numerous that we have seen at any reunion of the Club. The regular business [illegible] all in attendance, and several ladies graced the meeting with their presence. We noticed Mrs. Cheatorex, Mrs. Durfield, Miss Kyle, Miss [illegible], Miss Drake and Miss Clark. Sketches were contributed by Messrs. Tait, Hart, [illegible], Hitchcock, Kyle, [illegible], Ransom, and other well-known artists. It was a hearty and congenial gathering of artists and their friends, and was altogether worthy of the occasion. The Annual Meeting of the Club will be shortly held.

German Classes in Ward Schools.

The New-Yorker Demokrat complains that an attack has been made upon the German teachers and classes in the City. Translated, the article reads:

"Since the establishment of the Ward School in Allen-street, there has existed a German-English class for German boys, under the able direction of Mr. Enthaler.

"This acquisition of the German citizens of the Tenth Ward has fallen a sacrifice to American fanaticism. Upon last Friday it was announced to Mr. Enthaler, in his class-room, and in the presence of the scholars, that the German language must be dispensed with as a matter of instruction; that the German scholars must be transferred to English classes, according to their rank in English studies, and that there would be a place provided for himself, as teacher of an exclusively English class, with a salary of $600 per annum, instead of the $800, his former pay. Upon this Mr. E. resigned, and the seventy-six German scholars, with the exception of four, left the school with their teacher, notwithstanding the most shameless coaxing and cajolery on the part of the Know-Nothings.

"Mr. Enthaler's German class was a benefit to the Germans of the middle Eastern Wards of the City, and even from other Wards, German boys eager to procure instruction, hastened to him. Hundreds of Germans are indebted to Mr. Enthaler's class for their rapid acquisition of the English language, and the great advantages thence resulting. Hence the dispersion of this class is a direct blow against the Germans, which they should not submit to unmoved. Instead of having a German class established in every Ward—a long recognized and admitted necessity—the Know-Nothings withdraw from us the only one we had. German citizens of the Tenth, Eleventh, Thirteenth, Fourteenth and Seventeenth Wards, protest en masse against this Know-Nothing measure, this shameful commencement of still more shameful attacks upon the rights and interests of the German citizens. Forward, let us act speedily, and without hesitation or faltering. Hold meetings and protest."

Short Weight in Butter.

The following appears on the police return of the Sixteenth District, made to the Chief of Police on Wednesday morning:

"G. R. Lillibridge, No. 342 Eighth-avenue, complains of J. Kolthus, grocer, No. 291 Eighth-avenue, that his family has been trading for a long time with Mr. Kolthus. He (Lillibridge) often cautioned his family about short weight. Last night they bought two pounds of butter from Mr. Kolthus himself. They brought it to the Station-house and had it weighed—it fell about just six ounces of being two pounds."

Board of Education.

There not being a quorum present on Wednesday evening, at the stated meeting appointed of the Board of Education, the Board did not go in session. Adjournment for want of sufficient numbers occurs very rarely with that body.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

COURT CALENDAR—Friday.

United States Circuit Court.—Judge Nelson will take up the Trial and Equity Calendar at 10 o'clock.

United States District Court.—Nos. 8, 17, 20, 22, 25, to 30.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—May 3.

Before Judge Betts.

The case of Ross Winans vs. The Harlem Railroad Company, which has occupied the Court so long, was submitted to the Jury this morning, about 12 o'clock, after a charge of about two hours long from Judge Betts. The Jury were directed to seal up their verdict and bring it into Court to-morrow morning.

Judge Nelson will call the calendar at 10 o'clock to-morrow morning, the usual hour of opening Court.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—May 3.

Before Judges Hall and Ingersoll.

The United States vs. Richard Brown and six others.—These prisoners, who were indicted for an endeavor to make a revolt on board the ship Cynosure, were this morning arraigned. Their counsel, Mr. Spencer, put in a plea of Not Guilty, whereupon a Jury was impannelled to try them. There was, however, no evidence offered on either side, but the District Attorney called up the case of each man separately, and took from the Jury a verdict of guilty in each case without opposition.

The United States vs. William Dumarey and five others.—In the case of these men indicted for the same offence, committed on board the ship Ontario, the same process was gone through with.

THE KINNEY CASE—MR. FABENS.

Mr. Fabens, indicted with Col. Kinney, was here brought into Court by the United States Marshal. Mr. Eager, his counsel, made an application to Judge Ingersoll that he be admitted to bail, and the same order was entered as was made in the case of Col. Kinney. Mr. Eager then requested the Court to order the trial of Mr. Fabens to stand for Monday next, as had been done in the other case.

Mr. McKeon.—I doubt whether I shall be able to attend to it on that day, for I learn that in the Circuit Court Judge Nelson will sit to hear Jury trials, and there is a capital case that I shall probably have to try there on Monday morning. I wish also to suggest whether the Court can direct a case to be set down for trial in this way. There is a law of Congress which directs the practice in criminal cases in Courts of the United States to be assimilated as far as possible to that of the State Courts, and in the State Courts cases are not set down but are ordered to be dismissed unless they be tried by the second term.

The Court—I should like to see that act of Congress.

Mr. Eager—The practice has always been here to set down cases, with due regard to circumstances. In this case Mr. Fabens is the United States Commercial Agent at San Juan de Nicaragua, and has taken passage in the steamer United States, expecting to return to his duties there, and the Government expected him to proceed there, which brings up this peculiar state of things that an officer of the Government, under orders to go to his post and expecting to go, is prevented by the Government from doing so. Communication is not frequent to that post and he may not find another opportunity to go there very soon. Of course this case can be set down, for that of Colonel Kinney has been, and this can come immediately after that, if they are not tried together.

Mr. McKeon—There is but one indictment, and this is the first intimation that I have heard that they are not to be tried together.

Mr. Eager—They will be, unless an application is made to sever them.

The Court—The trial must come on on Monday, unless there is some reason for a further postponement.

MOTION FOR A NEW TRIAL.

A motion for a new trial in the case of Dr. Brown, convicted some time since of counterfeiting, was then argued before Judge Hall, by Mr. Clinton for the motion, and Mr. McKeon in the opposition.

UNITED STATES COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE.

In re Joseph W. Fabens.—Edward Bayle, owning property in this City and on Long Island, tendered himself as bail for Mr. Fabens, but was not accepted, consequently, Mr. F. remained in the custody of Deputy Marshal De Angelos.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—May 2.

Before Hon. Justice Cowles.

DECISIONS.

Martin vs. [illegible]—Judgment for plaintiff on frivolous answers of defendant, with costs.

The Second New-York Building Association vs. Wm. Gallier and others.—By the Court—Mitchell, J.—Gallier, in consideration of $1,147, executed his bond and mortgage to the plaintiffs, conditioned to pay to them during their continuance $21 per month, and all such fines as should be charged against him or his shares in the association, and to keep the premises insured and the policy assigned to the plaintiffs, and keep the premises free from taxes, &c.; to keep all the agreements contained in his subscription to the articles of the association and the mortgage, provided that in case of default to the extent of $30, the premises should be sold, and the plaintiffs be paid all costs and arrears then due for monthly dues and fines, and that the surplus should be deposited so as to be drawn for by the plaintiffs, as should be necessary to discharge subsequently accruing monthly dues and fines, &c. Gallier owned six shares in the association. Each share was to pay $2 50 per month, and $1 for redemption; and by the articles of association, the fine for non-payment of the monthly dues was 12 cents on each share for the first month, 37 cents for the second month, 75 cents for the third month, $1 25 for the fourth month, and each succeeding month 50 cents more than the next preceding month, with a clause that when the fines charged should be equal to the monthly dues paid on any share, it should be forfeited, and its holders should be considered as yielding up all interest therein. (Art. 10.) The seventh section of the act allowing their incorporation, (laws 1851, Ch. [illegible]) declares that the impositions of fines for non-payment of dues or other fines for other violations of the articles of the association, or the making of monthly payments, or of premiums for loans made to members, shall not be deemed a violation of the statute against usury. In the Union Building Association vs. O'Brien, it was held that this clause saved the contracts from the effect of the laws against usury. But there are two other objections now presented to these agreements. The first, that the part relating to the amount of the fines was illegal, and could not have been understood by both parties; the second, that the provision as to the application of the surplus is also against law. By the terms of the articles, Gallier, having six shares, was to pay $2 50 per share, or $15 per month, for the six shares; he was also to pay $1 per share for redemption money. Then the Association imposed a fine of 12 cents for each share for failure, to pay for the first month, or 72 cents on the six shares; $2 22 for the second month, $4 50 for the third month, $7 50 for the fourth month, $10 50 for the fifth month, and so on each successive month, until the fine on the twenty-fifth month is $57, for non-payment of the single sum of $21 due on that month; and the whole fines for non-payment of twenty-five monthly payments of $21 each, amount in the 25 months to nearly $900, not including the monthly dues also to be paid. The plaintiffs claim to maintain the same scheme until the Association shall expire, and when it was suggested that none but the poor members would be obliged to pay such fines, [illegible] would always have the means to pay, and would pay, and the Association would impoverish the [illegible] to enrich those who are already rich, [illegible] that as it was written in the agreement. If such an agreement were to be carried out, the penalty for nonpayment of each $21, at the end of two years, would be $57 more than at the end of the above mentioned twenty-five months, or $130, and to be increased in monthly progression at the rate of $3 each month more than the last. The common law, strict and rigid as it is supposed to be, did not sustain such bargains, but pronounced them void, as wanting the concurrence of the minds of the parties, which is essential to the formation of any agreement. The case with which school boys are amused in the study of arithmetic—of a bargain made to pay for a horse, one farthing for the first nail in his shoes, and two for the second, and so on in geometrical progression—is spoken of in the law books as having actually occurred, and the very sensible decision was made that the seller could recover only what the horse was reasonably worth; the buyer could not have understood the practical meaning of the words used, and if the seller did, he meant to impose on the buyer's ignorance. The case is not so extreme as the other, but is an instance of a bargain whose terms are no less contrary to what must have been the intention of the borrower. The act does not make valid all kinds of fines that may be imposed, it merely exempts the fines from the laws of usury; they must, therefore, be reasonable. If the Corporation of the City of New-York were allowed to impose fines for encumbering the sidewalks or the street, who would suppose they could impose them with the ruinous accumulation? If 72 cents a month is a reasonable sum for the delay of one month, $57 cannot be reasonable for the delay for a single other month. A fine should be definite in amount. The whole of the article as to the amount of the fines must be held void. The clause requiring the whole surplus to be left in hand to meet future fines and dues of the subscriber is equally against the spirit of the law. The subscriber has creditors or a subsequent purchaser from him who does not choose to be a member of this association; such a bargain would be a fraud upon the rights of the subsequent purchaser, and would allow notwithstanding the sale to him, the whole property to be applied to the future use of the seller, not merely for debts due by him, but for penalties and fines to be hereafter incurred by him. There is no way of abolishing these difficulties but that adopted in the case at common law referred to by putting aside the special bargain of the parties to restore each where he stood before the bargain was made, that is to let the plaintiffs recover the principal $1,174 and interest, and any other sums actually paid by them for the benefit of the mortgaged premises, after deducting the sums received by them, and to let the property be sold to pay the balance, with future interest and costs, and the surplus be brought into Court for subsequent purchasers or incumbrances.

SUPREME COURT—Chambers—May 3.

Before Hon. Justice Roosevelt.

MORE HABEAS CORPUS CASES.

In this case the petition for habeas corpus stated that Charles W. Phelps, of New-Haven, was detained by Col. Abercrombie, the commanding officer at Governor's Island, of the United States troops. In April, 1855, this Charles W. Phelps, a minor son of Henry A. Phelps, enlisted as common soldier without the knowledge or consent of his parents. He got acquainted with a man who induced him to enlist, and his father alleges that the man knew at the time that he was not 21 years of age. It was a week before his parents found where their son was. He got some clothes of the Quartermaster, which were worth about $34—this officer demanded payment. The father offered to send back the clothes, whereupon he was informed that they had been damaged by use to the amount of $6 18, which Mr. Phelps, senior, promised to remit, with the clothes, to the commander-in-chief of the island, and therefore Hon. Judge discharged him.

There is another case of the same kind coming up to-day at the same place. The petitioner is Mrs. Harriet E. Butler, for her son Joseph B. Butler, a youth of 16 years, who is enlisted in the dragoon service at Bedlow's Island.

Truly "Sam" appears desirous to win some of the martial glories.

SUPERIOR COURT—Special Term—May 2.

PRACTICE—FRIVOLOUS ANSWER.

Before Hon. Justice Campbell.

Hibbler vs. Ryer.—This was an action on a note made by the defendant, to his own order, and endorsed by himself. The plaintiff alleged the making and endorsement by the defendant, and the delivery of the same to plaintiff for value received, and its non-payment.

The defendant demurred to the complaint as not stating facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action; claiming that the plaintiff should have stated that he was owner and holder of the note, or that it was endorsed to him.

The plaintiff moved on five days, under section 247 of the Code, for judgment on the demurrer as frivolous.

Motion granted, on consultation with other Justices, and judgment ordered for the plaintiff, with costs.

S. M. Parsons for plaintiff; John Molony for defendant.

MARINE COURT.

Before Judge Birdsall.

SUIT AGAINST THE EIGHTH-AVENUE RAILROAD COMPANY.

Simon Cohen vs. The President, Directors and Company of the Eighth-avenue Railroad Company.—To recover damages for injury sustained by plaintiff. It was shown that on the 15th of September plaintiff was a passenger on the up trip. When between Nineteenth and Twentieth-streets, the cars stopped to let plaintiff out, and while in the act of stepping off the car it suddenly started, throwing the plaintiff on the ground, causing one of his arms to be broken, and otherwise injuring him (he having a bundle of clothes at the time in his arms.)

Defendants contended that the injury was sustained in consequence of the negligent acts of the plaintiff, he having remained on the stage, and while the car was in motion jumped off.

The Judge charged that where there is a want of ordinary care, amounting to negligence, on the part of the person receiving the injury, it is fatal in an action to recover damages therefor.

The Jury found a verdict for plaintiff of $75, which carries costs.

LONG ISLAND.

The License Question—Quick Work.

Applications are still pouring in at the Brooklyn City Clerk's Office, for license to sell liquor under the Old Excise Law, notwithstanding the refusal of that officer to receive them. The dealers have been advised that in any event, the Board of Excise have a right to grant licenses until the Prohibitory law goes into effect, which accounts for their prompt action. Mr. Bishop at first received these applications—the law making the City Clerk, Clerk also of the Board of Excise. He was checked in this by Mayor Hall, who threatened to suspend him. He requested an opinion from the Corporation Counsellor, and received the following:

To the Clerk—Dear Sir: In reply to your inquiry, whether as Clerk of the City you are authorized to receive and file in your office after this date, applications for grocery and tavern licenses, I state that as Clerk of the city you have no right to encumber the office with papers not known or recognized by any law of this State. I unhesitatingly state you have no right, and advise you not to receive or file any applications in your office for grocery or tavern licenses. The receiving and filing of the applications may tend to encourage the applicants with the idea that they stand a chance of getting a license. The License law of the State, in my judgment, is repealed. Very respectfully yours,

N. F. Waring,

May 2, 1855. Counselor to the City of Brooklyn.

Liquor Dealers' Association.

An adjourned meeting of the Kings County Liquor Dealers' Association was held on Wednesday evening at Montague Hall, Brooklyn. Thomas [illegible], President, occupied the Chair. The transactions of this meeting consisted mainly of signing names to the Constitution and paying into the Treasury ten dollars cash—the Treasurer having given the necessary security. Harmony and good humor prevailed on this occasion, and all present, liquor dealers and reporters, appeared to be in [good] spirits. A Vigilance Committee of three in each Ward, on motion of Mr. Langstaff, was agreed upon. The duties are to invite all liquor dealers to join the Association, and to report the names of those who refuse, to the Society. About seventy-five persons were present.

Associate Presbyterian Church.

This Society, which meets in Washington-street, Brooklyn, held a meeting a few evenings since, to consult upon their future course. The Society is small and poor, and the Trustees did not feel warranted in renting a place of worship for another year without knowing definitely from what source they could obtain means. At this meeting, much to the surprise of all present, there was not only a goodly attendance, but sufficient was subscribed on the spot to pay the expenses of the Society for another year. Rev. Mr. Wilkins officiates gratuitously over this Society.

Died of his Injuries.

Henry M. Barnard, 13 years of age, son of Alderman Barnard, of the Third Ward of Brooklyn, died on Wednesday morning, from a pistol-shot wound in his abdomen, received a few days previous. At the time of the accident deceased, with a young son of Dr. Wells, was practicing at target shooting. Young Wells snapped the pistol, exploding the cap without igniting the powder, and while endeavoring to put on a fresh cap the charge exploded, the contents entering the abdomen of deceased, causing death as above stated.

Brooklyn Horticultural Society.

The regular monthly meeting of this Association was held Tuesday evening, when arrangements were completed for holding the monthly exhibition of the Society in the large Hall of the Athenæum on Tuesday next. Dr. Taylor has been invited to deliver an address on this occasion. The finances of this Society are said to be in a flourishing condition.

Attempted Suicide.

A married woman named Margaret Tiffany, [illegible] attempted suicide [illegible] of laudanum. [illegible] but for the timely interference of Dr. Cochran. A quarrel with her husband is said to be the cause.

Killed by a Fall.

William Laverty was instantly killed on Tuesday evening at the foot of South Third-street, Eastern District of Brooklyn, by falling from a [illegible] which he was at work on the ground. Deceased was a [illegible] painter, and resided in [illegible]-street. A man named Thomas Smith was seriously injured at the same time.

Public School No. 13.

The new Principal, Mr. Valentine, appointed to Public School No. 13, Western District of Brooklyn, was duly installed on Wednesday morning. There was a numerous attendance, consisting of the members of the Board of Education and others.

Juvenile Burglars Arrested.

Officers Frazier, Latham and [illegible], of the Fourth District Police, Brooklyn, succeeded yesterday morning in arresting eight boys charged with robbing a house in Hanover-place, on the 17th of March last, of a large quantity of clothing and jewelry. A large portion of the stolen property was found in a pawn shop kept by Solomon Moses, in Chatham-street, New-York. The boys were committed to answer, and gave their names as follows: John Rowland, Timothy Kyle, Charles Godney, George Ferguson, Daniel [illegible], John Durand, James McGivney and John Reilly.

Burglary.

On Wednesday evening the jewelry store of Mr. Charles Armbruster, No. 161 Grand-street, Eastern District, of Brooklyn, was entered by thieves who carried off [illegible] two gold watches valued at $100.

Kings County Hospital.

There were remaining in this Hospital on the 1st instant, 453 patients. Died during the month previous to the 1st, seven.

Kings County Board of Supervisors.

An adjourned meeting of this Board was held, at the County Jail yesterday afternoon. The President, Abm. P. [illegible], Esq., occupied the chair.

A communication was received from the County Treasurer stating the deficiency in the County and State levy for taxes for 1854, amounted to $[illegible]. The Treasurer was authorized to borrow such amount as may be required to meet the wants of the County, on account of the purposes for which said taxes were imposed.

After the transaction of considerable routine business, of no general interest, the Board adjourned.

☞ David [illegible], Esq., has resigned the position as Cashier of the Mechanics' Bank of Williamsburg.

BROOKLYN COURT CALENDAR—Friday.

Special Term—Nos. 15, 20, 22, 31, 32, 42, 12.

Judge Dean will remain during to-day and to-morrow, and this Calendar, containing 60 causes, will doubtless be gone through.

NEW-JERSEY.

Hudson County Court.

The May Term of the Circuit Court commenced on Tuesday, Judge Haines presiding. The day was principally occupied in granting licenses to hotel keepers in the townships of the county. The Mayor of Hudson, Gen. Wright, advocated the granting of licenses.

Paupers.

The annual report of the Poor Master shows that during the year just ended 268 persons were admitted into that institution.

Nativity.—Ireland, 221; United States, 31; England, 4; Scotland, 3; Germany, 2. About $6,000 have been expended for public charities.

Selling Newspapers on Sunday.

Wm. Stevens, proprietor of a news depot, was fined $10 on Tuesday afternoon by Recorder [illegible] for violating a State statute, by selling newspapers and other articles on Sunday.

MARKET REPORTS.

Markets...Carefully reported for the N. Y. Daily Times. Thursday, May 3—6 P. M.

ASHES—Are in limited request, but are firmly held at $6 12½@$6 25 for Pearls, and $5 87½@[illegible] for Pots, ℔ 100 lbs.

COFFEE—The demand is fair at full prices, with sales of 1,300 packages Java at 12c., 100 bags [illegible], part, at 11c.; and 300 Rio at 10½c.@11½c. ℔ ℔.

COTTON—Is actively sought after at buoyant rates. The receipts are still quite small, and holders have been inclined to sell except at prices marked out by themselves. The day's movements have been pretty large, the market closing very firmly, with, if anything, an upward tendency.

NEW-YORK CLASSIFICATION.	Uplands.	Florida.	Mobile.	N. O. and Texas.
Ordinary	9¼	9¼	[illegible]	[illegible]
Middling	9¾	9¾	[illegible]	[illegible]
Middling Fair	10⅝	10⅝	11⅛	11⅜
Fair	10⅞	10⅞	11½	12

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western brands are not so freely offered, and being rather more sought after, mainly by the Eastern and local trade, prices exhibit more steadiness and buoyancy. The day's business includes 8,000 bbls. within our range.

Ordinary State	$9 75 @ [illegible]
Straight State	9 87½@10 [illegible]
Favorite State	10 00 @10 [illegible]
Mixed Western	[illegible]
Common to Good Indiana and Michigan	10 00 @10 [illegible]
Fancy Michigan	10 25 @10 37½
Common to Good Ohio	[illegible]
Fancy Ohio	[illegible]
Extra Ohio	[illegible]
Extra Indiana and Michigan	[illegible]
Fancy Genesee	[illegible]
Extra Genesee	[illegible]

Of the sales, 1,000 bbls. were Common State, deliverable in July, at $8 50 ℔ bbl. [illegible] is increasing, but not rapidly. Canadian is in rather better demand, but is [illegible] in price; 1,000 bbls. ordinary, to extra were purchased at [illegible], chiefly at $10 12½@$10 50 ℔ bbl. Southern is [illegible] and quiet, with sales of 900 bbls. at $10 37½@$11 [illegible] for [illegible] favorite, and $11 25@$12 37½ for fancy and extra ℔ bbl. Rye Flour is quiet, but steady. Corn Meal is in [illegible] request at buoyant prices, with sales of 300 bbls. Jersey and Baltimore, at $5 12½@$5 25 ℔ bbl.

GRAIN—Wheat is dull and heavy. There is [illegible] offering, both here and to arrive, but buyers are reluctant to pay asking prices. No important sales have transpired to-day. Rye and Barley are unaltered. Oats are inactive and drooping. We quote State and Western at 73c.@[illegible]; Jersey at [illegible]; and Southern at [illegible]@75c. ℔ bushel. Corn is less abundant and in improved demand at higher prices. Sales were reported to-day of 16,000 bushels, at $1 11@$1 12 for Southern white, $1 12 for Western mixed, and $1 14 for Southern yellow, ℔ bushel, all delivered.

HAY—There were 600 bales River, disposed of at $1 12½ for shipment, and $1 25 for local use, ℔ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Remain quiet and languid, with a moderate supply offering at 15c.@25c. ℔ ℔.

IRON—Scotch Pig is salable and steady at $[illegible] ℔ ton, usual credit. Nothing new in other kinds.

LATHS—Eastern rule dull and heavy at $1 [illegible] ℔ thousand.

LEAD—Is in rather limited request, but is firmly held at [illegible] figures.

LIME—Rockland is taken in lots as wanted at $1 for Common, and $1 [illegible] for Lump, ℔ bbl. There is not much here.

MOLASSES—The market is less active, but is otherwise unchanged. The sales reach 200 hhds. New-Orleans, in lots at 29c.@31c., and 140 hhds. Nuevitas [illegible] on terms not disclosed.

NAVAL STORES—Crude Turpentine is quiet, but very firm. 150 bbls. changed hands at $3 25 ℔ 280 lbs. Small lots of Spirits do. have been sold at [illegible] ℔ gallon, but there is no demand for large parcels at these rates. Tar and Rosin are essentially unchanged.

OILS—Nothing really new can be noticed in Whale, Sperm or Olive. Sales were pretty freely made to-day of Linseed, from store, at 90c.@92c. ℔ gallon, at which prices an improving inquiry prevails. Lard Oil is inactive, yet quoted at 90c.@95c. ℔ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork remains quiet, but steady. The supply is moderate, while the trade buy sparingly, and the speculative demand is less animated. Sales were made of 900 bbls. at $16 50 for old Mess; [illegible] for new Prime; and $17 25@$17 37½ for new Mess, ℔ bbl. Dressed Hogs are selling slowly at 7c.@7½c. ℔ ℔. Cut Meats are quiet, being scarce and held with more firmness; 250 pkgs. were disposed of, in lots, at [illegible] for Hams, and [illegible] for Shoulders, ℔ ℔. Bacon is also in limited supply and fair demand at full prices. Lard is without improvement; 250 bbls. and tcs. changed hands at 10c.@10½c. ℔ ℔. Beef is in pretty good request at former quotations, with sales of 500 bbls. at $8 50@$9 50 for Prime; $10@$12 50 for Country Mess, $14 75@$15 50 for repacked Mess, and $16 25@$16 50 for extra do. ℔ bbl. Prime Mess Beef is quiet and nominal at $[illegible] ℔ tce. Beef Hams continue scarce and are needed at $17@$25 ℔ bbl. Butter is obtainable at 11c.@15c. for Ohio, 20c.@25c. for ordinary to good State, and 25c.@28c. for choice ℔ ℔. Cheese is worth but from 9c.@11½c. ℔ ℔.

RICE—Sales of 180 tcs. were effected at unchanged rates. Markets poorly supplied and very firm, but not active.

SOAP—There have been 200 boxes Castile disposed of at about previous figures.

SUGARS—The demand is pretty brisk, and prices are supported. Sales were made of 600 hhds. Cuba Muscovado, at 5c.@6c., and 230 New-Orleans at [illegible] ℔ ℔.

TALLOW—About 5,000 lbs. [illegible] at full previous rates.

TEAS—There is a better request at full previous rates, at this forenoon's auction sale. [illegible] the catalogue was sold, and to the satisfaction of the importers.

WHISKY—Sales transpired of 200 bbls. Ohio and Prison, at 37½c.@38c. ℔ gallon,—a further improvement.

FREIGHTS—Were inactive and languid. For Liverpool, the engagements embraced some Cotton, at 5-16d. ℔ ℔; [illegible] private terms; 100 bbls. [illegible]; Tobacco, at 12s. 6d. For London and Glasgow, the shipments were unimportant. For Havre, a little Cotton was taken at ½c. ℔ ℔. For other ports, we heard of nothing new.

New-York Daily Times.

NEW-YORK, FRIDAY, MAY 4, 1855.

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The TIMES FOR CALIFORNIA will be issued To-Morrow Morning, in ample season for the mails per steamship *George Law*. It will contain a complete Summary of Domestic and Foreign Intelligence since the sailing of the last steamer; Editorial Articles on current topics; News Items of interest from all parts of the United States; full Commercial Summaries, Reports of Public Meetings, Marriages, Deaths, &c. Price, in wrappers ready for mailing, 6¼ cents per copy.

Kansas Prospects.

We see it stated that Governor REEDER will *resign his office*, unless President PIERCE agrees to sustain him against the invading hordes from Missouri. He desires the President to order a new election for members of the Legislature, and to send a military force sufficient to protect the inhabitants of Kansas in the peaceful and independent exercise of the right of suffrage. If unsuccessful in this application, it is stated that he will abandon the office.

We trust Gov. REEDER will do no such thing. The more thoroughly the President may prove himself the accomplice of the Slave [illegible], in this audacious crusade against popular rights, the greater the necessity of having a Governor who will not give his official sanction to the outrage. Governor REEDER may not be able to repel the invasions of Kansas by the slave drivers of Missouri,—but he can bear witness to the world, of the [illegible] infamy of the proceeding, and place the responsibility of it on the Federal authorities, where it belongs. He has shown himself a bold, upright, straightforward man,—neither a partisan nor an opponent of Slavery, but determined, so far as he may have the *power*, to protect the rights of the people in the territory over which he has been made Executive. *He will be needed there hereafter.* If the President will sustain him in the course he has taken, and do his duty in remedying the outrages already perpetrated, there is no man better fitted for the place than he. If he will not, but is determined to aid and abet the Slave power in its armed invasion and conquest of Kansas, Gov. REEDER ought, at all events, to remain and offer all the official resistance in his power to such an effort. If the President disapproves his course, *let him remove him* if he dare. We trust the Governor will take no step to relieve the President from any of the responsibility which belongs to him in connection with this matter.

What is to be the political future of Kansas admits of little doubt. The present Legislature is made up of the advocates of Slavery—elected by Slaveholders from Missouri. They may take steps towards framing a State Constitution. If so, they will, of course, favor the introduction of Slavery. It is true any such Constitution must first be acted upon by the people of the Territory:—but what security have we that they will not again be overborne by armed invaders from Missouri, as they have just been? It is very clear that the *Slaveholding interest will omit nothing* that may be necessary to secure the practical advantages sought by the repeal of the Missouri Compromise,—*the extension of the political power* of Slavery over the whole territory of the United States.

One point is clear. Neither Kansas nor Nebraska, nor any other State, can be admitted into the Union without the consent of Congress. If the Free States would all imitate the example of New-York,—resolve that no Slave State shall come into the Union, and *send men to Congress who will act upon that doctrine*, this question will be promptly decided—peacefully, in favor of Freedom and of the Union.

Mexican Affairs.

The most important feature in the news recently received from Mexico, is the report of *SANTA ANNA's serious illness. It is useless* to speculate now on the changes his death might create; but, unquestionably, the loss would be severely felt by the nation. It would [illegible] the quarrels of opposing factions, and would thrust the country once more into its old condition of anarchy and confusion.

The career of the Dictator has been marked by more vicissitudes than usually belong to the lot of man. He has risen, fallen, and risen again; but, unfortunately, he has not profited by the experience of adversity, and since his last accession to power, more especially, he has allowed himself to be influenced by evil advisers, who have brought upon him the execrations of a large portion of the community. Under the most favorable auspices he was elected to the Presidential Chair in January, 1853, by the unanimous voice of the people. Monarchists and ultra-republicans hailed his accession with joy. They looked upon it as an omen of peace, for the country was then distracted by insurrection and disorder; might predominated over right, and law and order were set at defiance. There was no controlling head to govern and direct. For a time the new President steered with consummate skill through the rival parties. Each sought to enlist him in their ranks, but favoring neither, he strove to ameliorate the social condition of the people. His labors were successful, and are fully appreciated by the majority of Mexicans to-day. Railways were built; roads constructed; telegraph and gas companies were started; the robbers and brigands, who, three years ago, infested the public highways, became no longer a terror to travelers; Indian ravages on the frontiers were suppressed, and numerous other local reforms were carried out with energy and determination. A great change was wrought in the space of two years, and SANTA ANNA might have received the blessings of the entire population if he had not given way to the promptings of ambition, by endeavoring to convert the Republic into an Empire. It was a great mistake. The Romish Church was at the bottom of the scheme; for the hierarchy, as usual, wanted more political power than the lion's share it already possessed. The Jesuit BONILLA, SANTA ANNA's Prime Minister, arranged the details of the plan; the money was raised by the sale of the Mesilla Valley to the United States, and even the time for the proclamation of the new Empire was definitively settled. The scheme, as we have seen, turned out a failure, and directly it became known a large portion of the Democratic party deserted the Dictator's cause, and accused him of violating his plighted faith to the Republic. Formidable insurrections thereupon broke out in Michoacan, Tamaulipas, Guerrero, and other States. The President saw his danger, and at once changed his course. The idea of establishing an Empire was indefinitely postponed; and, by a stroke of sagacious policy, he again appealed to the people for a confirmation of the powers with which he was invested. This *coup d'état* was eminently successful. He was renominated by an immense majority, and the Revolution faded away altogether, with the exception of the insurrection in Guerrero.

With all his faults we know of no man in Mexico who is able to occupy SANTA ANNA's position, or safely guide the destinies of a country which ought to take a high standing among the nations of the earth. It is idle to suppose that JUAN ALVAREZ, the leader of the Guerrero insurgents, can *ever* or *will ever* do so. The Spanish population will never consent to be governed by a Pinto Indian, who has always been the inveterate enemy of themselves, their laws, their customs, and their faith. Indeed, so far has he carried his animosity that, during a long existence, he has remained in seclusion among his Indian peasantry, and has seldom ventured within the precincts of the Capital. Among the mountains that surround Acapulco, which a handful of men have more than once defended against an invading army, he has passed a kind of guerilla life—owning no allegiance and obeying no laws but those of his own creation. Hence the State of Guerrero has been virtually, if not nominally, independent of the central Government, and its chief has always been regarded with no great favor by the party in power. But to suppose that ALVAREZ in his old age will ever come forth from his mountain fastnesses and lead a half-armed, half-savage band of Indians against a well disciplined army, as we have seen asserted, is to suppose an act of madness wholly at variance with the reputed sagacity of the Pinto Chief. The insurrection in Guerrero is looked upon in Mexico as a settled thing—an always existing fact—and has little effect on the central Government in the Capital, except, perhaps, to create a regret that such an important sea-port as that of Acapulco should remain closed and be denied the advantages of trade.

Mexico will hereafter regret the loss of SANTA ANNA, if his present illness end in death. Under his rule the country has progressed, and, if his life be spared, will yet progress. The chief crime urged against him is his assumption of dictatorial powers. To us, it is true, this seems a grievous wrong, and a betrayal of the nation's trust; but when it is remembered that Mexicans are not Anglo-Saxons—that they do not yet understand the practical working of self-government—are superstitiously devoted to the Catholic faith, and have no conception of that individuality of thought and action upon which, alone, true Republicanism can be based, it it becomes a question whether the existing form of Government is not better adapted, for the present at least, to the wants and wishes of the Mexican *people*. They seem to think so, for last Winter SANTA ANNA was for the second time confirmed Dictator by an almost unanimous voice.

A Wise Dodge.

Hon. HENRY A. WISE seems to have ascertained at last that his prospects of success *in the Virginia Gubernatorial canvass are not* absolutely certain. "SAM" has been after him with a very sharp stick, and has evidently given him a "big scare." He calls lustily upon his *friend, the President, to help* him out. Administration Democracy, he says, wont save him, unless he can have an *extra blast on the bugle of Slavery*. In this crisis, the Gods favor him. Governor REEDER of Kansas, despairing almost of his power to execute the laws of the United States in that Territory, has *gone* to advise with the President; and Mr. WISE seizes the opportunity to ask the removal of this faithful public servant, and the appointment in his stead of Judge LORING *of Boston*, upon whom the seal of condemnation has been so recently fixed by the Legislature of his State.

No charge is made against Gov. REEDER, except that he has been faithful to the trust confided to his keeping. But his disgrace would gratify the prejudices, perhaps, of the Virginia Slaveocracy, and so make votes to *save Mr. WISE from political destruction*. This, we suppose, is to be taken as Mr. WISE's exposition of Virginia chivalry. Such a movement must recoil upon the head of him who conceived it. True men in Virginia will blush for him who has so little shame for himself, and will rather stay at home on election day than aid in the election of one who could think of attempting success by so paltry a trick. But will the President lend himself to the consummation of this scheme? Hardly, we take it. Not that he will feel bound to sustain Gov. REEDER—for it was not the Fugitive Slave Law that officer has been endeavoring to enforce—but *he*, at least, cannot make himself an open party to so infamous an electioneering plot as that which our telegraphic correspondent attributes to the fertile ingenuity of the *Honorable* HENRY A. WISE.

Relative Value of Limbs in the British Army.

The composition of the British army is a singular anomaly in the military world. The line of demarcation which so widely separates the officers from the rank and file is traceable, although in a more minute form, throughout the higher grades. Even amongst the officers themselves, titles and aristocratic connections exercise their respective influences, and the value of their services is regulated according to the power which their relatives and friends can bring to bear at the Horse Guards, or the courtly favoritism which they are able to command in other quarters. In the British army, at a period not very remote, the mistress of the Duke of YORK could dispense commissions at her will and pleasure. Although the *same* sinister influence does not openly prevail at the present time, still the system of promotion continues unchanged. Merit is invariably passed over, and incompetency, age, decrepitude and lordly connections seem to be the only passports to promotion in the British ranks. But, as the battle field levels all distinctions, and as all are supposed to share a common danger, it is but reasonable that the injuries sustained in action should be compensated according to their nature and extent, particularly if there be no very wide distinction between the grades of the suffering parties. We hold that the leg of the private soldier is as valuable to its owner as the leg of a field marshal is to him. But it would be out of all propriety, according to the ethics of military rewards in England, to think of equalizing the compensation in such cases. The private who has marched and fasted, paraded and fought, dug the trenches and stormed the breach, may stump about on his wooden pin, "shoulder his crutch and show how fields were won," and live on six-pence a day for life; whilst the officer is awarded, even for the slightest wound, liberal compensation and a pension capable of supporting him in ease and affluence. The widow of the officer has also her pension for life, and this is only just and proper; but the widow of the private soldier may beg, starve or end her days in the poor-house, and bear the injustice and cruelty which aristocratic influence perpetrates upon the class who are the true bulwarks of a nation.

This terrible war in the Crimea is likely to make not only sad havoc with the British Army and British prestige, but also shocking inroads upon the time-honored monopolies of Aristocracy, and probably destroy those cherished institutions which sprung up under the shadow of the throne in the dark times of feudal ascendancy. The compensation awarded by the Horse Guards to the officers wounded at the battles of the Alma, Inkermann, &c., now form the subject of severe comment in the British Press. The loss of legs, fingers, arms, teeth and tongues, belonging to different officers, do not appear to have been appraised by the authorities in accordance with the relative value of the article itself, but in proportion to the social state of the owner and in accordance with the influence he possessed in high official quarters. It is thought rather hard that the strapping leg of a portly captain, or the [illegible] limb of a stalwart ensign, should be set down at a price far beneath the great toe of a gouty old major, or the dexter thumb of a dandified sprig of some noble house. The list of compensations lately published in England forms such glaring contrasts, and displays such unconcealed favoritism, as to create a storm of *public indignation against that system which* has already sapped the foundations of Britain's strength, annihilated her formidable army, and laid her fawning at the feet of her deadliest enemy. A mere scratch upon an officer of distinction—distinction, however, *not in the field of battle but in the field of* heraldry—brings the lucky nobleman more hard cash than the loss of both legs can obtain *for the unfortunate subordinate who may have* captured colors, spiked guns, and sacrificed whole hecatombs of the enemy. A few examples will suffice to prove the rottenness and injustice which pervade and control the whole British military system.

The Earl of ERROL received a slight wound *in his right hand, causing the loss of a finger*, which, however, does not incapacitate him from service. The noble sufferer received, as compensation for his aristocratic digit, $1,056 90. The Honorable H. ANNESLEY, an ensign in the Scotch Fusileer Guards, received a musket ball in the mouth, which displaced *twenty-three of his teeth and cut away a portion* of his tongue. His compensation was only $501 60. It may be asked, do not both these wounded officers belong to the aristocratic circles, and why is there such distinction made in remunerating them for the injuries sustained? The solution of this question is plain, and exposes the favoritism to which we have alluded. The Earl of ERROL is a son of Lady FITZCLARENCE, who was a natural daughter of WILLIAM the Fourth by the celebrated Mrs. JORDAN, and he is consequently the Queen's cousin. The Hon. Mr. ANNESLEY is the second brother of the Earl of ANNESLEY, an *Irish Peer*, who also represents an English borough in the House of Commons. He *is a Tory, belongs to the Earl of DERBY's party*, and is consequently in opposition to the Ministry.

Brigadier General TORRENS, who has many influential connections, received a musket ball in the left side of the thorax, which wound is classed equal to the loss of a leg, and he got $2,600, while Sir THOMAS TROWBRIDGE, son of the distinguished Admiral of that name, was struck by a thirty-nine-pound-shot, which rendered amputation of the right leg and left foot necessary—crippling and maiming the gallant officer for life—and he only received $2,920. There must be something wrong in the awarding of compensation, when such a discrepancy exists between what he receives and what Gen. TORRENS obtains for a comparatively trifling wound.

Ensign BRABOOK, whose promotion depended upon his sword alone, got $239 34, for having received a musket ball in his right thigh; but Capt. BERKLEY is awarded $1,414 20, for a musket ball in the right leg—both officers being set down as "severely wounded." Now, Capt. BERKLEY, who holds a commission in the Scotch Fusileer Guards, is a son of Major-General BERKLEY, and served as aide-de-camp to his father at the Cape. He had influence at the Horse Guards, and hence the liberal compensation which he receives, as contrasted with that of poor Ensign BRABOOK.

Lieutenant CAHILL, of the 49th, received a ball in his right foot, and was allowed $359 10. Captain McDONALD, of the 92d, got $1,056 90 for a musket ball in the left foot. But Lieutenant CAHILL is an Irishman, without either aristocratic connections or political influence, and Captain McDONALD is the son of Major-General McDONALD, who has powerful friends at head-quarters. The distinctions thus arrived at, even among the officers, cannot fail to have a disorganizing effect upon the British Army, and to render it utterly unavailable for any great military undertaking, after it has been taught by adversity to abandon all belief in its own invincibility.

But if injustice be done to some officers in the meting out of rewards, how fares it with the miserable private soldier, who returns a mangled remnant of humanity from the scene of carnage? He is sometimes adjudged a fit recipient for a pension of 12 cents per day, and is more frequently consigned to the alms-house for the remainder of his painful existence.

JOHN O'SHAUGHNESSY, of Limerick, who returned home from the Crimea, and is now in Portsmouth Hospital, states: "The sinews of my arm fell out at Scutari Hospital, and others were obliged to be dragged out by the doctors. The arm is not worth a brass pin ever again." JAMES MAGRATH, of Clonmel, said to the Reporter of the London *Dispatch*: "Look at my legs, Sir—I am ashamed of them. I'll never get rid of the pains in my bones!" These two Irish soldiers get no compensation. They were not aristocrats—they did not belong to the privileged class. They were only privates. Such is the system—such the rules and regulations that govern the British Army.

Exportation of Specie.

While the pauperism and crime of European prisons and poor houses are disembogued upon our shores, and the responsibility of supporting destitution is shifted from the shoulders of monarchy in the old world, to the neck of republicanism in the new, the current specie of the United States is being largely abstracted from the country. We mentioned a few days since, that a single steamer brought to the port of New York, together with other merchandise, two hundred tons of Swiss and French goods, and we now find the *Pacific*, which sailed hence for Liverpool on Wednesday, carried out of the country *one million three hundred and thirteen thousand dollars in specie*. Whilst the money market is contracted at home, whilst employment for artisans and mechanics is scarce and wages low, and bankruptcy and breaking up of large firms the order of the day, manufactured goods are largely imported and hard cash weekly exported. It is a principle in mercantile, as well as in physical organizations, that, where consumption is in excess of production, prostration of the system inevitably follows. America is now the great mart for the produce of European labor. No manufactured article is taken in return, and all payments must therefore be in hard cash. The only American labor patronized in Europe, where there is such a holy horror of our Southern institutions, is slave labor. *They* pay the owners of the cotton pickers, and our *Eastern States abolitionists again pay for the* cotton, after it has undergone a certain transformation, in the shape of calico and other fabrics. At all events, amid the commercial and legislative blindness which pervades a certain class of politicians and tariff makers, American gold is shipped off to Europe to employ its paupers, while the great bulk of our population are clad in fabrics carried three thousand *miles across the sea*. DEAN SWIFT used to promulgate a very sound political maxim to his countrymen, when urging upon them the necessity *of fostering and sustaining native* manufactures—"burn everything English except their coal." The same advice, upon a broader scale, or by substituting Europe for England, and using it purely in a manufacturing sense, might be profitably adopted by America at the present time.

Fees of U. S. Judicial Officers.

It would seem that Congress, notwithstanding its material modification of the fees of Judicial officers, by the act of February, 1853, has not yet reformed the system sufficiently to secure justice, either to the Treasury or to parties accused of crime. The act referred to in fixing the fees of the U. S. District Attorney, provides that:

> "For each day of his necessary attendance in a Court of the United States, on the business of the United States, when the same shall be held at the place of his abode, five dollars, and the like sum for his attendance for each day of the term when the said Court shall be held elsewhere."
>
> "When an indictment for crime shall be tried before a Jury, and a conviction is had, in addition to the attorney's fees allowed by this act, the District Attorney may be allowed a counsel fee in proportion to the importance and difficulty of the cause, not exceeding thirty dollars."
>
> "In a trial before a Jury, in civil or criminal causes, docket fee is twenty dollars."

It will be seen at once that the first clause cited above makes it the interest of the District Attorney to appear just as often as possible in each case. This not only operates so as to run up the costs to the Government, but offers the prosecuting officer a temptation to postpone a trial as long as possible. In such cases, for instance, as that of Colonel KINNEY's, now pending, if a postponement to a distant day can be secured by the District Attorney, what a harvest of fees may he not expect to reap by appearing (at five dollars a day) to resist applications of the accused for reduction of bail, *habeas corpus* writs, &c., &c., &c? This is wrong—all wrong. It will be insufficient to say that an honest man will not take advantage of the law, because we know that it is done, day after day; and, besides, the law should not itself hold out temptations, even to the honest man appointed to see it executed.

An example of another operation of the clauses cited above, is furnished in our report of yesterday's proceedings in the United States District Court. RICHARD BROWN and six others on one indictment, and WILLIAM DUMASEY and five others on another indictment, pleaded *not guilty* to the charge of endeavoring to make a revolt on board ship. A jury was empanneled to try them; *not a particle of evidence was offered on either side*, but the District Attorney called up the case of each individual separately, and took a verdict of guilty in each without opposition. A glance now at the law we have quoted will show that the District Attorney would have received only five dollars if the accused had pleaded "guilty," while with the plea of "not guilty," and his separate verdicts, he gets (under the third of the quoted clauses) twenty dollars per man, and as much more as he can under the second clause. As we figure it, Mr. McKEON receives at least two hundred and sixty dollars of fees, in these simple cases.

Ordinarily, we believe, it is customary for Courts to pass lighter sentences upon culprits who plead guilty than upon those who insist upon a Jury trial. Whether or no the sailors, who seem to have been in Court yesterday for the purpose of rolling up counsel fees, are to suffer increased punishment because of their plea, probably will depend somewhat upon the question whether the Court is acquainted with the generous motives which may have impelled the accused to make fight when they knew they had no witnesses for their defence.

☞ Both Houses of the Legislature of the State of Connecticut, met in Convention yesterday, for the purpose of electing State Officers. W. T. MINER, the Know-Nothing Candidate, was elected Governor, by a large majority, as were, also, the other Know-Nothing Candidates for the other State offices.

The Message of Governor MINER, so far as we can judge from the abstracts furnished by telegraph, is eminently calculated to please a majority of the people at the present time. In reference to the propositions to allow people of color to vote, and requiring that all who use the elective franchise shall be able to read and write, he recommends that they go to the people. The school fund he reports in good condition. The dividend is $1 25 to each scholar. A repeal, or any modification of the law, prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquor, would, he is confident, be detrimental to the State. Under the law crime has decreased and poverty wears a less repulsive aspect. The treasury is not empty. Connecticut officials generally, are careful in money matters, and the consequence is, the new Administration finds $36,000 unexpended. The banks he believes, are sound.

It is not until the new Governor comes to consider the subject of immigration, that his peculiar political opinions appear. As many immigrants are Papists, he would have Americans ascertain whether it be possible for a good Roman Catholic to be, at the same time a good citizen of this Republic, or for a true lover of the Pope to be a true American. The Governor is evidently pretty strongly impressed with the idea that such is not to be expected.

☞ Miss LUCY STONE has succumbed at last. In spite of all her diatribes against the tyranny of marriage, and her assertion of woman's rights, she has come under the yoke, and is now the lawfully wedded wife of Mr. HENRY B. BLACKWELL. There is a great deal of human nature in Miss LUCY, after all. But though she yielded, she did not do it without a struggle. She protested against the tyranny to which she voluntarily submitted,—entering in a formal document her detestation of the laws to which nevertheless she of her own accord signified her obedience. And her husband, like a docile, affectionate partner, as we doubt not he is, joined in the protest,—which will be found in another column.

Are we to lose the benefit of Miss LUCY's lectures hereafter? Her husband is undoubtedly entitled by law to a large share of them,—but we presume he will not insist on an absolute monopoly. Our anniversary and other platform seasons would lack their usual spice if she abandons the rostrum.

☞ Archbishop HUGHES, in a card which we publish in another column, asks a suspension of the public judgment for ten days or a fortnight, concerning the question of veracity pending between Senator BROOKS and himself—promising at the end of that time to prove Mr. B. guilty of deliberate and repeated falsehoods.

☞ The Know-Nothings of New-Hampshire have, in State Council, adopted resolutions protesting against the repeal of the Missouri Compromise, against the Nebraska bill and the Fugitive Slave Law. They are pledged to resist further extension of Slavery.

☞ The Mayor of Troy has issued a notification under the advice of the City Attorney, that under the new Prohibitory Law it will be unlawful *to sell liquor in quantities less than five gallons*. The Attorney expresses concurrence with Mr. DILLON in the opinion that the law does not apply to imported liquors; and with Mr. HILL that it is unconstitutional. The Mayor closes his proclamation thus:

> The prohibitory law just now coming into operation, is one, upon the validity of which great difference of opinion exists, and upon the policy of which much honest distrust is felt. It is to be hoped that no time will be lost in obtaining a judicial decision as to its validity. Should the legality of the law be sustained, I have full faith that our citizens will respect it; and that any efforts for relief from its operation will be applied to the legislative branch of our Government. As an established *law*, neither public officer nor private citizen has a discretionary right as to its enforcement or observance.

Amusements.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—The "Trovatore" will be repeated to-night. A great crowd is expected.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

CARPETINGS.—PETERSON & HUMPHREY, No. 379 Broadway, corner White-st., have just received from the late large auction sales a large assortment of carpeting, &c., which they will sell at the following low prices:
Rich velvet carpet, [illegible] per yard.
Rich tapestry, [illegible] per yard.
Rich Brussels, [illegible] per yard.
Three-ply, [illegible] per yard.
Ingrain, (Lowell make,) [illegible].
And all other goods equally low.

"TIME IS MONEY."—MOST EMPHATICALLY true is this saying, to the mechanic or day laborer. Loss of time is loss of money, and of the direst means of subsistence. Hundreds of thousands of dollars are thus lost to the poorer classes by Fever and Ague. DESHLER'S ANTI-PERIODIC PILLS will restore strength and appetite, and effect a rapid cure, thus enabling the mechanic to prosecute his business. Sold by all Druggists, and by C. D. DESHLER, Agent, at the Wholesale Depôt, No. 361 Broadway, New-York.

TO LET,
OFFICES IN THE
SHOE AND LEATHER BANK,
Corner of Broadway and Chambers-st.
Inquire at the Bank.

INSTRUCTION VERSUS HUMBUG!—THIS WEEK and henceforth, no half price! No clap-trap!! No private boudoirs!!! Bookkeeping in all its branches and penmanship of every description are taught in an expeditious and superior manner by FOSTER & DIXON, No. 348 Broadway, (Appleton's Building.) Terms long established and no reductions.

GREAT MUSIC AND PIANO-FORTE WAREHOUSE.—ELY & MUNGER having taken possession of the spacious Warerooms, No. 539 Broadway, [illegible] Hotel, are now offering the most extensive and desirable assortment of Pianos and Melodeons to be found in the City, including the celebrated Triple Stringed Double Octave Piano, made by ourselves. [illegible] ELY & MUNGER, No. 539 Broadway.
N. B.—Pianos and Melodeons to let.

NEW MUSIC.—"MAYOR WOOD'S SONG," composed & dedicated to the Mayor by the [illegible] Family, and sung by them at their concerts with enthusiastic applause. 25 cents.
CHORUS—"Then here's for each and all a cheer,
We never shall be [illegible],
[illegible]
Fernando Wood is Mayor."
Also, the most popular pieces of the day at the reduced rates. HORACE WATERS, Publisher, No. 333 Broadway.

RICH & CO.'S SALAMANDER SAFES, WILDER'S PATENT, WITH POWDER-PROOF LOCKS [illegible]—Thirteen years in use, and [illegible] worth of books or papers consumed in one of them. [illegible] are secured by the celebrated La Belle Lock [illegible] STEARNS & MARVIN, Nos. 146 and 148 Water-st., the only makers of Salamander Safes combining Wilder's and Rich's patents.

GREAT BARGAINS IN FRENCH CHINA.—200 White China Dinner Sets, containing enough pieces to dine twelve persons, at $25; worth $35.
300 White China Dinner Sets, containing enough pieces to dine eighteen persons, at $35; worth $50.
300 White China Tea Sets at $4 50; worth $6 50.
Gilt Band and richly decorated sets in the same proportion.
W. J. F. DAILEY & CO., Marble Stores, Nos. 631 and 633 Broadway.

MOURNING GOODS, MOURNING GOODS.—IN ADDITION to our large stock, we will open THIS MORNING [illegible]
E. H. LEADBEATER & CO., No. 347 Broadway, corner of Leonard-st.

EMBROIDERIES AT A GREAT SACRIFICE.—WE will open THIS MORNING an immense stock of Rich Embroidered Under-Handkerchiefs and Under-Sleeves, Collars, Worked Bands, Pocket Handkerchiefs, &c., which we will sell at one-half their cost to manufacture. Also, 200 pairs of Rich Lace Curtains from $5 to $20 per pair. The above are the cheapest goods ever offered in the City.
E. H. LEADBEATER & CO., No. 347 Broadway, corner of Leonard-st.

SHAWLS FROM AUCTION.—Just received the following lot of Shawls, which we will offer at a discount of 50 per cent. from the cost of importation: Cashmere Long Shawls, all colors, Cashmere square do., Printed, Thibet do., Wool, Long and Square do. [illegible] plain Canton Crape do., of superior quality.
E. H. LEADBEATER & CO., No. 347 Broadway, corner of Leonard-st.

MILLER'S LADIES' FRENCH SHOE STORE, No. 134 Canal-st. The fashionable world is well acquainted with the superior lightness and elegance of French Boots and Shoes. Mr. MILLER is famous among the [illegible] for his inimitable Gaiters, Buskins, Slippers, &c. [illegible]

ARCHBISHOP HUGHES, SENATOR BROOKS, Lieutenant Governor Raymond and John Robinson—whatever may be the difficulty between these gentlemen, they are all agreed on one subject, viz: that RAFFERTY & LEASK make the most distingué hats of the season. Call and see if you can agree with them, at the stores No. 57 Chatham and corner Chatham and Pearl-sts.

EMPHATICALLY TRUE—FIRST IN FASHION, first in form, and first in the hearts of his countrymen. What? Why, KNOX'S hats to be sure. You see them everywhere that gentlemen "most do congregate," and you can obtain them at No. 128 Fulton-st., and No. 533 Broadway. Call and see his Spring style. It is a model of artistic elegance.

NEW MUSIC.—"SAM," A SONG; WORDS AND Music by J. E. [illegible]; Title Page embellished with a highly artistic ideal of "Uncle Sam's Youngest," by the celebrated Artists, Messrs. SARONY & Co. Price 25 cents. Also, the most popular pieces of the day at the reduced rates. HORACE WATERS, Publisher, No. 333 Broadway.

LET THIS BE YOUR GUIDE.
English Velvet Carpets, [illegible] per yard.
English Tapestry Carpets, [illegible] per yard.
English Three-ply Carpets, [illegible] per yard.
Ingrain Carpets, [illegible]
HIRAM ANDERSON, [illegible]

ANTHONY J. BLEECKER, AUCTIONEER.—IN ADDITION to his Real Estate business, the subscriber has established in his office a department for the sale of Furniture. A competent person will be found at the desk for the reception of orders, and the general supervision of that branch of business. ANTHONY J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer, No. 7 Broad-st.

NOTICE.—THE FURNITURE ADVERTISED BY US for sale at the Brevoort House, to take place [illegible] instant, has been withdrawn by Messrs. A. T. Stewart & Co., they having sold the same to Mr. Clark of the Howard House. The sale will therefore not take place.
HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., [illegible]

Nos. 33 and 35 JOHN-STREET.
POINTS.—IF YOU WOULD COMBINE AND WILL accept the desirable four points, viz.: Material, Make, Fit and Price, that are necessary to your peace of mind, as far as your clothing is concerned, [illegible] DEVLIN & JESSUP, corner of John and Nassau-sts.

TEN THOUSAND WHISKERS OR HEADS OF HAIR dyed by as many different nostrums will present a variety of colors, but not one that is natural. CRISTADORO'S EXCELSIOR HAIR DYE alone counterfeits nature perfectly, uniformly, and without injuring the hair. Manufactured, sold, and applied No. 6 Astor House.

A NOVELTY.—COMPLETE SPRING SUITS $12.—These suits are made from a new style of woolen goods called Zephyr Cassimeres, of superior finish and most delicate shades. EVANS' Clothing Warehouse, Nos. 66 and 68 Fulton-st.

PAPER HANGINGS.—THOMAS JONES, IMPORTER and Manufacturer of Paper Hangings, No. 381 Grand-st., corner of Suffolk-st., is constantly receiving all the newest and choicest patterns of paper hangings, including Decorations for Parlors, [illegible]

SAVE YOUR MONEY, AND BUY YOUR SHOES at GORMAN'S new store, No. 125 Canal-st., where you can get the best quality of Ladies' Gaiters, of his own manufacture, for [illegible] a pair. Also, Misses' and Children's Shoes at equally low prices.

REMOVED.—G. J. WOOD & CO., PROPRIETORS of Professor Wood's Celebrated Hair Restorative, have removed their depôt from No. 316 to No. 312 Broadway, nearly opposite the City Hospital, where they will be happy to see all their old customers and the public generally.

FRENCH CHINA FROM AUCTION.—LOW PRICES.—Tea sets, dining sets, fruit baskets, cigar boxes, ice cups, Cologne bottles, match boxes, [illegible] toilet sets.
DAVIS COLLAMORE, No. 447 Broadway, near Grand-st.

PIANOS TO LET IN BROOKLYN.—A large variety of Pianos at reasonable rents, may be found at No. 25 Court-st. (marble block.) Three second-hand Pianos for sale very low. Also, new Pianos. W. B. MATHEWS, No. 25 Court-st., Brooklyn.

CINDERELLA OWED HER GOOD FORTUNE TO the maker of her shoes. There are thousands of Ladies in this City equally indebted to CANTRELL, of No. 336 Bowery. CANTRELL'S twelve shilling Gaiters are really exquisite, and his Slippers and Buskins are above all praise.

BEEBE & CO., NO. 156 BROADWAY, HAVE JUST received a large assortment of Pedestrian Soft Hats, extra fine and light. Their assortment of Fashionable Hats and Caps for gentlemen's Spring and Summer wear is complete and comprises every variety.

DEFIANCE SALAMANDER SAFES.—ROBERT M. PATRICK is the sole manufacturer in the United States of the above celebrated Safes, and F. C. GOFFIN'S [illegible] Depôt No. 192 Pearl-st., [illegible]

Nos. 33 and 35 JOHN-STREET.
KING.—THERE IS NONE YOU WILL REGARD for purchasing your clothing at DEVLIN & JESSUP, viz.: Comfort with satisfaction, economy with style, and a saving of time in fitting out your wants.

LONG ISLAND.

Proceedings of Importance to Long Island—The City of Brooklyn and the Long Island Railroad Company.

The argument on the motion to make perpetual the injunction obtained by Joseph F. Bridges to restrain the Corporation of Brooklyn from consummating the contract between the city of Brooklyn and the Long Island and Jamaica Railroad Companies, relative to Atlantic-avenue, was commenced yesterday, before Judge Rockwell, of the Supreme Court, in Chambers.

J. H. Van Cott, Esq., appeared for plaintiff, and John Dikeman, H. C. Murphy and N. F. Waring, Esqs., for the city.

Mr. Van Cott, in opening, called the attention of the Court to the following points:

First—Whether the proposed contract is valid.

Second, Whether the city has authority to make such a contract.

Third, Whether there are insuperable or Constitutional objections; and

Fourth, Whether an injunction is an appropriate remedy.

The road of the Company might be considered as embracing a chain of four links: The first, from the South Ferry to Gowanus-lane; the second, from Gowanus-lane to Clason-avenue; the third, from Clason-avenue to and through Schuyler-street to Franklin-avenue; and from Franklin-avenue to the city line.

The contract provides for the addition of 50 feet to the width of Atlantic-avenue and Schuyler-street, and ceding to the Company 30 feet in the centre of the avenue. After the streets have been graded and paved, the Company shall have exclusive use of 30 feet in the centre, and that the expense of said improvement shall be assessed in the local district. In addition to these grants Atlantic-avenue shall be brought to a certain stipulated grade; the Company shall also have the right to lay double tracks the entire length for city railroads. Then the bill provides that the Company shall have the right to use steam so long as their charters shall be renewed under the general acts.

Counsel contended that the Company had no right to make such contracts.

Mr. Murphy put in several papers. The first was the minutes of the Common Council of April 24 and 4th, containing the action of that body relative to this law passed by the Legislature, and agreed to by the Board. Also the affidavit of John D. Lawrence and thirteen other property holders on the line of Atlantic-avenue, giving their assent to the contract which they deem just and proper. Likewise the affidavit of John A. Dayton, stating that no misrepresentation or fraud had been made use of in order to secure the passage of the act by the Legislature. The certified copy of the act was also produced.

Mr. Van Cott contended that the Legislature passed the law under the supposition that an agreement had been perfected between the city and the companies, whereas he held that such had not been the case, and that consequently the Legislature had been imposed upon. As the case stood each party could refuse to ratify the contract. There being no contract, the city was not authorized to make one.

He contended that the contract was unconstitutional in such material points as to vitiate the whole, as it authorized the taking of private property for use of the company without compensation to the owners.

Hon. H. C. Murphy for the Defense, urged the following points:

That the Court had no power to interfere with the action of the Legislature so long as that action is constitutional.

That the agreement between the Long Island Railroad Company and the Common Council, did not contain anything that was unconstitutional.

That the agreement about to be entered into depended on the action of the Legislature to ratify it; and if the law already passed did not ratify it, it could not take effect.

That it could not be doubted but that the parties had a right to enter into the agreement.

That the Corporation had the right to grant the Railroad Company the right to use steam under the Company's charter, and that they were about to grant them no new power.

That the agreement between the Common Council and the Company was not a law to bind the citizens, and that the Mayor's veto was not operative as it would have been if exercised in the case of a law. That the Mayor was a component part of the Common Council, (see first section of City Charter) and had a right to vote—if he had so chosen, and that the two-third vote was sufficient without his approval.

That the application was premature, inasmuch as that there was yet no assessment made, and the plaintiff must show that his property was liable to be assessed, which he was not yet in a position to do.

Mr. Dikeman followed on the same side, and Mr. Van Cott replied.

The argument occupied a considerable time, and judgment was reserved, Judge Rockwell promising to give an early decision.

Brooklyn City Court—Judge Culver.

Erastus D. Culver, Esq., has taken the oath of office as City Judge, for six years from the 1st of May. The oath was taken before Judge Rockwell, and has been duly filed. The May Term of his Court will be opened by Judge Culver on Monday next, but the general impression is, that but little business will be transacted before him, as his title to the office is in some quarters, regarded as doubtful.

New Fire Engine.

A new Fire Company has been recently organized at Greenpoint, under the name of Valley Forge Engine Company, No. 11, Eastern District of Brooklyn, and on Wednesday brought home their engine—Philadelphia make—double decked. Frederick Parsons is Foreman, and W. Dean, Assistant.

The Floating Balance Dock—A Black Crew.

Yesterday the English steamship Teviot was raised upon the floating balance dock at Greenpoint with complete success for recoppering and thorough repairs. This will give temporary employment to a large number of men in that section much in need of work. This steamer carries the West India mail, and the crew are all negroes.

Laying a Corner Stone.

The corner stone of a Church to be erected by the German Evangelical Mission Church, of the Eastern District of Brooklyn, was laid yesterday afternoon with appropriate exercises, at the corner of Leonard and Stagg-streets. Two addresses were made, one in German and the other in English.

Proclamation of the Mayor of Buffalo.

The Mayor of the City of Buffalo has issued a proclamation, in which he says the opinion furnished by the Counsel and District Attorney of the City of New-York, having led some to the conclusion that the recent act of the Legislature for the restriction of the sale of intoxicating liquors has legalized its sale on Sundays throughout the State, he feels called upon to disabuse the minds of his constituents on the subject, and for that purpose directs their attention to the fact that a city ordinance, prohibiting the sale on Sundays, is still in force.

Second Attempt to Sound the Niagara River at the Bridge—Strange Result.

From the Buffalo Democracy.

Suspension Bridge, April 28, 1855.

Sam'l Wilkeson, Esq.—*Dear Sir*: I received a copy of the *Democracy*, with your account of my attempt at sounding the river. After you left, another attempt was made, with a similar iron of about 40 pounds weight, attached to a No. 11 wire—all freely suspended, so as not to impede the fall of the weight. I then let the weight fall from the Bridge, a height of 225 feet. It struck the surface fairly, with the point down—must have sunk to some depth, but was not longer out of sight than about *one second*, when it made its appearance again on the surface, about 100 feet down stream, and skipped along like a chip, until it was checked by the wire. We then commenced hauling in slowly, which made the iron bounce like a ball, when a cake of ice struck it, and ended the sport.

I am satisfied that no metal has sufficient specific gravity to pierce that current—even with the momentum acquired by a fall of 225 feet! The velocity of the iron when striking, must have been about equal to 124 feet per second—and consequently its momentum near 5,000 pounds. The surface opposed to the current was about 10 sup. inches. This will give an idea of the strength of that current, and at the same time hint at the Titan forces that have been at work to scoop out the bed of the Niagara river.

I am now satisfied that our friend, the English Captain, was sounding in vain. Yours, respectfully and truly, JOHN A. ROEBLING.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Dr. Morse's Invigorating Elixir or Cordial.—Are you weak, dyspeptic, nervous, subject to sudden flushes, [illegible] with neuralgia or tic douloureux, irregular in any physical function, enervated in any organ, subject to spasmodic pains of any kind? Here is your remedy. Is your mind, your memory, clouded; does your head fail you in business; are you depressed in spirits, debilitated, worn out and utterly "out of heart?" Here is your renovator. Here is a stimulant more effective than alcohol; permanent in its effects and harmless to the system. C. H. RING, Proprietor, No. 192 Broadway, New-York. Sold by Druggists throughout the United States, Canada, and the West Indies.

Fruit and Ornamental Trees and Plants.—Including everything necessary to the Garden, Greenhouse, Nursery, and Orchard, with all the recent introductions, at very low rates. Descriptive price Catalogues gratis. Postage paid to New-York. Ornamental and other planting done in any part of the country. Address B. M. WATSON, Old Colony Nurseries, Plymouth, Mass.

To Nervous Sufferers.—A retired Clergyman, restored to health in a few days, after many years of great nervous suffering, is anxious to make known the means of cure. Will send (free) the prescription used. Direct, Rev. JOHN M. DAGNALL, No. 57 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, N. Y.

The Russian Salve—25 Cents a Box.—A Remedy of 30 years standing—a sure and speedy cure for Burns, Sores, Boils, and all external injuries; recommended by physicians. Sold by all druggists in the United States. A. B. & D. SANDS, C. V. CLICKENER & CO., C. H. RING, New-York; WM. S. ZIEBER, Philadelphia; and REDDING & CO., Boston.

Balm of Thousand Flowers—For beautifying the Complexion and eradicating all Tan, Pimples and Freckles from the face. FETRIDGE & CO., Boston. C. H. RING, Broadway, Agents.

Notice.—At a recent meeting of brethren interested in our Church Missionary operations, it was

Resolved, That a public meeting be held to take into consideration the subject of the extension of the Reformed Dutch Church in the West, according to the resolution of the last General Synod.

Such meeting will accordingly be held on FRIDAY EVENING next, May 4, at 7½ o'clock, in the Reformed Dutch Church, corner of 4th-st. and Lafayette place, at which Rev. J. M. Ferris of Chicago, and Rev. J. L. See of Buffalo, will make statements of the fields in which they are laboring, and an address may be expected from Rev. Dr. Bethune.

Respectfully,
Rev. I. Garretson, T. Brower, E. M. Peeler, Committee of Arrangements.
New-York, April 30, 1855. Synod Rooms, No. 337 Broadway.

Emigrant Intelligence Office and Labor Exchange is Removed from No. 27 Canal-st. to the corner of Centre and Canal-sts., New-York. The Office is established by the Commissioners of Emigration, where can always be found large numbers of laborers and servants at very low rates of wages, and persons can have their orders filled by writing to the Superintendent, and sending the amount necessary to pay the passage of the parties required. No fees charged to employers. JAMES P. FAGAN, Superintendent.

Removal.—HOLMES & BUTLER'S Alum Patent Safe depot has been REMOVED to Nos. 30 and 32 Maiden-lane, (below Liberty,) where an assortment of their new PATENT ALUM-FILLED SAFES may be seen, as well as the (original) Safe made by them, which received the first and only medal at the great Crystal Palace test of 84 hours, in 1853. N. B.—A written warrantee of dryness given with each Safe.

New York City Literary Union.—The third quarterly session of this Congress of Literary Societies will be held at Clinton Hall, Astor-place, commencing on the evening of TUESDAY, the 8th of May, and continuing for the three successive evenings. Exercises to commence at 8 o'clock. The public are invited to be present. DOUGLASS LEFFINGWELL, President. G. W. SOUTHWICK, Rec Secretary.

Splendid Evergreens and other Trees.—WM. R. PRINCE & CO., Flushing, L. I., have several thousand NORWAY SPRUCE, DEODAR CEDAR and other Evergreens and Deciduous Ornamental Trees, of extra large size, for immediate embellishment. Also extra large Fruit Trees in a bearing state; splendid Dahlias, and all other flowering plants.

The Anniversary of the Five Points House of Industry—Rev. L. M. Pease, Superintendent—Will be held on WEDNESDAY, the 9th inst., at 3 o'clock, P. M., in the Tabernacle. Addresses by Rev. Dr. Tyng, Rev. Dr. Osgood, Rev. T. L. Cuyler and Rev. Mr. Cleveland, of Northumberland, Mass.

Messrs. Hays, Hincks, Carey & Co., Legal and General Reporters and Shorthand Writers, are prepared to execute all orders with which they may be favored, in the most correct and expeditious manner. Notes of evidence supplied the morning after being reported. Offices, Nos. 16 and 17 Franklin Building, No. 135 Broadway.

At a Meeting of the Students of COLUMBIA COLLEGE, held on the 3d of May, 1855, a Committee was appointed to draw up a letter expressive of the sympathy they feel for their President in the loss he has sustained in the death of his son-in-law, Rev. Mr. Halsey. COLUMBIA COLLEGE, May 3, 1855.

Protestant Episcopal Free Church of the Holy Evangelists—(St. George's Chapel,) Beekman-st., corner of Cliff. Service EVERY SUNDAY, at 10½ o'clock A. M. and 3½ o'clock P. M.

Without Danger, without Stench, and sure to exterminate effectually rats, mice, cockroaches, &c., and no humbug, is COSTAR'S EXTERMINATOR. Wholesale and retail depot, No. 388 Broadway, New-York.

Dentist—Removal.—S. W. JUDSON, dentist, has removed his office from No. 105 East Broadway, to No. 113 8th-st., a few doors west of Broadway.

Removal.—HOPKINS, ALLEN & CO., have removed from No. 116 Broadway to No. 46 Chambers-st.

PERSONAL.

A CARD.—This is to certify that the differences between Mr. WILLIAM HAENGER and myself have been arranged, and the customers of the Bakery will please settle all outstanding accounts with him, I having no further claim thereon. Signed, GEW. WIDMAYER. NEW-YORK, April 18, 1855.

CARD.—My attention being called to a card signed Ephraim H. Hudson, in to-day's papers, in reference to the charge now pending against me and Mr Carroll, I beg leave to say to the public that I should be very sorry to be mistaken for him.—May 3, 1855. E. H. HUDSON.

MILLINERY.

PATENT BONNET FRAMES AND SEAMLESS CROWNS.
THE NEW-YORK BONNET FRAME MANUFACTURING COMPANY
Have the only patent for making Wire Frames; also, Seamless Crowns made entire, without crease, seam or wrinkle, an article long desired by milliners. Constantly on hand, a large stock of the latest and best
PARIS SHAPES,
in Wire, Buckram and French Lace, all colors, to which they invite the attention of buyers.
PLYMOUTH BONNET WIRE-WORKS
Manufacture Shirring Silk, Paper, Cotton, Framing and Bracing-wire of every description and color, which they are offering at reduced prices. Particular attention to packing and shipping. Orders from the country promptly filled, at lowest prices. Depot No. 28 Cortlandt-st. THEODORE LE HURAY, Sole Agent.

SHAKER BONNETS
For sale by IDE, FELT & HALL, Dealers in STRAW GOODS, Nos. 9 and 11 Park-place.

STRAW GOODS.

STRAW BONNETS, CHEAP FOR CASH.
A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF STRAW GOODS
of the choicest styles and shapes, at J. H. HARLEY'S, No. 34 John-st.

WATCHES! WATCHES!!—The subscriber is selling all descriptions of Gold and Silver Watches, at retail, lower than any house in the City.

FINE GOLD LEPINE WATCHES, 4 holes jeweled	$25
BEAUTIFUL ENAMELED LADIES' WATCHES	35
SPLENDID ENAMELED LADIES' WATCHES, with diamonds in case	50
GOLD DETACHED LEVERS, full jeweled	35
GOLD ENAMELED HUNTING WATCHES	45
GOLD DETACHED LEVERS, for Ladies, rich engraved cases	38
FINE GOLD HUNTING LEPINES, for Ladies	35
FINE GOLD HUNTING DETACHED LEVERS, full jeweled	40
SPLENDID LEVER WATCHES for Daguerreotypes	115
RICH WATCHES, which wind up and set without a key	85
REAL JULES JURGENSEN WATCHES, perfect time-keepers	$150 to $300
REAL COOPER WATCHES, Duplex and Levers	125 to 250
INDEPENDENT SECOND and QUARTER-SECOND WATCHES, for timing horses	75 to 250
SPLENDID GOLD POCKET CHRONOMETERS, perfect time-keepers	125 to 250
WATCHES which run eight days with once winding	125 to 175
RICH MAGIC WATCHES for Ladies and Gentlemen, which change into three different Watches	100 to 175
GOLD ENGLISH PATENT LEVERS	35 to 55
GOLD HUNTING-CASE ENGLISH PATENT LEVERS	50 to 75
SILVER ENGLISH PATENT LEVERS	15 to 25
SILVER DETACHED LEVERS	14 to 25
SILVER LEPINE WATCHES	— to —

SPLENDID GOLD and SILVER ENGLISH PATENT LEVERS, made by M. J. Tobias, and other celebrated makers.
VERY FINE DUPLEX WATCHES, made by T. F. Cooper, Warner, and all celebrated makers.
Watches Cleaned and Repaired in the best manner, at much less than the usual prices. All Watches warranted to keep good time. GEO. C. ALLEN, Importer, Wholesale and Retail, No. 11 Wall-st., second floor, near Broadway.

THE LOVELINESS IMPARTED to the skin by the free use of GOURAUD'S exquisite ITALIAN MEDICATED SOAP, amply supplies any deficiency in gracefulness. The horde of cuticular blemishes—such, for instance, as Tan, Freckles, Pimples, Sallowness, Sunburn, Pustules, Rashes, Ringworm, Redness and Roughness—depart from before this wonderful Soap, as the rank night dews are dispersed by the morning sun. Its soothing and healing qualities make it peculiarly valuable to the tender skins of infants; and for the purposes of shaving or bathing, (either in hard or salt water,) it is just the article wanted. GOURAUD'S POUDRE SUBTILE is the only depilatory extant which will uproot superfluous hair, without injury to the most delicate skin. GOURAUD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE will make wiry hair silky and glossy, force hair to grow where it has fallen off, and prevent hair from turning prematurely gray. GOURAUD'S LIQUID ROUGE is a beautiful article for staining pale cheeks and lips a delicate rose color. GOURAUD'S LILY WHITE is the only article ladies should use for whitening the complexion. Dr. FELIX GOURAUD'S really valuable preparations are only to be had genuine at No. 67 Walker-st., first store from Broadway; CLICKENER, No. 89 Barclay-st.; CALLENDER, No. 88 South 3d-st., Philadelphia; and BATES, No. 129 Washington-st., Boston, &c.

SIXTEENTH WARD RELIEF ASSOCIATION.—This Association having brought their labors to a close, present the following statement to their fellow-citizens:

Amount received by subscription	$2,516 76
Donation from Charity ball	300 00
Donation from Commissioners of Emigration	50 00
Donation from City authorities	247 00
Profit of one week's sales, by G. Thompson and McDonald	61 80
Forty-nine pork barrels	12 25
Total	[illegible]

The Association have distributed 130 barrels potatoes, 3,400 loaves bread, 25,000 pounds meal, 17,290 pounds codfish, 3,408 pounds pork, 2,600 pounds sugar, 240 pounds tea, 4,400 pounds rice, 2,800 pounds beef, 160 bushels turnips, 230 pounds herring, 220 bushels beans, 230 pounds flour. There have been 1,075 families relieved, composed of 4,470 persons, of which 3,600 were Irish, 241 American, 105 colored, 100 English, 31 Scotch, 8 French, 27 German, 4 Polanders. THOS. CHRISTIE, Chairman. EDWARD P. CLARK, Secretary. WM. H. SMITH, Treasurer.

WASHINGTON CEMETERY, NEAR GREENWOOD.—The cheapest in the State. Single graves for adults, $4; children [illegible]. Lots $30 for every 250 square feet. The Greenwood price for 250 square feet, $100. Our price for 250 square feet, $30. Books supplied at the Trustees' Office, No. 136 Chatham-st.

WANTED.

SITUATIONS WANTED—By three competent and highly recommended young women, one for chamberwork and waiting or laundress, one smart and competent nurse; will do chamberwork; the other general housework, all are fully competent to discharge their duties faithfully and honestly, and have strong and satisfactory reference. Are willing and obliging. To be seen at Mrs. MANNING'S advertising office, 386 11th-av., near 27th-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED—By two neat and tidy girls, who wish places immediately; one as plain cook, a most excellent washer and ironer, a good baker of bread and biscuit; has the best of City reference; the other as chambermaid and waitress, a fine sewer, can take nurse's place; they will take 2d each if in one family, or separate in this City or Brooklyn. Call at No. 217 East 22d-st., in the fancy store.

SITUATIONS WANTED—By two American young women; one as nurse and seamstress; the other as chambermaid and waiter. Also, by a Protestant young woman as cook, or to do general housework. Also, by two nice American girls one 14 the other 16. Also, by a cook with five years' reference. Apply at No. 264 Mulberry-st., corner of Houston-st., in the basement.

SITUATION WANTED—By a single steady man, as coachman and groom in a private family, who thoroughly understands how to manage young horses and train them. Would have no objection to travel or live in town or country. The best of City reference from his last place. Call on Mr. TRAYNER, No. 372 Broadway, corner White-st., for two days, between the hours of 12 and 4.

SITUATIONS WANTED—In the City or country, by two very experienced girls with good City reference. One as a good cook and to wash and iron in a private family; the other as chambermaid and waiter or as chambermaid and laundress. To be seen till suited at No. 223 East 17th-st., 2d floor, front room.

SITUATIONS WANTED—In the City or country, by two very experienced girls, with good City reference—one as cook and to wash and iron, or to do the housework of a private family; the other as nurse and seamstress, or as chambermaid and seamstress. Call at No. 72 6th-av., in the book store.

SITUATION WANTED.—A respectable and experienced girl wishes for a situation as chambermaid and seamstress, or to assist in washing and ironing. She can be highly recommended by her present employer, at No. 397 4th-av., for two days. No objection to go a short distance in the country.

SITUATION WANTED—By a respectable girl having the best of City references, to do general housework; understands milk and butter, and can bake good bread; is willing to go in the country and desires to please her employers. Call or send to No. 18 11th-st., for 2 days. Wages no object.

SITUATION WANTED—By a young woman, as seamstress, or chambermaid and seamstress. Can do all kinds of family sewing. Can cut and fit, if required, ladies' and children's dresses, or curl their hair. The best of City references from where she lived two years. Call or address a letter to No 122 West 28th st., near 8th-av., for two days.

SITUATION WANTED—As chambermaid by a respectable girl, who leaves her present place (where she has lived a long time) owing to breaking up housekeeping; would be willing to assist at washing and ironing. She has the reference of her present home—No. 190 West 25th-st.—where please inquire.

SITUATION WANTED—By a competent and perfectly temperate man, 40 years of age, as waiter in a private family. He is first class in every respect. City references given. Apply, for address, to THOS. SPINK, No. 241 Broadway, (basement.)

SITUATION WANTED—By a very neat and respectable young woman, as chambermaid and waitress, or as plain cook and laundress. She is highly recommended, and will be found willing and obliging. Apply No. 27 West 13th-st., corner 6th-av. Can be seen for two days.

SITUATIONS WANTED—By two very experienced girls with good City reference; one as a good cook and to wash and iron in a private family; the other as chambermaid and waiter, or as chambermaid and seamstress. Call at No. 72 6th-av., in the book store.

SITUATION WANTED—By a very respectable and efficient young girl as chambermaid and waiter; has no objection to go a short distance in the country. Can give satisfactory reference from her former employers. Please apply at No. 36 Atlantic st., Brooklyn, for two days.

SITUATION AS TEACHER WANTED—By a young man who has had five years' experience in teaching the English branches, and the elements of Latin. A situation as teacher in a school or private family. Good references given. Address F. M., Times Office.

SITUATION WANTED—To do general housework, by a smart, active girl. Has two years' reference from her last place. First rate washer and ironer. Can be seen at her former employer's, No. 62 West 25th-st., one door east of 6th-av., for two days.

SITUATION WANTED—By a Protestant girl as nurse for a young child or children. Can refer to the family with whom she has lived several years. Would not object to the country for the Summer. Can be seen for two days at her present employer's, No. 30 West 23d-st.

SITUATION WANTED—By a respectable young woman as good plain cook, is a first-rate washer and ironer. Best of City reference from her last place. Call at No 129 Court-st., between Warren and Baltic. Can be seen until suited.

SITUATION WANTED—By a first-rate cook; has no objections to going a short distance in the country. Is living in her last place, where she may be seen for two days, No 75 Columbia st., near Orange, Brooklyn.

SITUATION WANTED—By a young woman, as laundress in a private family. Has no objection to the country. [illegible]

SITUATION WANTED—By a competent person, as seamstress; is a Protestant; leaves in consequence of the family going to Europe. Can be seen at her present situation, No. 2 Madison-square, north, East 26th-st.

SITUATION WANTED—By a respectable Protestant woman, as cook and assist in the washing; is a good baker; has reference. Can be seen for three days at No 88 Sands-st., Brooklyn.

SITUATIONS WANTED—By two respectable girls—one as cook; the other as chambermaid or laundress. Have good City references. Apply at No. 44 Amos-st., front basement, for one day, from 9 to 3 o'clock.

SITUATION WANTED—For a cook, whom we can recommend in every respect. Leaves her place because we are going in the country. Call at No. 240 West 23d-st., or address Box No. 1,620 New-York Post-Office.

SITUATION WANTED—By a respectable girl as waitress, and would assist in chamberwork. Best of City reference can be given from her last place, where she lived four years. Call at No. 105 East 11th st., for two days.

SITUATION WANTED—By a tidy girl, to do general housework; is a good plain cook, and an excellent laundress, with good City reference. Can be seen for one day, at No. 280 Houston st., between Norfolk and Suffolk-sts.

SITUATION WANTED—By a highly respectable and capable woman, as nurse and seamstress; would like to travel. Lived five years in her last place. To be seen at No 250 East 14th-st., Avenue A and B, first floor in the rear.

SITUATION WANTED—As wet nurse, by a respectable widow; has a healthy breast of milk. Apply between 11 A. M. and 3 P. M., at No. 10 Washington-place.

SITUATION WANTED—By a respectable woman, as wet nurse. The best of City references given. Call at No. 243 Hudson-av., Brooklyn.

SITUATION WANTED—By a young woman in a private family, as plain sewer and assist in the care of children. Apply at No 197 West 16th-st.

SITUATION WANTED—As chambermaid or waiter, by a Scotch Protestant woman, with best of City reference from her last places. Inquire No. 97 East 16th-st.

SITUATION WANTED—By a Protestant girl as chambermaid and seamstress. Can be seen for two days at her present place, No. 30 West 23d-st.

WANTED—At the Christian Home for Female Servants, on 20th-st., between 4th and Lexington-avs., fifty servants in every capacity.

WOMAN WANTED—In a small private family, to go a short distance in the country—a Scotch, German, or American woman—to do general housework, and who understands milking. Apply at No. 165 West 30th-st.

WOMAN WANTED—(Not a Catholic)—To take care of a little girl and infant. Must have experience and references. Such an one can have a permanent situation by applying, for two days, at No. 77 Johnson-street, Brooklyn.

AN INTELLIGENT AND EXPERIENCED PROTESTANT WOMAN WANTED—To take charge of one child and do light chamber work. None need apply except those having the highest testimonials from their last employers. Inquire at No. 50 Pierrepont-st., Brooklyn.

AGENTS WANTED, AGENTS WANTED—To visit the principal places in the United States and Canada, to sell an entirely new sheet map of Europe, Crimea and the Baltic Sea, with portraits of the principal crowned heads. It shows the routes and distances from London and Paris to Cronstadt, Constantinople, Sebastopol, Vienna, and many other large cities—Army and Navy of the World—Forces in the Crimea—Population of Europe, &c. Price 25 cents. My old Agents are notified that this is new and must outsell everything in the sheet or map line. Address A. H. JOCELYN, No. 60 Fulton-st., New-York.

MEN WANTED.—A number of active practical business men to subscribe from $300 to $500 each to a joint stock company, for the exclusive manufacture in this country of a valuable and important invention of high repute, and extensively used in Europe. Young men who could also act as travelling agents preferred. Address FULTON, Times Office.

EMPLOYERS IN CITY AND COUNTRY—Wanting good and reliable female servants in every capacity and of every nation, can get well suited this day at WESLEY'S Up-town Select Female Office, No. 195 7th-av., between 22d and 23d-sts. A lady in attendance.

A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT WOMAN, who has seen better days, would attend a few young ladies at their own residence, to give instruction in writing. Can give most respectable references as to character, &c. MARION C. WARNER, No. 7 Dunham-place, 30th-st., between 6th and 7th-avs.

NURSE.—A respectable girl wishes a situation, and is capable of taking entire charge of an infant, which capacity she has filled for seven years. Has no objection to the country. Satisfactory reference can be given from her present place, where she has been a year. Inquire for two days at No. 9 East 16th-st., between 5th av. and Broadway.

AN INTELLIGENT LAD WANTED—Not over 15 years old, to take care of an office. Salary $50 to $100 first year. Address Box No. 4,581 Post-Office.

THE PROTESTANT EMPLOYMENT SOCIETY'S OFFICE, No. 7 Carmine-st., near Bleecker-st., is the oldest established, and has the best selection of servants in the City. Families can depend on being suited. JOHN YOUNG, Agent.

CHURCH MUSIC.—A competent Organist (first-class musician,) wishes to change his situation and take an engagement in one of the up-town Protestant churches. Several good singers and an experienced leader (tenor) wish the same. Address W. D. R., Box No. 182 New-York Post-Office.

ALTO SINGER.—Situation wanted for a first-class Alto Singer in some Church in New-York or Brooklyn—Brooklyn preferred. For particulars, inquire at the Music store of HORACE WATERS, No. 333 Broadway.

WANTED—At No. 241 Broadway, (basement,) schoolteachers, salesmen, clerks, bookkeepers, porters, coachmen, barkeepers, waiters, men on steamers, boys to learn trades, cooks, chambermaids, &c. Charges moderate. THOS SPINK.

PROTESTANT AND OTHER DOMESTICS—Can be obtained at the American and Foreign Employment Society, No. 13 Bible House, Astor-place. Several Welsh girls as cooks and chambermaids.

WANTED.

TWENTY FIRST-RATE GIRLS WANTED IMMEDIATELY—Who fully understand feeding on the Adams Press, to whom first-rate wages will be given. None need apply but those who can come well recommended from their last employer. They will be required to go a short distance from the City, and no agreement for less than one year accepted. Inquire at No. 59 Gold-st., between 8 and 10 A. M.

YOUNG MAN WANTED—To take care of horses and make himself generally useful about the store. An American preferred. Inquire at the Hardware Store, No. 83 Grand-st., corner of 2d, Williamsburg.

TO LAWYERS.—Wanted, a situation as copyist for a few days in a lawyer's office, by a good rapid writer. Board the only remuneration wanted. Address COPYIST, Times Office.

AT MORRIS & CONNERT'S—No. 207 Broadway, corner of Reade-st., can always be found the greatest choice of English, Scotch, Irish and German Servants, for hotels, boarding houses and private families. Also, porters, waiters, coachmen, gardeners, farmers, mechanics and laborers, in this or our branch office, No. 182 Greenwich-st.

TO MERCHANTS, LAWYERS AND STOREKEEPERS IN GENERAL.—Books kept and properly arranged; deeds engrossed; manuscripts and every description of copying, by contract or otherwise, by THOMAS & GROUTAGE, Law Copyists and Accountants, No. 6 Wall-st., upon the most reasonable terms. References given.

ENGROSSER WANTED—Apply at room No. 7, in building No. 54 Wall-st., between 4 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon.

TWO SALESMEN WANTED—Who understand the Millinery and Fancy Goods business. Apply for three days at GAY'S Millinery Establishment, No. 288 Greenwich-st.

ANY PERSON WISHING TO ADOPT a fine healthy and interesting American female child, 11 years of age, can hear of one by calling or addressing No. 200 Stanton-st.

FARM LABORERS, MECHANICS and Female Domestics, may be engaged at the office of the American and Foreign Protective and Employment Society, No. 27 Greenwich-st. Prospectuses sent on application.

TRUNKMAKERS.—Wanted, several trunk hands on common trunks and wood folios. None but sober and steady men need apply. Also, two boys, who have worked at the business before. Inquire, between 8 and 9 A. M., at No. 71 1st-av., on the second floor.

250,000 BUSHELS OF BARLEY.—Wanted to purchase, above quantity of prime barley next Fall, two and four rowed, for which we will contract to pay on delivery on the line of the Canal place or on Lake Ontario, at any convenient place for shipment to Albany, for which seventy-five cents per bushel will be paid, if delivered on or before the 10th day of November next. Agents will be appointed to receive and pay for the same. JOHN TAYLOR & SONS, Brewers. ALBANY, April 27, 1855.

BOARDING.

BOARDING.—The owner of the house No. 12 Lamartine-place, 29th-st., between 8th and 9th avs., having a large house and small family, will accommodate two gentlemen and wives with board; no others would be taken; a private park in front. Three rooms, second floor.

BOARDING.—A gentleman and his wife can be accommodated with a second-story front room, with closets and gas, hot and cold water, with a small respectable family, whose desire will be to make their guests comfortable and at home. Apply at No. 31 West 22d-st., near the 5th-av.

BOARDING.—Families and single gentlemen will find handsomely furnished apartments, with modern improvements at No. 68 West 14th-st., between 5th and 6th-avs. Dinner at 6 o'clock. References exchanged.

BOARDING.—Six or seven young men can be accommodated with board at No. 248 West 16th-st., near 9th-av. Terms reasonable.

BOARDING IN TWELFTH-STREET.—Three rooms to let at No. 207 12th-st., near 2d-av., suited to a gentleman and his wife or single gentlemen. Partial board for a gentleman—$4 per week. References given and required.

BOARDING IN BROOKLYN.—A private family of four persons would rent two pleasant rooms over their parlors to one or two gentlemen, with partial board; location Clinton-st., five minutes' walk from Wall st. and South Ferries; rooms lighted with gas, and privilege to bath-room. A line addressed to A B C, at the Times Office, with real name and place of business, will meet with attention; reference exchanged.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A vacancy for a gentleman and lady, or two gentlemen, at No 43 Congress st., three doors below Henry. A respectable party will find handsome apartments and a well kept house. Terms moderate. Reference required.

BOARDING IN BROOKLYN.—Four gentlemen, and gentleman and wife, can be accommodated with furnished rooms and board at No. 342 Atlantic-st., ten to fifteen minutes' walk of the ferries. House new and pleasantly situated.

BOARD ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS.—A gentleman and wife or a few single gentlemen can be accommodated with pleasant rooms at No. 45 Middagh-st., one door from Willow.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—Two large rooms, suitable for gentlemen and their wives, or single gentlemen. Also, one small room, to let with board, at No 15 Willow-st. near Fulton Ferry.

BOARDING DOWN TOWN.—A few permanent boarders can be accommodated with rooms and board from $3 50 to $4 per week. Also, a few boarders without lodgings at $3 per week, at the Hotel No. 267 Washington st., New-York.

BOARD IN THE COUNTRY.—The subscriber has leased the well known residence called Woodland Mansion, on the Hudson River, at the Carmansville Depot, and invites the attention of those desirous of securing board with the greatest facilities of access to the City at all hours. The house is delightfully situated at a great eminence above and fronting the river. On the grounds are ample stabling and every convenience for keeping horses and carriages. The twenty acres of the estate are beautifully laid out in meadow and grove, everywhere commanding a wide view of the river and landscape, while within the cool and commodious Mansion no pains will be spared to secure the comforts of those who may make it their Summer or permanent home. Apply at the Woodland Mansion, Carmansville. MRS. C. M. DUSENBERRY.

BOARD WANTED AND HOUSE TO LET.—House No 27 Bond-st., will be let to a responsible tenant, and part of the rent taken in the board of a small family. Being in that fine locality, in excellent order, and having all the modern improvements, is well calculated for keeping a first-class house, or genteel private residence. The best references required. Apply on the premises at any hour.

BOARD WANTED.—Two young gentlemen are desirous of procuring partial board in a respectable house containing the modern improvements. Do not wish to pay more than $4 per week each. Address A. and J., *Daily Times* office.

BOARDING AND MUSIC—A respectable family residing in the pleasant village of Madison, N. J., would take a few young Misses to board and also teach them Music on the Piano on reasonable terms. For information apply to J. W. GAY, Esq., Merchant, No. 263 Greenwich st., New-York.

PARLOR AND BEDROOM TO LET—Without board, a parlor and bedroom, connected by folding doors, with gas, pantries, &c., on the second floor of a cottage, in a very desirable location, three minutes' walk from Peck-slip Ferry, Brooklyn; would be let very low to one or two gentlemen. Address Y. S. W., Times Office.

LODGINGS.—Gentlemen can obtain well furnished single bedded rooms for $1 50 to $2 50 per week, or 3s. to 5s. per night at the Eagle Hotel, corner of Frankfort and William-sts. There are numerous references adjacent.

ROOMS TO LET.—A very handsome suite of furnished rooms to let in a private family, together or separately. Board if required. The house is new, first-class, and contains all the modern improvements. References exchanged. Inquire at No. 47 West 12th-st., between 5th and 6th-avs.

ROOMS TO LET, WITH BOARD.—Parlor and bedroom on first floor, and rooms on second and third floors, with all the modern improvements, at No. 35 Greenwich-av., corner Perry st.; a desirable location; stages pass the door, and near the 6th-av. cars.

ROOMS AND BOARDING.—Single gentlemen or gentlemen and wife can be handsomely accommodated with rooms, in a pleasantly situated first-class house, where there are but few boarders. Apply at No. 19 Ninth-st., near 6th-av.

ROOMS TO LET.—A suite of rooms, also single rooms, furnished or unfurnished, may be had at No. 258 Greene-st., near Waverley-place. Private breakfast, if desired.

NEWLY-FURNISHED BEDROOM TO LET—For one or two gentlemen, with or without breakfast—$2 25 per week each. Apply at No. 39 Hubert-st.

141 NINTH-STREET—Third door east of Broadway, furnished rooms, in suites or separate. Also, back parlor and extension room on the first floor, to let to a gentleman, with breakfast, if required. Also, furnished rooms at No. 8 College-place.

85 ST. MARKS-PLACE.—The advertiser is now prepared to receive gentlemen or gentlemen and wives, with or without full or partial board. Rooms furnished or unfurnished. The house is replete with every modern convenience.

79 AND 81 MADISON-AVENUE.—Rooms in suites for families; also rooms for single gentlemen; stages passing every five minutes. References exchanged.

LADIES OR GENTLEMEN can be accommodated with rooms, with or without board. Apply No 173 12th-st.

LOST AND FOUND.

$25 REWARD.—Lost, on Wednesday evening, in one of the Amity-st. stages or Thursday morning at the Washington Market, a PORTE MONNAIE, containing $230 in City bills on the Ocean and Irving Banks, one $10 bill on the Bank of Connellsville, Indiana, broken. The above reward will be paid to whoever will return the same to No. 124 Warren-st.

$15 REWARD.—For the return of a YELLOW LEATHER TRUNK, with white canvas cover, marked A. W. F., San Antonio, Texas. Taken from Hudson River Depot Saturday, April 28. Information to be given to T. W. FIELD, City Surveyor, Williamsburg.

NEW AND EXTENSIVE JOB PRINTING OFFICE.
NEW TYPE AND STEAM PRESSES, AND EVERY REQUISITE FOR EXECUTING ALL KINDS OF PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL PRINTING, SUCH AS

BOOKS,	CIRCULARS,
PAMPHLETS,	CARDS,
CHECKS,	BILL-HEADS,
NOTES,	HAND-BILLS,
RECEIPTS,	LABELS,
STORE BILLS,	SHOW BILLS.

And all kinds of MERCANTILE PRINTING at the LOWEST CASH PRICES. Orders left at the office of this paper promptly attended to.

D. M. KNIGHT & CO.—Importers and wholesale dealers, No. 28 Vesey-st., near Church-st., New-York, Will sell BUTTONS, SHELL, HORN AND RUBBER COMBS, Needles, Pins, Brushes, Soaps, Bobbins and Fans, with a great variety of small wares, cheap for CASH.

RYNDERS GRENADIERS.—A meeting of the May Ball Committee of the Rynders Grenadiers will be held at the Pewter Mug THIS (Friday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock. WILLIAM MINER, Chairman.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

IN PRESS:
MIRIAM, THE AVENGER; OR, THE MISSING BRIDE.
BY MRS. E. D. E. N. SOUTHWORTH,
Author of "The Lost Heiress," and will be published in a few days. Price, $1 25 in cloth, or $1 in paper cover. Booksellers, News Agents, and all others, will please send in their orders at once to the Publisher. T. B. PETERSON, No. 102 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia.
And their orders will be filled in advance of the day of publication. It makes a book of 500 pages, uniform with "The Lost Heiress."

THE ENGLISHWOMAN IN RUSSIA.
IMPRESSIONS OF THE SOCIETY AND MANNERS OF THE RUSSIANS AT HOME. By a lady ten years resident in that country. 1 vol. 12mo., with six engravings. $1 12½.

From the New-York Tribune.
She is a very agreeable story-teller, never growing drowsy in her narrative, showing a quick sense of the comic, and chatting away with her readers in a tone of such charming confidence, that you can scarcely help feeling that she has an eye to your own special amusement.

From the Gentleman's Magazine.
It is not only an interesting but an extraordinary work. The authoress is not a person who has run through the country, guide book and note book in hand. Here is no flying visit in Russia, nor even the fruit of a long vacation trip. She has lived ten years among them, moving in good general society, and seeking and finding constant opportunities of becoming acquainted with the habits of that most heterogeneous mass, which is called the Russian people.

From the Christian Intelligencer.
A descriptive narrative, which will not only gratify the curious, but instruct the learned as well.

From the Worcester Palladium.
Her observations on Russian society and life relate to all classes of the Empire. * * * The volume unfolds the inner life of the Russian people—their social and religious sentiments and customs.

From the New-York Evangelist.
It presents the observations of a clear-sighted, cultivated lady during a long residence in Russia. * * * It is written in a very animated style. A great deal of information is conveyed, which can hardly be found elsewhere.

From the New-York Evening Post.
Their domestic habits, their amusements, their manners in high and humble life, their behavior to their superiors and to their serfs, are very minutely described.

IK MARVEL'S FUDGE DOINGS. 2 vols., 12mo. 5th edition.
N. P. WILLIS' RAG-BAG, &c. 1 vol., 12mo. 2d edition. Just published by CHARLES SCRIBNER, No. 145 Nassau-st., New-York.

TWO GOOD BOOKS FOR MAY.
J. C. DERBY
Will publish in a few days:
FIRST,
HENRY WARD BEECHER'S New Book, THE STAR PAPERS; OR, EXPERIENCES IN ART AND NATURE.
One handsome 12mo vol. Price $1 25.
SECOND,
BELL SMITH ABROAD: A series of spicy and entertaining letters from Europe, first contributed to the *National Era* by an American lady, with numerous illustrations on wood and steel, done in Paris. An elegant 12mo. Price $1 25.

GRATE APRONS—The subscriber would respectfully call the attention of housekeepers to his style of grate aprons which will compare favorably with any now made, and which he offers as low as any. F. W. SONNEBORN, No. 143 Nassau-st.

DRY GOODS.

RICH DRESS GOODS.
IMPORTATION OF 1855.
C. HEARD & CO.,
will open for the inspection of their patrons,
100 PIECES PLAID AND STRIPE SILKS, at 7s. per yard, cost 12s.
85 PIECES PLAID AND STRIPE SILKS, at 6s. 6d. per yard, cost [illegible].
800 ROBES DE BAREGE, at $3 50 per dress, cost $6.
1,000 YARDS PLAIN AND PLAID BAREGE, from 2s. to 4s. per yard, with a full assortment of the choicest styles of MUSLIN DE SOI, PARIS JACONET, LAWNS AND DEBEGE. CHAS. HEARD & CO., No. 301 Grand-st.

NEW SPRING MANTILLAS.
E. S. MILLS has in stock a large and beautiful assortment of SPRING MANTILLAS, MANTALETS, &c., embracing every variety of style and pattern. Merchants from every section are particularly invited to call and examine the various kinds, as they comprise the largest assortment to be found in the market and will be offered at the lowest manufacturing prices; together with the usual stock of SPRING SHAWLS AND EMBROIDERIES, mostly purchased at auction at very low prices, at Nos. 80 and 82 Chambers st., up stairs, New-York.

HOUSEKEEPERS' GOODS.
LINENS AND DOMESTICS.
An unusual large assortment, consisting of
LACE and MUSLIN DRAPERY, from 1s. to 2s. 6d. per yd.
ENGLISH and DOMESTIC LONG CLOTHS, yard wide, at 6d. per yard.
PURE IRISH LINEN FRONTINGS, very fine, 2s. per yd.
MARSEILLES QUILTS and COUNTERPANES at $2.
RICH PRINTS, (Merrimac styles,) at 6d. per yard.
CHAS. HEARD & CO., No. 301 Grand-st.

SHAWLS AND MANTILLAS.
NEW, RICH, UNIQUE AND RECHERCHE.
1,000 INDIA CRAPE SHAWLS, from $3 to $28.
1,000 STELLA (new patterns) SHAWLS, from $3 to $15.
1,000 PRINTED CASHMERE SHAWLS, from $1 50 to $5.
500 PARIS MANTILLAS, (Spring importation,) from $4 to $40.
1,000 RICH MANTILLAS, new styles, from $3 to $8.
CHAS. HEARD & CO., No. 301 Grand-st.

CASH STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS HOUSE.
JAMES McCREERY & CO., Importers and Jobbers, No. 37 Warren-st., have now in store, and are receiving daily from auction and otherwise, a full assortment of SILKS, SHAWLS, DRESS AND LACE GOODS, EMBROIDERIES, RIBBONS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c. The facilities they possess enable them to offer unusual inducements to cash and short time buyers.

MORE CHEAP SPRING SILKS
Will be opened Monday, April 30.
EXTRA RICH PARIS STYLES.
5,000 YARDS STRIPES, at 5 shillings.
5,000 YARDS PLAIDS, at 4 shillings.
5,000 YARDS OMBRE STRIPES, at 6 shillings.
ALSO,
SATIN PLAIDS AND STRIPES, very cheap, at 6 shillings.
25-INCH RICH GLACE SILKS, very cheap, at 6 shillings.
LORD & TAYLOR, Nos. 255, 257, 259 and 261 Grand-st.
And new Nos. 47 and 49 Catharine-st.

YOUTHS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING.
JOS. E. CLOSE, BAILEY & CO., No. 8 Park-place, opposite the City Hall, have now on hand the best assorted Spring and Summer stock and styles to be found in the United States, and suitable for all ages from three to twenty years old, at wholesale, and for greatly reduced prices.

RICH FRENCH EMBROIDERIES.—JAMES FRANCE, No. 703 Broadway, will open on Tuesday, May 1, a very select stock of French Needlework, consisting of Collars on Swiss and Cambric Muslin, Bands, on Swiss and Cambric Muslin. French worked Cambric and Swiss Insertings. Embroidered and H. S. Cambric Handkerchiefs, &c., &c.

NEW GOODS PER STEAMER "AFRICA."—J. BECK & CO have received a large invoice of entirely new goods of the latest Parisian styles, and which they are now offering at extremely low prices. Rich flounced silk robes and Plaid Silks, flounced Barege and Organdie robes, Bareges, Organdies, Delaines, Calicoes, &c., &c. Nos. 205 and 207 and Nos. 785 and 789 Broadway.

A LARGE LOT OF BLACK SILK FROM AUCTION—Also, a lot of Delaines at 1s. per yard, well worth 2s.; besides, a large lot of Linen Damasks and Linen Sheeting and Shirting; besides, a very large lot of Matting, red and white, new pattern, 6-4 wide, at 2s. 6d. per yard. A heavy lot of needlework also from auction. ANDREW G. COLBY, No. 37 2d-av.

COTTON YARN, COLORED DO.—Carpet Warp, Colored do., Black and White Waddings, Candlewick, Twine, Cotton Battings, &c. Country merchants and those wishing to purchase any of the above goods are respectfully invited to call on THOS GWYNNE, No. 24 Cedar-st. Also, Mosquito Nettings for sale by the invoice for cash.

CARPETING, OIL CLOTHS, RUGS, MATS, Matting, Window Shades, Gilt Cornices, &c., in great variety, and for sale cheap to suit the times. Ingrain Carpets, 2s. 2s 3d. 2s 6d. 3s. 4s and 4s 6d. Super Ingrain 5s. 5s.6d., 6s., 6s.6d. and 7s. Three-ply 8s., 8s.6d. and 9s. GEORGE KEYES, No. 243 8th-av.

CHEAP DRY GOODS AND CARPETING—From the late auction sales. Ingrain and 3-ply Lowell Carpeting of the latest and best patterns, at very low prices. Black and colored silks, grenadines, organdies, bareges, tissues, challi and barege delaines, brilliants, lawns, jaconets, ginghams, prints, shawls and mantillas. GEORGE KEYES, No. 243 8th-av.

WOVE CORSET, PARIS MAKE.—No such thing as bad shape if you wear a pair of MOORE'S elegantly fitting wove stays. Also, hair cloth and patent Muslin corded skirts, embroideries, laces, &c. Ladies will find our prices extremely low. MOORE'S, No. 233 Grand-st., near Eldridge-st.

FRENCH PRINTED BAREGES AND JACONETS.—JAMES FRANCE, No. 703 Broadway, will open on TUESDAY, May 1, a beautiful assortment of French printed Bareges, Silk Tissues and Jaconets, at very low prices. No. 703 Broadway.

OAK HALL SPRING CLOTHING.—We are selling our immense assortment of Spring overcoats, dress and frock, business coats, fancy pants and vests of the latest style at full 25 per cent. below market prices. DeGROOT & SON, Oak Hall, Nos. 84 and 86 Fulton-st.

TO LACK BEARD IS TO LACK MANHOOD, that all will admit; to lack manhood, is to be less than a man. Now ye ought to be thankful to me for discovering and making public my ONGUENT, which, as hundreds will testify will "force" the Whiskers, Moustache, or the Hair of the head to grow as if by magic, in 42 days from the first application. It will not stain or injure the skin, but will force the Beard to grow even if there has been none before. $1 a bottle, sent to any part of the country. R. G. GRAHAM, No. 365 Broadway; HAYES, No. 175 Fulton-st., Brooklyn; ZIEBER, No. 44 South 3d-st., Philadelphia; BRIGGS, No. 37 State-st., Albany; SPALDING, No. 27 Tremont-row, Boston; HARRINGTON, Hudson, N. Y.; COLLINS, No. 183 Main-st., Buffalo; E. E. GILMAN, Washington, D. C., and all druggists.

FRENCH CHINA TEA, DINNER AND TOILET-WARE—In full sets or separate pieces, white, gold edged and decorated; cut glass, water goblets, wine glasses, tumblers, dishes, decanters, salt-cellars, Parian marble statuettes, vases, &c., in great variety. The French Porcelain Ware is sold almost as low as the common English ware, which puts it within the reach of all housekeepers. Dealers in porcelain ware, &c., citizens and strangers are invited to examine. CHARLES AHRENFELDT, 89 Maiden-lane, up stairs, above Windle's house-furnishing store.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—ITALIAN OPERA.—Verdi's greatest Opera, which has lately created so great a sensation throughout Europe,
IL TROVATORE (THE TROUBADOUR,)
will be produced for the second time in America,
ON FRIDAY, May 4.
The second appearance of SIGNOR AMODIO, (From the Royal Theatres of Milan and Naples,) Sustained by SIGNOR STEFFANONE, SIGNORINA VESTVALI, SIGNORI BRIGNOLI and ROCCO. Musical Director and Conductor ... MAX MARETZEK. The scenery painted by Signor ALLEGRI. Seats may be secured at HALL & SON'S, Broadway, VAN NORDEN & KING'S, and at the Box Office of the Academy of Music. PRICES OF ADMISSION.—Parquet, Parquet Circle and Dress Circle, $1; secured, $1 50; Second Circle, 50 cents; Amphitheatre, 25 cents. Doors open at 7; performance commences at 7½ o'clock.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—DAY PERFORMANCE.—In consequence of the numerous requests which have been addressed to the management, by persons and families residing in the neighborhood, it has been determined to give a performance of Rossini's greatest score,
WILLIAM TELL,
ON SATURDAY, May 5.
The principal roles will be sustained by Signora STEFFANONE and BERTUCCA MARETZEK, with Signori BOLCIONI, BADIALI, ROCCO and COLETTI.
A GRAND PAS MILITAIRE
Will be danced, in the third act, by the ENTIRE CORPS DE BALLET.
Musical Director and Conductor ... Max Maretzek. PRICES OF ADMISSION—Parquet, Parquet Circle and Dress Circle, $1; Second Circle 50 cents; Amphitheatre 25 cents. Seats may be secured at HALL & SON'S, VAN NORDEN & KING'S, and at the box office of the Academy. Doors open at 12 o'clock. Opera commences at 12½ o'clock.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.—ITALIAN OPERA.—MONDAY EVENING, May 7, FIRST NIGHT IN AMERICA of Madame ANNA DE LAGRANGE, and Mr. FILIPPO MORELLI, first Baritone of the Grand Opera in Paris. Also, first appearance since their return from Mexico, of Signori MARINI and ROVERE. Signor LORINI will also appear. First night (and only performance but one,) of Rossini's celebrated Opera, in 2 acts, of
THE BARBER OF SEVILLE.
Musical Director and Conductor ... Sig. ARDITI. Doors open at 7; to commence at 8 precisely. PRICES OF ADMISSION—Admission to all parts of the house, $1. Choice reserved seats $1 extra. THE SALE OF TICKETS.—The sale of reserved seats will commence on SATURDAY, May 5, at 9 A. M., and continue daily until 5 P. M.; and on MONDAY will be sold the balance tickets and the remaining reserved seats. There will be two offices for the sale of tickets—one at NIBLO'S GARDEN, the other at WM. HALL & SON'S, No. 239 Broadway. Tickets and seats may likewise be obtained at the doors on the evening of the performance. REGULATION FOR THE ACCOMMODATION OF THE AUDIENCE.—Purchasers of $1 admission tickets are entitled only to such seats as have not been secured during the day. Each person will receive a Check, (as long as any remain,) at the entrance,—and every seat in the house being numbered, each person can occupy only the particular seat designated on the check given. NOTICE.—On WEDNESDAY, May 9, Second and positively the last night of the BARBER OF SEVILLE. On THURSDAY, first appearance in America of the celebrated Tenor, Signor RAFFAELE MIRATE.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.—FIRST APPEARANCE OF MADAME ANNA DE LAGRANGE IN AMERICA.—The management beg leave to give notice that no persons can possibly be admitted to the GRAND REHEARSAL of THE BARBER OF SEVILLE on FRIDAY EVENING NEXT, at Niblo's Garden, except on presentation of cards of invitation.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.—ITALIAN OPERA.—FIRST APPEARANCE OF MME ANNA LAGRANGE.—The SALE OF RESERVED SEATS will commence at the office of NIBLO'S GARDEN on SATURDAY MORNING, May 5, at 9 o'clock.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.—ITALIAN OPERA.—FIRST APPEARANCE OF Madame ANNA LAGRANGE.—The sale of RESERVED SEATS will commence at HALL & SON'S, No. 239 Broadway, on SATURDAY MORNING, May 5, at 9 o'clock.

SIGNOR BERNARDI AND MR. CHAS. WELS beg leave to announce that they will give a GRAND VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL CONCERT on TUESDAY EVENING, May 8, at Dodworth Academy, No. 806 Broadway, assisted by the following celebrated artists: Mme. OSCAR COMETTANT, Mme. G. S. STUART, Signor GASPARONI, Messrs. [illegible] and TIMM. Tickets One Dollar each, to be had at the principal music stores, and on the evening of the Concert at the door. To commence at 8. Doors open at 7½.

BROADWAY THEATRE.—E. A. MARSHALL, Sole Lessee.—Doors open at 7 o'clock, and the performance commences at 7½ precisely. Prices of Admission—Dress Circle and Parquette, 50 cents; Family Circle and Upper Tier, 25 cents; Private Boxes, $5 and $6. THIS EVENING, May 4, will be performed Shakespeare's Tragedy of RICHARD THE THIRD. Richard ... Mr. Forrest | Queen Elizabeth ... Mme. Ponisi. To conclude with the Farce of GOOD FOR NOTHING.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.—Doors open at 7; performance to commence at 7½. Dress Circle, 50c.; Parquette, 50c.; Second Tier of Boxes, 25c.; Orchestra Stalls, $1; Private Boxes $5 and $7. THIS EVENING, May 4, will be presented the petite Comedy of FAINT HEART NEVER WON FAIR LADY. After which, the Comedy of TIT FOR TAT. [illegible] To conclude with the capital Farce of OUT ON THE LOOSE.

BURTON'S THEATRE.—CHAMBERS-STREET. FRIDAY.—The usual weekly comic treat of THE SERIOUS FAMILY, and THE IMMORTAL TOODLES. Aminadab Sleek and Mr. Toodle ... Mr. Burton. Mr. G. Jordan, Mr. Fisher, Miss Raymond, Mrs. Hughes, &c., in their popular characters. TO-MORROW—Benefit of Mr. Harry Hall. The popular farce of the Siamese Twins, with Messrs. Burton and Hall as the Twins, and other entertainments.

A CARD.—WALLACK'S THEATRE.—The first benefit of Miss ROSA BENNETT Will take place on TUESDAY EVENING, May 8, on which occasion will be presented the elegant Comedy of THE BELLE'S STRATAGEM. To conclude with PERFECTION, OR THE LADY OF MUNSTER.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM.—FRIDAY, May 4, EVENING 7½ o'clock—LADY OF THE LAKE, and A FARCE. AFTERNOON at 3 o'clock, HOT CORN and a Farce. MAMMOTH GIRL! Over 500 pounds. MAINE GIANTESS, NEARLY 8 FEET HIGH! DWARF LADY, only 27 INCHES; the MERMAID, LIVING OSTRICHES, &c. Admittance 25 cents, Children under 10, 12½ cts.—GRAND NATIONAL BABY SHOW, June 5, 6, 7 and 8. Premiums, $1,000 for the finest babies. Particulars to be had at the Museum.

BUCKLEY'S SERENADERS.—No. 539 Broadway.—Every night this week, the beautiful Opera, ELIXIR OF LOVE in WHITE FACES. Preceding the Opera, NEGRO MINSTRELSY. Tickets 25 cents. Reserved seats 50 cents.

PERHAM'S ETHIOPIAN OPERA HOUSE, No. 663 BROADWAY.—SAM WELLS, LAMBERT, JONES, Miss GOURLEY, and the whole Troupe, appear every evening at 7½ o'clock, and WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY afternoon at 3 o'clock. New BURLESQUES, SONGS, SOLOS and WITTICISMS. Tickets, 25 cents. Perham's Gift Tickets admit 4 persons each.

OLD BREWERY.—The Eleventh Anniversary of the NEW-YORK LADIES' HOME MISSIONARY SOCIETY will be held in the Broadway Tabernacle, on FRIDAY EVENING NEXT, at 7½ o'clock. Addresses may be expected from Rev. Bishop Simpson, Rev. T. F. R. Mercein, and Rev. J. B. Finley, (or [illegible]) Chief of the Wyandot Tribe. The Five Points Mission School will take part in the exercises. The public are respectfully invited to attend.

DUSSELDORF GALLERY.—No. 497 Broadway, a few doors below the St. Nicholas Hotel.—This beautiful collection of paintings will remain open until further notice, from 9 o'clock A. M. till 10 o'clock P. M. It comprises the best selection of paintings now on exhibition in this country. Admission 25 cents; season tickets 50 cents.

GEO. CHRISTY & WOOD'S MINSTRELS—No. 472 Broadway, above Grand-st. Tickets 25 cents. HENRY WOOD, GEO. CHRISTY, Proprietors.

TWO GRAND HISTORICAL PAINTINGS by THOMAS DUNCAN, A. R. S. A., representing incidents in the life of Prince Charles Edward and Flora McDonald, on view (admission free) at Messrs. WILLIAMS, STEVENS, WILLIAMS & CO., No. 353 Broadway, from 8 A. M. to 6 o'clock P. M.

MAGNETIC POWDERS.

'Tis an easy task,
With a Lyon flask,
To sweep off millions,
Billions, trillions,
Of creeping things,
Or bugs with wings.

LYON'S MAGNETIC POWDER is a death charm to all insects, yet harmless to man. The MAGNETIC PILLS will free a house from vermin in one night. Central Depot, Nos. 424 Broadway, and 175 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

NEW FRENCH PAPER-HANGINGS.
SPRING IMPORTATION, 1855.
SOLOMON & HART,
No. 243 Broadway,
Opposite the Park,
Are now receiving from France
DECORATIVE PAPERS OF NEW AND RICH DESIGNS, in Panel, Gold, Satin, Velvet and Wood Imitations, with Borders, &c., to correspond.
Also,
CHAMBER AND OTHER PAPERS,
In every variety of style and pattern,
Which they offer,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
At the lowest prices,
And cannot be undersold by any house in the City.
In connection with the above, their stock of UPHOLSTERY GOODS, CURTAIN MATERIALS AND FURNITURE COVERINGS Is full and complete, and to which they invite the attention of the trade and the public.

"BOND STREET."
GEORGE W. FARNHAM,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 7 BOND-ST.

HARRISON'S HAIR RESTORER—[illegible] SCHIEFFELIN BROTHERS & CO., No. [illegible], are the wholesale dealers in it. Every retailer should have it. CHILSON, No. 355 Broadway, has it at retail. That shrub of rural growth, which embalms the memory of sweet affections and their harmonies, is represented most purely in the perfume of HARRISON'S EXTRACT OF SWEET BRIER.

PAPER HANGINGS, SPRING TRADE.—W. & G. D. MUMFORD, No. 28 Atlantic-st., Brooklyn, [illegible] All work executed in the best manner.

Not So Mysterious a City After All.

PALMYRA, Thursday, April 19, 1855.

To the Editor of the New-York Daily Times:

In your paper of the [illegible] inst. I read an article from your correspondent, who signs himself "Gothamite," [illegible] the "Mysterious City," meaning Rochester. He claims that it was in Rochester that the plans were matured for the abduction of WILLIAM MORGAN. This is news to us in this region, as undoubtedly it was to the "Gothamite." These plans were matured between Canandaigua and Buffalo, and it was believed that Genesee and Niagara Counties were entitled to all the credit or discredit in the transaction. "Gothamite" also says that here (Rochester) was printed the Mormon Bible. I believe that there has never been but one edition printed, which was printed, as its title page will show, by EGBERT GRANDIN, and was printed in Palmyra, Wayne County, N. Y. The work was "set up" by Major J. GILBERT, who has now in his possession the loose sheets of the second copy as they came from the press. The work was entrusted to him by HIRAM for revision, and was arranged into chapters and verses, and punctuated; we have never claimed any distinction on this account, but assert what we do as true history. Again, your Correspondent says it was here that the Fox girls brought out their mysterious "Knockings," from which I am led to believe he never heard of a locality called Hydesville, town of Arcadia, Wayne County, N. Y. If he has not, and it is of any importance to history to know where it was "brought out," we can assure him that Wayne County is not to be cheated out of her share in the origination of humbug, this especially, and did we possess the audacity of a BARNUM we would confess a few more of the mysterious character. The only mystery I see in the said article, is in the statement that Rochester "allows its magnificent water power to remain undeveloped," and admits they grind more grain than any other city in the world. WAYNE.

FOR SALE.

HOUSES FOR SALE—BY PECARES, BERNSTEIN & PHILLIPS, No. 51 Liberty-st., near Nassau. Two three-story first-class brick houses, with all the modern improvements, in 41st st. [illegible]

The four-story first-class English basement house, West [illegible]-st., near [illegible], having all the modern improvements. The four story and basement brown stone front house, No. [illegible]

The three-story brick house corner of Clinton and [illegible]

Two three-story brick houses, 5th av., near 20th st.

The three-story brick house, No. [illegible] East 12th-st.

The good lot, 25 feet front, with the improvements thereon, [illegible]

Two lots north side of 45th-st., 100 feet east of 10th-av.

Six lots in Harlem, 125th-st., near 6th-av.

The three-story and basement brick house, finished in [illegible], corner of Lee-av. and Ross-st., Brooklyn.

Together with a number of houses and lots in New-York, Brooklyn and Williamsburg.

All of the above property will be sold cheap, and on easy terms.

HOUSES FOR SALE.—Four splendid dwelling houses on Sycamore-st., between Myrtle and Willoughby [illegible] feet from the Myrtle-av. Railroad; lots 25x100 [illegible] two stories, attic and basement, containing 11 rooms and 4 closets, built in the most approved style; has all the modern improvements; has gas [illegible], grates, dumb waiters, &c. Price [illegible] for five years. Apply to ROSWELL [illegible], corner of Broadway; NATHANIEL BRYANT, No. [illegible] Wall-st.; JOHN JONES, No. [illegible] Fulton-st.; [illegible] CROWELL, No. 9 Court-st., Brooklyn. Also, [illegible] adjoining and finished as the above four houses. [illegible] can remain for five years. [illegible]

HOUSE FOR SALE AT YONKERS—Within [illegible] minutes walk of the Railroad Station—a well built two-story and basement house, containing 13 rooms [illegible]. The garden is fully stocked with grape vines, peach, apple, pear, cherry, plum trees, &c. Terms [illegible]. Apply to GEORGE C. WILLIAMS, No. [illegible] Park-row.

HOUSES FOR SALE—Three of the four-story and [illegible] high stoop houses, brown stone fronts; houses [illegible] deep; lots 100 feet; built in the most elegant and substantial manner, and in one of the most beautiful locations in the City, south side of 18th-st., fronting on [illegible]. Inquire on the premises or No. [illegible]

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.—That handsome brown-stone house on the north side of 32d-st., [illegible]; being the 5th house from 5th-av.; also, that handsome [illegible] basement brick house, No. 157 West [illegible]-st., with all the improvements complete. Apply [illegible] DAVIS, owner, No. [illegible] 6th-av., near 27th-st.

HOUSE FOR SALE.—The 3-story brick house and lot No. [illegible] East 22d-st., near 6th-av. Lot 25 ft. 6 in. by 98.9. House 25ft. 6 in. by 50 ft. Has hot and cold bath, [illegible], speaking tube, gas, &c. Price $11,500, of which $7,000 may remain on bond and mortgage. Apply on the premises.

HOUSE FOR SALE OR TO LET—Only one of [illegible] beautiful modern-built houses, situated in [illegible] st., a few doors west of 5th-av., with all the improvements; [illegible]. Inquire of SAMUEL SPARKS, No. 215, on the premises, or W. B. & W. SPARKS, No. [illegible] Lexington-av., corner of [illegible]-st.

HOUSE AND THREE ACRES OF LAND FOR SALE AT PORT WASHINGTON, SHREWSBURY, N. J.—The house is [illegible] feet, two stories high, with basement, and is in good order. There is also a stable and other outbuildings. Terms easy. Apply to MOREAU & PARKER, No. [illegible] Broadway.

HOUSE FOR SALE OR TO LET—The very superior stone front house No. 14 East 28th-st., near 5th-av. Lot full size; house 25 by 64; has all the modern improvements and every convenience that can be required. Inquire of HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Pine-st., or of Dr. BACON, No. [illegible] 6th-st.

COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE OR TO LET.—Beautifully situated on the banks of the Passaic River, [illegible] miles from the City, near Belleville, N. J. Communication with Wall-st. within an hour by Railroad. There is a cottage containing 12 rooms; also, all necessary outbuildings and [illegible] of a barn, with every variety of shrubbery, fruit and [illegible] trees. A private water front along the whole lawn, with good bathing, fishing and boating. Situation [illegible] beautiful and picturesque. Rent (furnished) [illegible]; unfurnished $[illegible]. Forty acres more may be had if desired. Apply at No. [illegible] 8th-st.

COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE—Situated on Whitney-av., just beyond the city limits of New-Haven, with [illegible] acres of land, well wooded. The house has two stories, [illegible] with brick. Size 40 by 36, with addition in rear [illegible] feet square, containing 12 rooms. There are two barns, icehouse, [illegible], large garden, &c. The scenery is very fine. Any person desiring to purchase a delightful country residence apply to E. WHITNEY, New-Haven, Conn.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE OR TO LET—In Stamford, Ct. House new, two stories and attic, [illegible] heated by furnace and grates, and to be lighted with gas. The grounds are shaded with fruit and ornamental trees, shrubbery, &c. Inquire of W. H. WEED, No. 7 Gold-st., or of JOHN W. LEEDS, Stamford.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE OR TO LET—At Chatham, N. J., consisting of house, barn and other outbuildings, with fruit and ornamental trees and [illegible] acres prime land. Apply to GEO. W. CAMPBELL, No. [illegible]

COTTAGES AT CLIFTON, STATEN ISLAND FOR SALE OR TO LET—One large new cottage, [illegible] from Vanderbilt's Landing, commanding a fine view of the Bay. It is well finished and has every convenience for a genteel family, and a good coachhouse, and from 2 to 4 acres of land. Also, in same neighborhood, a small cottage in good order, with coach-house and about half an acre of land. For particulars apply to LEVI COOK, No. 11 Broadway.

FARM FOR SALE ON STATEN ISLAND—Situated [illegible] miles from Vanderbilt's Landing, on the Todt Hill Road. This farm contains 20½ acres of land in the highest state of cultivation, including a fine grove of 5 acres. On the premises are a good dwelling-house, carriage-house, barns and stables, also a well of very excellent water, large cistern, [illegible], a fine garden with the best of fruit-trees, all fences and buildings in the best order. There are few places around New-York so healthy and so beautifully and pleasantly situated as this. It commands a view of the Ocean, Long Island and the Narrows. Apply to V. [illegible], Esq., No. 3 Wall-st., New-York, or to A. KABEL, on the premises, or by letter to A. KABEL, Stapleton Post-Office, Staten Island.

FARM LAND FOR SALE IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS—Over 2,000,000 of acres of selected Prairie Farm Lands belonging to the Illinois Central Railroad Company. The price will vary from $5 to $25, according to quality, location, &c. The purchase money may be payable in five annual instalments, the first to come due in two years from date of contract; the other annually thereafter, giving six years to pay for the land; with a charge of only 3 per cent. per annum interest. The first two years interest payable in advance. The Company's Construction Bonds received as cash. Apply to CHARLES M. DUPUY, Jr., Land Agent Illinois Central Railroad Company, No. 54 Lake-st., Chicago.

FARM FOR SALE.—Consisting of [illegible] acres best land, four miles from railroad depot at Goshen; house nearly new, built in the best style and in thorough order; outbuildings large, commodious and in first-rate repair. Particulars on application to THOMAS MONAHAN, Esq., No. [illegible] Front-st., or to the subscriber, on the premises. One-half the amount may remain on bond and mortgage for a term of years. W. H. BEERS, Goshen, Orange County.

VERY DESIRABLE COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—On Staten Island, distant about six miles from Vanderbilt's Landing, containing 40 acres of land, about three-fourths of which is in a high state of cultivation, and the balance in woods. An abundance of fine shade trees, fine fruit trees, &c. The house, barns, stables, &c., are all new, and all built in the best and most substantial manner. The dwelling house is large and well arranged, and combines style, comfort and convenience. [illegible] fine views and beautiful drives. On each side of the farm is a road leading to the sea shore, a distance of one mile. This place will be sold on very favorable terms, or will be exchanged for good City property, improved or unimproved, and possession given at any time.

T. N. HOLLISTER, No. 14 Pine-st.

RESIDENCE ON WASHINGTON-SQUARE FOR SALE OR TO LET—The subscriber offers his present residence for sale, or to a good, careful tenant he would let the premises, with most of the furniture. The house is spacious and [illegible], with all the modern improvements, and possesses many comforts. The lot extends through to a wide, private street in the rear, on which is a large and commodious stable that cost upwards of $4,000. This is really a very desirable and charming residence, having a southern exposure to the extensive park in front, with its fountains and shady walks, and being also near the 5th-av., the University, and various Churches. The premises may be examined from 11 to 12 A. M., and terms known on application to the subscriber, from 4 to 5 P. M., at No. [illegible] Washington-square. L. DENISON.

GENEVA PROPERTY FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—For property in the Cities of New-York, Brooklyn or vicinity, a commodious, well arranged and genteel two-story double house, with ornamented grounds, a great variety of fruit trees, situated on the banks of Seneca Lake, in the village of Geneva, 400 feet front on Main-st., [illegible] acres of land and upwards. Apply to ADRIANCE MULLER, No. [illegible] Wall-st.

ORANGE LAKE HOUSE FOR SALE OR TO LET—Furnished [illegible] ready for Summer boarders [illegible] on the east side of Orange Lake six miles west of Newburgh, Orange County, N. Y. Apply to D. G. RINGLAND, No. 91 Wall-st., or to [illegible] LOCKWOOD, No. [illegible]

FOR SALE.

BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY SEAT ON STATEN ISLAND FOR SALE OR TO LET—A beautiful place, with 15 acres of land, and a mile and a-half from Vanderbilt Landing, on the Richmond Plank Road, known as "The Nursery." The house is well built and conveniently arranged, and completely shaded by large trees. Fine stable, carriage-house, ice-house, &c., are on the place, and there is a great abundance of the finest fruit of every variety not excelled by any place on the Island. The grape arbor, with fine bearing vines, is over 250 feet in length, and the garden contains raspberries, strawberries, currants, and all kinds of vegetables. The place is well worthy the attention of any one desiring a beautiful and economical country residence, as it will be sold cheap and on accommodating terms. The property, and that in the vicinity, is under such restrictions that no nuisance can be created to disturb residents. Apply to BURDETT, DAVIS & MAIN, No. 27 William-st.

ELEGANT COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—With the furniture, carriage, &c., and 30 acres of land, 1½ miles from the New Brunswick Depot, New-Jersey, on the banks of the Raritan and commanding a magnificent view. The house is in the Gothic style, lately built with the best materials and filled in with brick. A photograph of the place can be seen at the office of F. D'HERVILLY, No. 13 Exchange-place.

DWELLING HOUSE AT MORRISTOWN, N. J., FOR SALE.—It is a two-story double house, situated directly opposite St. Peter's Church, on a lot of one acre and one-third, in a pleasant location. The house has recently been renovated, and has some of the modern improvements, bath-room with hot and cold water; a fine garden, and within three minutes' walk of the railroad depot. For particulars inquire at No. 9 Gold-st., or on the premises. Possession can be given the 1st June.

$1,000.—FOR SALE CHEAP.—For sale cheap, three-story brick house in Bushwick, $2,500. Also, a two-story cottage, with two lots, in Claremontville, L. I., half an hour's ride from New-York; house new—$1,000. Terms very easy.

Together with a number of houses and lots in New-York, Brooklyn and Williamsburg. Apply to PECARES, BERNSTEIN & PHILLIPS, No. 51 Liberty-st., one door east of Nassau.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A saw mill, with [illegible] gang of three saws, lath machinery, &c., three good dwelling houses, 1 splendid barn and other good out-buildings, all new and in good order, together with 411 acres of land, 20 acres improved, well timbered with pine, spruce, cherry and other valuable timber, within 5 miles of a canal, about 5 miles from railroad, situate in Oneida County, N. Y., 200 miles from the city by railroad or canal. Price $8,000; part may remain on mortgage or will exchange for City property. Inquire or address E. JONES, No. 43 Front-st.

SHIP-TIMBER LAND FOR SALE, CHEAP—In Dooley County, Ga., lying upon the turnpike road, between Hawkinsville, on the Ocmulgee River and Albany, on the Flint River, both streams now navigated by steamboats above these points, and directly on the line of Railroad to run from Macon to Tallahassee, Florida. The timber is fine Norway pine for masts, and other ship timber, and is richly worth $100 per acre for masts alone. The soil when cultivated is well adapted to growing of Cotton, it being immediately in a Cotton district. The lot contains 202½ acres, and will be sold very cheap. Title indisputable.

WALLER & SEELEY, No. 440 8th-av.

BROOKLYN LOTS FOR SALE.—Three lots in an improving neighborhood in the IXth Ward of Brooklyn, will be sold cheap, and on very accommodating terms. Apply to PECARES, BERNSTEIN & PHILLIPS, No. 51 Liberty-st., near Nassau.

NOTICE—TO THE MEMBERS OF THE NEW-TOWN VILLAGE ASSOCIATION—The corner lot known on the map as No. 142, corner of Washington-place and Randall-av. will be sold for $60, if applied for soon. Address RICHARD WALKER, Times Office.

PEW FOR SALE OR TO LET.—A Pew eligibly situated in Christ Church, 18th-st., near 5th-av., will be disposed of at a low rate. Apply to S. M. VALENTINE, No. 34 Lexington av.

STEAM-BOILERS, ENGINES, &c., FOR SALE—New and second hand. Twelve lots of boilers and engines for sale low to close a concern. For particulars see advertisement in Journal of Commerce.

CHAS. H. HASWELL, No. 6 Bowling Green.

Also, in second hands, but entirely new, one each 2 and 8 horse power engines, with vertical boilers.

HOUSES, &C. WANTED.

A RESPECTABLE MAN AND HIS WIFE wish to take charge of a dwelling house during the Summer months. The very best of city references given. E. M. C., No. 276 East 10th-st., up stairs, or address Box No. 1,681 New-York Post-Office, for one week.

FORTY HORSE POWER STEAM ENGINE WANTED—New or secondhand. Apply to DEMAREST & GRAY, 33 Moore-st., with a description in writing.

TO LET.

WORK-SHOPS TO LET—Cheap, in the new building, No. 22 Duane-st., eighty feet from Chatham. Wide stairs, easy access to any of the floors, hoist-wheel, with every convenience for manufacturing purposes; good light front and rear, also side lights. The whole or any part can be had by applying to DANIEL SWEENY, No. 66 Chatham-st.

HOUSE TO LET.—A first class private dwelling house, situated in the central and business part of Broadway, near Prince-st. The above house consists of one large room on first floor, with basement kitchen communication by back stair-case, large pantries, &c.; two splendid rooms on second floor together measuring about 60 feet by 25, with three other rooms on same floor. The third floor contains nearly the same space, with a large attic, with four finished bedrooms, sub-cellar, gas, Croton water, bath-room, &c., admirably suited for a small club house or Societies. The rent being low, the above property would be a good speculation to sub-let for offices or for business purposes. Possession given immediately, or as soon as it can be prepared to said wishes of the tenant. For particulars apply to HARDMAN & OSBORN, Real Estate Agents, No. 187 Walker-st., Citizens' Bank Building.

HOUSE TO LET.—The three-story and high basement brick house, No. 50 West [illegible]-st. It has all the modern improvements, hot and cold water all through, gas, &c., is in perfect order, having been newly painted and parlors elegantly papered. Rent $700. SAMUEL EDDY, No. 63 Wall-st., basement.

HOUSE TO LET.—A neat 2 story and basement house, situate in H st., near Franklin-av., Green Point, L. I., within 3 minutes' walk of the ferry, railroad, stages, &c.; gas throughout the house. To a small family this will prove an eligible location. Apply to R. H. ALLAIRE, at J. Simonson's ship-yard, Green Point.

HOUSE TO LET AT FACTORYVILLE, STATEN ISLAND—A commodious house, with outhouse and garden attached. A good variety of fruit on the premises. It is situated within three minutes' walk of the landing. Inquire of JOHN BARKER, at Factoryville, S. I., or Mr. YOUNG, No. 45 John-st., N. Y.

HOUSE TO LET.—A 3-story mastic front brick house, No. 23 Pavonia-place, Jersey City, delightfully situated within five minutes' walk of the ferry; supplied with Passaic water and gas fixtures. Rent low. Apply to A. ASBOT, No. 290 South 5th st., between Jersey-av. and Coles-st.

HOUSE TO LET IN BROOKLYN—The three-story frame house No. [illegible] Sands-st., three minutes' walk from Fulton Ferry. Rent $300. Inquire of WM. J. MILLER & CO., No. 15 Maiden-lane, or JAS. A. BAILEY, No. 90 Pearl st., Brooklyn.

HOUSE TO LET.—The pleasantly situated house, with garden, &c., (near the railroad,) corner of 57th-st. and 1st-av., with immediate possession. Apply at No. 192 Broadway, from 11 to 12 o'clock, or at No. 96 East 27th-st., of PETER N. H. JACKSON.

HOUSE TO LET.—A neat three-story and basement house, No. 43 West 28th st. The house is situated in a pleasant location, and contains the usual modern improvements. Apply to Mrs. J. G. FISHER, No. 33 West 19th st.

HOUSE TO LET.—Two new four-story brick houses with all the modern improvements, in 51st-st., near 4th-av. Inquire of J. KEYSER, corner of 50th-st. and 4th-av.

COUNTRY HOUSE.—To let, furnished from the 1st of May until the 1st of November, a neat house at Fort Washington, on the Hudson River Railroad, 9½ miles from the City Hall, within three minutes' walk of the station; the house contains 14 rooms, has water throughout. A stable is on the premises.

Also for sale or rent, a neat cottage unfurnished, containing 12 rooms, with about ½ of an acre of land near the above. Inquire of DILLON, O'GORMAN & WILSON, No. 24 William-st.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LET OR LEASE—At Fort Washington on the Hudson River, 10 miles from Wall-st., convenient to depot, commanding a fine view of the river to Staten Island; house three feet, new, first-class, with all modern improvements and supplied with water in laundry, kitchen, butler's pantry, bath-room and bed-rooms. The place contains about two acres, has fine shade trees, &c.; bath house also. Rent $1,500. Address box No. 1,180 Lower Post-office.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LET—Furnished, near the Chatham depot of the Morris and Essex Railroad. Rent $250. Apply to GEO. W. CAMPBELL, No. 150 Maiden-lane.

COTTAGE TO LET.—A handsome cottage, with stable attached, in Carmansville, for sale, or will be let to a genteel family on reasonable terms. Omnibuses, in connection with the Manhattanville stages, pass in front every half hour. Apply to JOHN D. CHEVALIER, No. 360 Broadway.

COTTAGES TO LET—On 33d-st., near 4th-av., two brick cottages, Nos. 56 and 62; rent $250. Also, one large size, rent $325. They will be let to one small family each. The yards are large and well shaded. Apply to N. T. PIKE, No. 9 East 33d-st., near 5th-av.

COTTAGES TO LET—On the East River, at Ravenswood, L. I., two modern built cottages, eleven rooms each. Inquire of GILBERT HOPKINS, at Ravenswood, or at his office, No. 45 Peck-slip, up stairs, from 11 to 1 o'clock.

MOST BEAUTIFUL FOUR-STORY HOUSE TO LEASE—For three years from 1st of this May, situated at No. 1 East 33d-st., between Madison and 5th-avs. Rent of house, with gas fixtures complete, and carpets of basement, parlor and first bedroom floors, $1,250; without carpets and gas fixtures, $1,050; house and gas fixtures, $1,100. Apply on the premises. Will rent for one year if required.

A BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY SEAT ON NEW-YORK ISLAND TO LET OR LEASE.—A country house and garden, corner 5th-av. and 128d-st., comprising twelve lots of ground, tastefully laid out and under fine cultivation, well stocked with choice fruit, grapes and flowers. The house has just been thoroughly repaired, and all the modern improvements introduced, such as range, Croton water, hot and cold bath, &c., &c. Apply to BURDETT, DAVIS & MAIN, No. 27 William-st.

ASTORIA.—FOR SALE AND TO LET—A large double house, with stable and outbuildings, with two acres of ground beautifully laid out, 17 miles from the ferry. Fine view of the Bay. Terms easy. Also, to let, a small cottage adjoining the above, with barn and garden. For particulars, apply to JACOB P. BAPELYE, near the premises, or to CHARLES W. WARD, No. 54 Front-st.

TO LET—THE FOLLOWING DESIRABLE BUSINESS PREMISES are to let, on reasonable terms:

No. 329 Pearl-st., Franklin-square, store and basement, 25x75 feet. Rent $1,500.

No. 333 Pearl-st., Franklin-square, store and basement, 25x75 feet. Rent $1,500.

The above are situated in the IRON BUILDINGS recently erected by HARPER & BROTHERS, and are well lighted and ventilated. Possession immediate.

Nos. 79 and 81 Cliff-st., 3d, 4th and 5th stories. Rooms 25x84 feet. Well lighted on all sides.

No. 82 Beekman-st., IRON BUILDING, 2d story, 25x100 feet. With STEAM POWER. Possession immediate. Rent $2,500. Apply to

HARPER & BROTHERS, Franklin-square.

CHEAP RENT IN BROOKLYN.—A new first class house, three rooms deep, with range, hot air, and every convenience, will be let to a good tenant for $400. Apply to Mr. BRITTAN, Claremont-av., third house south from Lafayette.

TO LET.

25 MAIDEN-LANE, FRONT OFFICE, SECOND FLOOR—To let or lease. It is very desirable both as to size and locality for a WATCH IMPORTER or dealer in FANCY GOODS or JEWELRY. Also a FRONT ROOM on the third floor. Inquire on the premises of A. MORTON & CO.

BUILDING TO LET OR LEASE FOR A TERM OF YEARS—The substantial three-story brick building, Nos. 13 and 15 Pitt-st., near Grand-st., 50x100, well adapted for any kind of manufacturing purposes. There is an engine on the premises almost new, and in perfect order, with power sufficient to supply the whole building, for sale at a fair price. For further information inquire on the premises.

BUILDINGS TO LET OR FOR SALE VERY CHEAP—A four story brick dwelling, nearly new and well finished, near the park on Cumberland-st., Brooklyn. Also a three-story brick shop, built for a carpenter shop, 25 by 50. Rent for both $500; price $6,000. Apply at the Warner Pump Store, No. 118 Maiden-lane.

LARGE CHAPEL OF THE UNIVERSITY TO LET—For religious worship from the 1st May next. Inquire of the Janitor.

SUITES OF APARTMENTS TO LET—RENT CHEAP.—In the two white marble houses on 38th-st., Nos. 216 and 218, between 6th and 7th-avs. Small genteel American families, wishing to live clean and neat, will find this an excellent opportunity. Inquire at No. 216. Also, first floors, in No. 400 6th-av., and Nos. 196 and 197 7th-ave. Inquire on the premises.

PARTLY FURNISHED HOUSE AT CLIFTON, STATEN ISLAND, TO LET—Within ten minutes walk of Vanderbilt's Landing. The grounds are well arranged and beautifully shaded. Terms moderate. Inquire of E. S. HOWES, residing on the premises, or, of Mr. CHESTER FLOWER, No. 71 Broadway, up stairs.

PART OF A MODERN HOUSE TO LET—No. 251 West 36th-st., 2d floor, part of basement, and 3d floor, with gas fixtures, bath and water throughout. To a small family, rent $300. References exchanged. Inquire on the premises.

UPPER PART OF A HOUSE TO LET IN WILLIAMSBURG—Three minutes' walk from the ferries, No. 58 South 5th-st., consisting of front and back room, bed-room and tea-room on second floor; bedroom in attic. Rent $150. Inquire on the premises, or to JAMES GRAY, No. 18 Spruce-st., New-York.

SECOND STORY TO LET—Consisting of two parlors, two bedrooms, large closets and drawers, with fine front basement and half of cellar of a genteel house in Union, between Court and Smith-sts., Brooklyn, (next door to Smith;) the neighborhood is very desirable. Rent $212. Inquire on the premises.

SECOND FLOOR TO LET—With bath, basement, and part of the third floor, if required. Rent to suit the times. Family must be small. Inquire of E. P. C., No. 201 Chambers-st.

ROOM, CELLAR AND OFFICES TO LET.—The lower floor, cellar and offices on upper floors of No. 66 South-st. Apply to FOSTER, ELLIOT & CO., No. 66 South-st.

ROOMS TO LET OR LEASE.—Fine, well-lighted rooms in the building No. 15 John-st., on the second and third floors, suitable for stores or offices. Also, a front basement. Apply to J. M. THORBURN & CO., No. 15 John-st.

BAKERY TO LET—On 7th-av., between 23d and 24th-sts., with a good oven, all in complete order; will be let on reasonable terms to a good tenant. Apply to HENRY FRANKLYN, No. 71 West 26th-st., near Broadway.

TWO COTTAGE HOUSES TO LET OR LEASE AT ASTORIA, L. I.—Near the East River, with garden ground attached. Rent moderate. For particulars, apply to ALFRED BRIDGEMAN, No. 874 Broadway, cor. 18th-st., New-York.

BROADWAY OFFICES AND LOFTS TO LET—At moderate rates to desirable tenants in various and central situations. Apply to GRAY & SONS, No. 185 Broadway.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—On East 10th-st., near Irving-place; furniture complete and very handsome, and all the modern improvements in the house. Inquire of R. A. WATKINSON, No. 7 Nassau st.

STORES OR WAREROOMS TO LET—In the second story of Appleton's Building, corner of Leonard-st., most spacious stores on Broadway, suited to every description of retail or wholesale business. No more desirable location is to be found on Broadway. Apply to D. APPLETON & CO., Nos. 346 and 348 Broadway.

STORE TO LET OR FOR SALE ON WILLIAM-STREET.—The five-story store, No. 85 William-st. Also, the first floor and basement of No. 87 William-st. Their vicinity to Wall-st. makes them desirable locations. Apply to S. B. SCHIEFFELIN, No. 170 William-st.

STORE TO LET—The store, basement, and several lofts of the large building, Nos. 28 and 30 Frankfort-st., will be warmed with steam, and steam power hoist-way. Also, steam power supplied on reasonable terms. Apply to CHARLES JENKINS, No. 29 Frankfort-st.

STORE, ROOMS AND BASEMENT TO LET CHEAP—A small store and basement; also, rooms on the second, third and fourth floors, at No. 334 Broadway. Apply to VAN DOORN, Sign Artist, on the premises.

STEAM POWER WITH ROOM TO LET—One large room, 50x50 feet, corner of Bleecker and Banker-sts., well lighted on three sides, suitable for any manufacturing purposes. Inquire of DUDLEY & SEE, on the premises.

STEAM POWER—With large or small rooms to let in the corner building, well lighted all around, at a low rent. Apply to J. & G. H. WALKER, Nos. 190 and 202 Centre, corner Hester-st.

STEAM POWER TO LET—With rooms well lighted, easy of access, in a central location. Will be let very low to a good tenant. Apply on the premises, No. 16 East 29th-st.

STEAM POWER TO LET—And well-lighted rooms, near Broadway, on Canal, Elm and Walker-sts., at low rates, by Mr. GAUDU, No. 102 Walker-st.

STEAM POWER TO LET—In light and airy rooms in a new building in Cliff-st. Apply to J. C. HULL & SON, No. 105 Cliff-st.

BOUNTY LANDS.

UNITED STATES BOUNTY LAND AGENCY.—We are now prepared to prosecute with the utmost promptness all Claims for Bounty Lands granted by the law of 1855, which gives ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTY ACRES to all the officers of the Army and Navy, Soldiers, both Regulars and Volunteers, Sailors, Marines, Flotilla Men, Musicians, Waggon Masters, Teamsters, Indians, and all persons who have served fourteen days in any of the Wars of the United States since the year 1790, and in the event of their death, to the Widows or minor children.

Time and money will be saved by promptly placing the claims in our hands. All the necessary blank forms will be furnished without charge.

N. R. COBB & Co., No. 33 William-st., New-York.

REFERENCES—Bank of the Commonwealth; Ohio Life Insurance & Trust Co.

SOLDIERS, SAILORS, TEAMSTERS—Who have served in any war of the United States since 1790, or their widows or minor children—you are entitled to 160 acres of land. On application to us you can get it promptly. Charges moderate. No charges until warrants obtained. Warrants located on choice lands by a member of the firm West. BARKER & OSTRANDER, Agents, No. 357 Broadway.

U. S. PASSPORTS—Indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Notary Public, No. 14 Warren-st. Naturalized citizens must produce their certificates. Also, BOUNTY LAND. Army and Navy Officers, soldiers and sailors who served in any war since 1790, can obtain a warrant for 160 acres of land at J. B. N.

MILITARY BOUNTY LAND WARRANTS—Obtained on application to EPENETUS WHEELER, First Lieutenant 46th Regt. U. S. Infantry, (war of 1812,) No. 114 Front-st., corner of Wall-st.

HOTELS.

HOWARD HOTEL, BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.—The public are hereby informed that the above house, so long and favorably known as one of the first-class hotels in the City, is still open for the reception of the traveling community; several important and desirable changes have been made which cannot fail to augment the comfort and convenience of its guests, and all its old friends and patrons may be assured of receiving that attention and kindness which has ever been one of the leading features of this house. The copartnership of CLARK & BAILEY having been dissolved, Mr. J. E. KINGSLEY, lately connected with the New-Orleans and Mobile mail line of steamers, is now associated with the above house, and hereafter the business will be conducted under the name and firm of BAILEY & KINGSLEY.

GETTY HOUSE—YONKERS, WESTCHESTER COUNTY, N. Y.—BUCKLIN & DUSENBURY, Proprietors.—The above admirably arranged hotel is now conducted by the undersigned, who will use every exertion to make it one of the most pleasant and agreeable in the country. For families wishing to pass the Summer in one of the most healthy and pleasant villages on the Hudson—the house offers every inducement. The distance (17 miles) from the City, with communication almost hourly, offers every facility for business men. Attached is a livery stable, billiard saloon, lyceum, &c. ROBT. L. BUCKLIN, EDWD. A. DUSENBURY.

FOREST GROVE HOUSE—SCHOOLY'S MOUNTAIN.—This delightful Summer House will be open for the reception of guests on the 1st of June. Communication by means of Essex and Central Railroad of New-Jersey.

DANIEL C. NOE, Proprietor.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

DURHAM BULL FOR SALE—1½ year old, white and roan, of one of the best stock in the State; price $150. Also, a BLACK MARE, 8 years old, 15¼ hands—handsome, fast, and kind in harness. Has been used as a lady's saddle horse for the last two years—price $250. Inquire at No. 42 Chatham-st.

A DARK BAY MARE—Eight years old, perfectly sound and kind, and a good traveler, will be sold cheap, the subscriber having no further use for her. Can be seen at the stable, rear of No. 21 Bowery.

JOHN D. CHEVALIER, No. 360 Broadway.

BAY MARE FOR SALE—14½ hands high, 5 years old, an excellent saddle horse, sound and kind, is a handsome driver, will be sold cheap. Inquire at M. CAMPBELL'S Stable, corner Clark and Columbia-sts., Brooklyn.

SADDLE HORSE FOR SALE.—A handsome chestnut sorrel horse about 15½ hands high, stylish action, kind and gentle. Sold for want of use. Also, saddle, &c., complete. Apply at No. 232 Mercer-st., near 4th-st.

GROCERIES & MILL STUFFS.

PHALANX MILLS GRAHAM AND FAMILY FLOUR.—Hominy, Samp, Wheat Grits, Oatmeal, Corn Meal, Pearl Barley, Rice Flour, Sago, Tapioca, Maccaroni, Vermicelli, Split Peas, Farina, Fresh Peaches, &c. Tomatoes, Sweet Herbs, &c., &c., for sale by DREW & FRENCH at Phalanx Depot, No. 85 Barclay-st.

OHIO FLOUR.—Extra Ohio Flour, "City Mills," Cleveland, choice quality. Also, various brands Genesee and Canada, now landing, for sale by JESSE HOYT & CO., No. 176 Washington-st.

STEBBINS & CO.

WATCHES, JEWELRY AND DIAMONDS, SILVER AND SILVER-PLATED WARE.

No. 323 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

COBURN'S EXTRA OIL—Warranted for machinery and burning; is pure, and never gums machinery, or crusts the wick in burning. Having been used in places of [illegible] and machinery generally, by [illegible] [illegible]. The only Agent in this City is JOHN W. QUINCY, No. 98 John-st.

FINANCIAL.

MESSRS. DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO., Bankers, No. 48 William-st., New-York, issue FOREIGN CIRCULAR LETTERS of CREDIT on the following Cities:

Alexandria,	Carlsruhe,	Lisbon,	Pau,
Antwerp,	Calcutta,	London,	Rome,
Athens,	Canton,	Malta,	Rotterdam,
Amsterdam,	Dresden,	Marseilles,	Rio de Janeiro,
Berlin,	Dusseldorf,	Milan,	St. Petersburg,
Baden-Baden,	Edinburg,	Moscow,	Strasburg,
Berne,	Florence,	Munich,	Stockholm,
Bern,	Frankfort,	Messina,	Smyrna,
Bordeaux,	Genoa,	Mulhouse,	Seville,
Boulogne,	Geneva,	Madras,	Stettin,
Bremen,	Gibraltar,	Malaga,	Shanghai,
Brussels,	Hamburg,	Manilla,	Singapore,
Bagni di Lucca,	Hague,	Madeira,	Sydney, New.,
Basle,	Havre,	Melbourne,	Turin,
Bombay,	Heidelberg,	Ano,	Toulon,
Batavia,	Hong Kong,	Naples,	Trieste,
Beyrout,	Kandy, Ceylon,	Nice,	Venice,
Cairo,	Liverpool,	Oporto,	Vevey,
Coblentz,	Leipsic,	Oleron,	Vienna,
Cologne,	Leghorn,	Paris,	Wiesbaden,
Cadiz,	Leipsic,	Pau,	Warsaw,
Columbo, Ceylon,	Lyons,	Palermo,	Zurich.

ALSO, CREDITS FOR INDIA AND CHINA ON THE ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION OF LONDON.

Branches and Agencies at

Canton,	Shanghai,	Calcutta,
Hong Kong,	Bombay,	Madras,
Singapore.		

CREDITS FOR AUSTRALIA ON THE BANK OF NEW-SOUTH WALES OF LONDON.

Branches and Agencies at

Maitland and Newcastle.............Hunter River.

Brisbane and Ipswich...............Moreton Bay.

Victoria Branches:

Melbourne, Geelong, Kyneton,

Castlemaine, ...Mount Alexander.

Ballarat.

Sandhurst Agency.................Bendigo.

Ovens Agency.

$750,000.—NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD SECOND MORTGAGE 7 PER CENT. BONDS, PART OF AN ISSUE OF ONE MILLION.—This mortgage covers a large amount of real estate in this City, as well as many parcels on the line of the road, not included in the first mortgage, and all the rolling stock and furniture of the road. The bonds are issued with interest coupons attached, payable on the first days of February and August in each year, and the principal reimbursable on the first day of August, 1864. The mortgage is made to the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company of this City, as trustee for the bondholders, and recorded in all the counties through which the road passes. This issue, added to the first, will make the mortgage incumbrance upon the road $4,000,000—less than 50 per cent. upon its cost up to this time. The proceeds of the bonds now offered will be used—first, to extinguish the floating debt of the Company; and, second, to complete the double track to White Plains, and erect some few station-houses required on the line of the road, all of which it is expected may be done so as to close "construction account" at the end of the year. The security upon which these bonds are based is believed to be in all respects ample, quite as reliable as that of the first mortgage. The earnings of the road are constantly increasing, and its business, present and prospective, never as satisfactory as now. Proposals for all or any of these bonds may be addressed to WM. S. DRAPER, Treasurer Harlem Railroad Company, New-York, endorsed "Proposals for Second Mortgage Bonds," until the 15th day of May next, when they will be opened; and should state whether the offer be made in cash on receiving the bonds, or in installments of 25 per cent., payable respectively on the 15th of May, 15th of June, 15th of July, and 15th of August. The right of rejecting all or any part of the bids is reserved, if deemed for the interest of the Company so to do. By order of the Board of Directors.

NICHOLAS DEAN, President.

WM. S. DRAPER, Treasurer.

NOTE.—This road terminates in the centre of the City of New-York, is 130 miles long, connecting the City with Albany and all the trade of the great West, together with a portion of that of the North. The annual gross earnings of the road now exceed $1,000,000.

NEW-YORK, April 3, 1855.

LAST HALF-YEARLY DRAWING OF THE GREAT HESSIAN STATE LOAN

Of.......................$4,[illegible] Dollars,

To be reimbursed with.............[illegible] Dollars,

Or.......................£3,400,000 Sterling.

This Loan is Guaranteed by the Government, and contracted by the eminent Banking House of Messrs. M. A. Von Rothschild & Sons, in Frankfort-on-the-Maine. The following capital Prizes must be gained, viz:

14 of 40,000 dollars.	80 of 4,000 dollars.
24 of 20,000 dollars.	100 of 2,000 dollars.
24 of 10,000 dollars.	150 of 1,500 dollars.
[illegible] of 5,000 dollars.	160 of 1,000 dollars.

&c., &c. The smallest Prize is 55 dollars.

The next drawing will take place in June, 1855.

The price of the shares is as follows:

1 share for £1 sterling.	25 shares for £20 sterling.
6 shares for £5 sterling.	55 shares for £40 sterling.
13 shares for £10 sterling.	137 shares for £80 sterling.

Tickets will be forwarded on receipt of American Bank Notes, Bills or Drafts on Europe, &c. For the security of the public the prices of the shares have always been fixed at the above rates, and ($5 equal to £1.) on payment of the Prizes, the undersigned make no deduction from the amount.

They have great pleasure in announcing that they are now appointed Sole Agents for this Distribution for the British Colonies and Foreign Ports, and that during the last twelve years they have paid to successful holders of shares in Great Britain, Prizes amounting to $52,000 free of deduction, which have been distributed in Liverpool, Birmingham, Manchester, London, &c.

After the Drawing, each shareholder will receive a list of the winning numbers. The prizes will be paid in cash at Frankfort-on-the-Maine, Paris, London, New-York, &c.

Apply without delay to Messrs. J. A. SCHWARSCHILD & SONS, Bankers, Frankfort-on-the-Maine, Germany, or their House, Messrs. A. SCHWARSCHILD & CO., No. 31 Lombard st., London, where, also, Banking and Commission business will be duly attended too.

CUMBERLAND COAL AND IRON COMPANY—$500,000 LOAN—FIRST MORTGAGE COUPON BONDS.—Five Hundred Thousand Dollars first mortgage Bonds of the CUMBERLAND COAL AND IRON COMPANY, are now offered for sale, in sums of One Thousand Dollars each, payable on the first day of January, 1865, with interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually in the City of New-York.

These Bonds are secured by a first mortgage to William D. Thompson and Edward W. Dunham, in trust, on the lands of the Company, situate in Allegheny County, Maryland, being about 12,000 acres, and embracing about 6,000 acres of the great fourteen feet vein of Coal; and on the Company's Railroad, connecting their Mines with the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, with the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, and with the town of Cumberland.

To provide for the payment of these Bonds at and before maturity, the Company have agreed to appropriate and pay into the hands of Trustees Fifty Thousand Dollars annually, as a sinking fund, in default of the payment of which, or of the semi-annual interest, for sixty days after due, the principal shall become due, and the Trustees be authorized to enter upon and sell the said lands and Road, and pay the Bonds.

Sealed proposals, addressed to the President of the Company, will be received at the office of DUNHAM & CO., No. 13 William-st., New-York, until Saturday the 19th day of May next, at 2 o'clock P. M., when they will be opened and the awards made.

Ten per cent. will be required to be paid on notification to the parties of the acceptance of their bids, forty per cent. on the first day of June, and fifty per cent. on the fifteenth day of June, with liberty to pay the whole at any earlier day.

The Company will reserve the right to reject the whole or any portion of the bids. A. MEHAFFEY, President.

For further particulars apply to DUNHAM & CO., No. 13 William-s.t, New-York.

JOHN MUNROE & CO., AMERICAN BANKERS, No. 5 Rue De La Paix, Paris—GRANT LETTERS OF CREDIT for Mercantile purposes. Also, CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT on the following cities:

Alexandria,	Cairo,	Liege,	Pau,
Algiers,	Coblence,	London,	Palermo,
Amsterdam,	Cologne,	Livourne,	Pise,
Anvers,	Constantinople	Lucerne,	Prague,
Athenes,	Dresde,	Lucques,	Riga,
Aix-la-Chapelle,	Florence,	Lyon,	Rome,
	Frankfort-s.-M.,	Madrid,	Rotterdam,
Baden-Baden,		Madeira,	Seville,
Bale,	Genes,	Malaga,	Sienne,
Berlin,	Geneve,	Malte,	Smyrne,
Berne,	Gibraltar,	Mannheim,	St. Petersburg,
Beyrout,	Hambourg,	Marseille,	Strasbourg,
Bologne,	Havre,	Mayence,	Stockholm,
Bordeaux,	Heidelberg,	Messina,	Trieste,
Breme,	Jerusalem,	Milan,	Turin,
Breslau,	La Haye,	Moscow,	Venise,
Bruxelles,	Lausanne,	Munich,	Vienne,
Cadix,	Leipsick,	Naples,	Wiesbaden,
Carlsruhe,	Lisbon,	Nice,	Zurich.

Office in New-York—No. 8 Wall-st. Bills on Paris at short or 60 days' sight, for sale in sums to suit.

THE COMMITTEE APPOINTED AT A MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE HARLEM RAILROAD COMPANY, in August last, to nominate Directors in said Company, at the election, on the 15th of May next, recommend the following ticket:

NICHOLAS DEAN, of New-York.
JOHN H. DYKERS, of New-York.
WM. C. WETMORE, of New-York.
HENRY B. DUNHAM, of New-York.
HORACE BROOKS, of New-York.
FRANCIS W. EDMONDS, of New-York.
PHILIP DATER, of Morrisania.
ALBERT J. AKIN, of Pawlings.
LANCASTER UNDERHILL, of Tuckahoe.
ALBERT SMITH, of New-Rochelle.
EDWIN CROSBY, of Croton Falls.
SAMUEL T. TABOR, of Dover Plains.
NATHANIEL P. BAILEY, of Fordham.

NEW-YORK, April 26, 1855.

WILLIAM V. BRADY,
EDWARD J. FAILE,
ABIJAH MORGAN,
THOMAS TABOR,
FLOYD SMITH,
} Committee.

ROCK RIVER VALLEY UNION RAILROAD MORTGAGE BONDS.—The holders of the Rock River Valley Union Railroad 7 per cent. Mortgage Bonds, are hereby notified that all of said Railroad and Railroad property embraced in the mortgage of said Road to R. J. Walker, Trustee, dated September 5, 1851, to secure the payment of said Bonds and interest, together with all franchises and appurtenances, were sold by the undersigned Trustee, successor to said R. J. Walker in the said Trusts, at public Auction, at Janesville, Wisconsin, on the 24th of March last, pursuant to previous notice, published as required by the terms of said mortgage, for the purpose of paying the principal and interest of said Bonds—said principal having been declared due and payable, by many holders, as authorized by the terms of the mortgage, in consequence of default in payment of the interest.

All holders of the said Bonds, who were not parties to the purchase of the mortgaged property, are hereby notified that they can receive their dividend of the proceeds of said sale, by calling at the office of CHARLES BUTLER, No. 12 Wall-st., and delivering up their Bonds.

WILLIAM ALLEN BUTLER, Trustee.

NEW-YORK, April 24, 1855.

EXCELSIOR FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, Office No. 6 Broad-st., NEW-YORK, April 27, 1855.

THE STOCKHOLDERS of this Company are hereby notified that an election for Directors and Inspectors of Election for the ensuing year will be held at the office of the Company on MONDAY, the 7th day of May next.

The poll will be opened at 12 o'clock noon, and closed at 1 o'clock P. M.

HENRY QUACKENBOSS, Secretary.

MONEY LIBERALLY ADVANCED BY PECARES, BERNSTEIN & PHILLIPS, Auctioneers, No. 51 Liberty-st., One door from Nassau. On stocks, vessels, real estate, furniture, pictures, merchandise, &c., left with us for sale.

MACON AND WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY, MACON, Ga., April 26, 1855.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.—By order of the Board of Directors, an installment of $20 per share on the new stock of this Company is hereby called for, payable on the 1st day of June next, at the Bank of the Republic, New-York. G. H. TAYLOR, Treasurer.

DOVER AND PORT MORRIS MARBLE CO.—All holders of the above stock are requested to call with their certificates or address the undersigned, at the office of the Company, No. 32 Warren-st., between 11 and 1 or 2 and 3 o'clock. By order, G. W. CARPENTER, President.

FINANCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE MICHIGAN SOUTHERN AND NORTHERN INDIANA RAILROAD COMPANY, No. 18 William-st., NEW-YORK, April 28, 1855.

THE STOCK TRANSFER BOOKS of the above Companies will open on the 4th day of May next, instead of the 20th inst., as before advertised. By order of the Board. J. M. HOPKINS, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE COMMERCIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY—No. 40 Wall-st., New-York, May 2, 1855.—The annual election for Directors, and also for three Inspectors of Election for the next year, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 40 Wall-st., on MONDAY, 14th inst. The poll will be open from 12 M. to 2 P. M. By order, HENRY B. GREENWOOD, Secretary.

$20,000 TO LOAN IN ONE SUM—On downtown property worth double the amount; also $10,000 in one sum. CHASE & FULLER, Real Estate Brokers, No. 1 New-st., 3 doors from Wall.

$30,000 TO LOAN—On bond and mortgage. Apply to WM. PINKNEY, No. 100 Broadway, Gilsey Building, up-stairs.

BROWN, BROTHERS & CO., No. 59 Wall-st. Issue credits for TRAVELERS, available in any part of the world.

DIVIDENDS.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—The semi-annual interest falling due in this City on the 15th day of May, instant, on the following named securities, will be paid on and after that date at the office of the undersigned on presentation of the proper coupons, viz.:

The BONDS OF OHIO COUNTY (Virginia) issued to the HEMPFIELD RAILROAD COMPANY, 6 per cent.

The BONDS OF WASHINGTON COUNTY (Penn.) issued to the HEMPFIELD RAILROAD COMPANY, 6 per cent. WINSLOW, LANIER & CO., No. 52 Wall-st.

NEW-YORK, May 3, 1855.

BROADWAY BANK, New-York, April 30, 1855.

ELEVENTH DIVIDEND—A semi-annual dividend of five (5) per cent on the capital stock of this Bank, out of the profits of the last six months, will be paid on and after the 15th day of May ensuing. The Transfer book will be closed from the 10th of May until the day of payment.

J. L. EVERITT, Cashier.

FULTON FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY—April 5, 1855.—The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a dividend of five per cent out of the earnings of the last six months, payable to the stockholders on and after the 10th inst., at the office, No. 40 Wall-st. The transfer-books will be closed until after that day.

WM. MULLIGAN, Secretary.

THE DIRECTORS OF THE BOWERY BANK have this day declared a Dividend of Four per Cent, payable on and after the 10th inst. The transfer books will be closed until the 9th inclusive. Per order.

N. G. BRADFORD, Cashier.

NEW-YORK, May 1, 1855.

DIVIDEND.—MECHANICS' BANKING ASSOCIATION, April 24, 1855.—The Board of Directors have declared a dividend of four per cent, payable on and after the 1st day of May next. The transfer books will be closed from the 26th inst. to 1st proximo.

JOHN J. STEPHENS, Cashier.

DIVIDEND.—THE KNICKERBOCKER STAGE COMPANY have this day declared a dividend of two per cent. out of the earnings, payable on the 9th inst. The transfer books will be closed to that date. By order of the Board. GEO. C. PETERS, Treasurer.

NEW-YORK, May 2, 1855.

THE COUPONS—Of the 1st and 2d Mortgage Bonds of the PEORIA and OQUAWKA RAILROAD CO., due May 1, will be paid by J. A. UNDERWOOD & SONS, No. 22 Exchange-place. GEORGE C. BESTOR,

MAY 1, 1855. President.

INSTRUCTION.

BEAUTIFUL SUMMER RETREAT.—CARLISLE SEMINARY AND FEMALE COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE—35 miles from Albany and 12 from Palatine Bridge; situated in the midst of a beautiful grove of six acres, and in the immediate vicinity of Sharon Springs and the celebrated Howe's Cave. This Institution affords superior advantages in every department of science, the languages, music, and the ornamental arts. Board equal to that of the first-class country hotels. Rooms refitted and refurnished. Board, with washing, fuel, and room furnished with bedstead, two mattresses, bedding, table, chairs, and stools, washstand, washbowl and pitcher, tumblers, pail, clothes-screen, window-curtains, lights, consisting of lamps, trimmed, per week, $2.

TUITION GREATLY REDUCED.

Tuition, including the higher Mathematics, Civil Engineering, Commercial Book-keeping, Ancient and Modern Languages, per quarter, $4. Charges for tuition in Ornamental Branches correspondingly reduced. The next term commences the 10th of May, and continues twenty weeks. Two quarters of ten weeks each.

JUVENILE DEPARTMENT.

By the solicitation of patrons, a Juvenile Department has been added, to be under the special charge of the Principal and Preceptress. Parents entrusting here their children, may be assured that they will receive every attention in respect to health and morals, as well as education.

CONVEYANCE FREE.

Teachers will be in attendance the commencement of the term, May 8, at the Delavan House, Albany, and Baggs' Hotel, Utica, to receive students, and convey them free of charge to Carlisle. A teacher or the Principal will be in attendance at the Irving House, New-York, the 7th and 8th of May, to receive students, and convey them for $3 each, free of all charge, to Carlisle. No incidental expenses.

Bills for tuition and Board must be prepaid. For further information address the Principal, Rev. JAMES DOUGLAS, A. M. Students for Carlisle leave the New-York Central Railroad at Palatine Bridge.

SELECT HIGH SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES—MORRISTOWN, N. J.—JAMES D. JOHNSON, A. M., Teacher. This Institution begins the last Quarter of the School year on MONDAY, May 7, 1855, where things essential to high mental culture may be learned, as the Languages, Mathematics, Belles Lettres, &c. Here daughters can get a solid education aside from large Seminaries—can, if desired, be prepared for teachers. Also, such as have left school rather prematurely can revise their main studies and take up other branches, as they please. Course of studies such (unless patrons direct otherwise) as if they were about to join an advanced class in any of our colleges. Pupils taken, after they have attended somewhat to the Elements of English Grammar, &c., and not to exceed twenty in number. Tuition, $30 a year, paid quarterly in advance. Particulars from the Teacher, at the Misses JOHNSON, Morristown, N. J.

REFERENCES.

Rev. JOHN MACLEAN, President Princeton College.
Rev. THOMAS DEWITT, D. D., New-York.
Rev. FRANCIS L. HAWKS, D. D., New-York.
Dr. CHARLES E. PIERSON, New-York.
JAS. T. SOUTTER, Esq., New-York.
Hon. J. P. PHENIX, New-York.
HENRY B. RENNER, Esq., New-York.
Hon. IRA C. WHITEHEAD, Morristown.
WM. N. WOOD, Esq., Morristown.
Dr. LEWIS CONDICT, Morristown.
THEODORE LITTLE, Esq., Morristown.

BERKSHIRE FAMILY SCHOOL, Stockbridge, Mass.—The Summer session will begin on the 1st of May. Boys, from 8 to 15 years, will be educated for colleges or business pursuits. Stockbridge is distinguished for the high cultivation of its society, the picturesqueness of its scenery and its healthy climate. Circulars containing full particulars, references, &c., will be sent on application to E. WESTERMANN & CO., booksellers, No. 290 Broadway, N. Y.

JARED REID, Jr.,
FERDINAND HOFFMANN,
} Principals.

ROSE HILL BOARDING SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES—Danbury, Conn., Mrs. C. M. WHITE, Principal. The Summer term commences the 1st of May, and continues twenty-two weeks. For circulars with references and terms apply to W. T. PINKNEY, President of the Astor Ins. Co., No. 67 Chatham-st., New-York; F. C. WELLS, No. 115 Franklin-st., or C. H. ROACH, Esq., at Doremus & Nixon's, No. 21 Park-place, New-York.

SELECT BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS—IRVING INSTITUTE, Tarrytown, N. Y. The next session of this Institution will commence May 1. Catalogues may be obtained at WILCOX'S "U. S. School Agency," No. 292 Broadway, N. Y., or by addressing the Principal. DAVID S. ROWE, A. M., Principal.

CHAS. L. DAVIS, Vice-Principal.

ERASMUS HALL ACADEMY, FLATBUSH, L. I.—Rev. E. D. VAN KLEEK, Principal.—The next session will commence on MONDAY, May 7. Terms—Board and tuition $200 per year. For circulars, apply at No. 103 Fulton-st., New-York. Stages every half hour from Fulton Ferry, Brooklyn—four miles distant.

A. H. WHEELER, TEACHER OF BOOKKEEPING AND PENMANSHIP, has removed to new and eligible rooms, No. 335 Broadway, corner of Worth-st. Ornamental writing executed to order. Useful and higher branches of mathematics taught by Mr. POND. Ladies' hours from 3 to 5 P. M.

BOARDING SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, CEDAR GLEN, SING SING, N. Y.—Miss FOSTER, Principal.—The Summer Session will commence TUESDAY, May 1. Terms $1 50 a year.

REFERENCES—D. P. BACON, Esq., No. 336 4th-st., New-York; THOMAS SMITH, Esq., No. 8 Perry-st., New-York.

RAVENSWOOD INSTITUTE—Long Island, is a first class Seminary, where parents may obtain for their daughters a highly accomplished education. Music, French and Drawing, by resident teachers. Terms for junior pupils, $150 a year. Circulars sent by mail, or may be had of Mr. BROWN, No. 645 Broadway.

EDUCATION.—A highly educated young lady wishes an engagement, in a private family, to instruct in French, Latin, Music, and all the branches of English Education. Of her capability and accomplishments, the highest testimonials can be given. Address H. B., Episcopal Recorder Office, Dock-st., Philadelphia.

BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS—At Stamford, Conn. F. J. NICHOLS, Principal. The Summer term commences May 1. Circulars containing particulars may be had at RAYNOR'S bookstore, No. 76 Bowery, or by addressing the Principal.

THE MISSES O'BRIEN have removed their School for Young Ladies from No. 337 Houston-st., to No. 145 West 22d-st., between the 6th and 7th-avs. A limited number of young ladies received as boarders. Circulars obtained at their residence as above.

MOUNT WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, No. 213 4th-st., on Washington square, (entrance No 133 MacDougal-st.)

CLARKE & FANNING, Principals.

SOUTH BROOKLYN SELECT ACADEMY—No. 18 Tompkins-place. The next term of this Institution will commence on MONDAY, April 30.

A. T. BALDWIN, Principal.

THE SUMMER TERM OF CHELSEA FEMALE INSTITUTE, No. 238 West 20th-st., commenced April 23. Pupils may enter for part of the term.

INVINCIBLE KITCHEN RANGE—Invented and patented in 1853 by JORDAN L. MOTT. During the short period since they were introduced they have become so great a favorite with the public, and their recommendations from one to another, that sales have increased to 1,500 ranges per annum. All concede that this range is constructed on true philosophical and mechanical principles, securing the most perfect operation at the lowest possible cost. The J. L. MOTT Iron Works, successor to the business of J. L. MOTT, Nos. 264 and 266 Water-st., New-York.

MACHINERY OILS—Of various qualities adapted to different kinds of Machinery, from the ordinary to the finest class, at low prices, as compared with Sperm and other Machinery Oils, for sale by ABNER BARTLETT, No. 159 Water-st., corner Pine.

NEW SODA FOUNTAIN—NICHOLS' COMBINATION FOUNTAIN is a compact, portable, perfectly safe, and a very cheap instrument for making the purest kind of carbonic acid gas water, easily, quickly, and at a trifling cost. F. B. NICHOLS, No. 11 Pine-st. Agent.

HUDSON PIG IRON—NO. 1 EXTRA, NOS. 1, 2, 3. The No. 1 extra will mix more metal, and is superior for all purposes to Scotch Pig, while the price is about the same. For sale by the Company's Agent, JOHN W. QUINCY, No. 98 John-st.

INSURANCE.

OFFICE OF THE REPUBLIC FIRE INSURANCE CO., No. 8 Wall-st.

CASH CAPITAL, $150,000, WITH LARGE SURPLUS. TRUSTEES.

Charles H. Russell,	Dunning Duer,	Fred'k A. Delano,
Daniel S. Fearing,	John Steward, Jr.,	Jas. C. Bell,
Wm. H. Russell,	Robert B. Minturn,	D. Drake Smith,
Aug. C. Downing,	Reuben Withers,	Frederic G. Foster,
Gouverneur S. Lunsen,	Edward C. Bowne,	Peleg Hall,
Wm. R. Duncan,	Josiah Oakes,	Robert S. Hone,
N. H. Wolfe,	Jas. Gaillard, Jr.,	Benj'n F. Hoffman,
Isaac Townsend,	J. M. Waterbury,	Jacob Anthony, Jr.,
James Warren,	George Curtis,	J. B. G. Fearing,
Arthur Leary,	George T. Adee,	John A. C. Gray,
M. W. Hamilton,	John J. Astor, Jr.,	

NEW-YORK, [illegible] 1855.

The Trustees of this Company have this day declared, in conformity with their Charter, a dividend of FOUR AND THREE-QUARTERS PER CENT. on their Capital Stock, payable on demand to the Stockholders, in Cash and Scrip. And also, a further dividend of TWENTY PER CENT. payable in Scrip to the assured, on policies issued by the Company, which have terminated within the fiscal year ending the December last.

The charter of this Company provides that, after paying interest to the shareholders at the rate of SEVEN PER CENT. PER ANNUM, the remaining profits are to be equally divided between the Policy-holders, by scrip bearing interest, which scrip is not to be paid off until the net assets, together with the Capital Stock, shall exceed ONE MILLION OF DOLLARS.

This Company establishes no agencies, but insures against fire all over the United States, through respectable brokers in this city. ROBERT S. HONE, President.

DUNCAN F. CURRY, Secretary.

NEW-YORK, March 1, 1855.

NEW-YORK, March 1, 1855.

The Scrip, as per above notice, is now ready. Parties entitled to the same will please call for it at the office of the Company.

NEW-YORK EQUITABLE INSURANCE CO. No. 53 Wall-st. CASH CAPITAL $210,000, WITH A LARGE SURPLUS.

This Company continues to insure upon dwelling houses, stores and other buildings; also, merchandise, household furniture, ships in port, and their cargoes, from loss or damage by fire, on as liberal terms as any other institution. RICHARD J. THORNE, President.

JOHN MILLAR, Secretary.

HOME INSURANCE COMPANY.—New-York, April 5, 1855. At an election held at the office of this Company, No. 4 Wall-st., on the 2d inst., the following gentlemen were elected Directors for the ensuing year:

Wm. G. Lambert,	George Pearce,	Lyman Cooke,
George C. Collins,	Ward A. Work,	Levi P. Morton,
Danford N. Barney,	James Low,	Curtis Noble,
Lucius Hopkins,	A. H. Brett[illegible],	Jno. B. Hutchinson,
Thos. Messenger,	Chas. A. Bulkley,	Stephen Paul,
Wm. H. Mellen,	Richard Bigelow,	[illegible]
Chas. J. Martin,	George D. Morgan,	[illegible]
Charles B. Hatch,	Theod's McNamee,	Amos T. Dwight,
Wm. T. Hooker,	Cephas H. Norton,	Henry A. Hurlbut,
F. Watson Bull,	Oliver E. Wood,	[illegible]
L. Atterbury, Jr.,	Amos R. Eno,	Wm. Sturgis, Jr.,
Lucien D. Cowan,	Alfred S. Barnes,	T. W. Williams,
Homer Morgan,	George Bliss,	John R. Ford,
Levi P. Stone,	Roe Lockwood,	Geo. T. Stedman,
James Humphrey,	John G. Nelson,	Sidney Mason,

At a subsequent meeting of the Board, held this day, CHARLES J. MARTIN, Esq., was unanimously elected President. A. F. WILLMARTH, Secretary.

WEBSTER FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK—Office No. [illegible] Broadway.—Cash Capital $150,000. Will insure buildings, merchandise, and personal property generally against damage by fire, on as favorable terms as any other Company.

DIRECTORS.

D. D. Winant,	B. J. Bell,	James H. Prince,
John Boucher,	Harvey Burdell,	L. D. Hart,
Jas. C. Forrester,	Dennis Harris,	S. A. Prince,
J. C. Howard,	W. K. Winant,	Thomas Gilbert,
E. G. Holman,	C. S. Westcott,	Abram C. Bell,
A. Blaisdell,	Chas. L. Cornish,	

D. D. WINANT, President.

A. BLAISDELL, Secretary.

MECHANICS' FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—Capital, $150,000. Office, Shoe and Leather Bank Building, No. 271 Broadway, corner of Chambers-st.—This Company (the capital having all been paid in) is prepared to insure buildings, merchandise, ships in port and their cargoes, household furniture and personal property generally, against loss or damage by fire, on favorable terms.

Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid.

WILLIAM H. DE GROOT, President.

HENRY R. DAWSON, Secretary.

DIRECTORS.

William H. De Groot,	Daniel F. Smith,	Chs. W. Copeland,
John K. Hero,	D. S. Darling,	James Pinhorst,
Alexander Phillip,	N. A. Rogers,	John Jay,
Freeman Hunt,	Alex. McCotter,	Ed. De Groot,
Bartlett Smith,	PETER B. COON, Surveyor.	

BROOKLYN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—CHARTERED IN 1824.—Office No. 43 Fulton, corner of Front-st., Brooklyn, and No. 6 Merchants' Exchange, Wall-st., New-York.—This Company having their capital invested in the most undoubted securities, and having a large surplus, continue to insure dwelling-houses, stores, and other buildings, furniture, merchandise, vessels in port and their cargoes, upon as favorable terms as any similar institution.

DIRECTORS.

William Ellsworth, Theodore Martine, Phineas T. Barnum, Robert C. Bell, John S. Briggs, Chas. J. Martin, John A. Kennedy, J. T. Fitzgerald, James W. Shearer, Wm. Okell, N. F. Freeman, Ira Cornwell, P. H. Wilkins, Solomon Kipp, John W. Smith, H. Garshadden, Andrew Fremont, Samuel F. Whitney, Geo. Chittenden, J. M. Greenwood, John G. Smith.

WILLIAM ELLSWORTH, President.

WILLIAM F. LEGGETT, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE CITY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 51 Wall-st., 4th Month, 28th, 1855.—This Company, with a CASH CAPITAL of $210,000, with a surplus of over $100,000, insure against loss or damage by fire on reasonable terms.

DIRECTORS.

George S. Fox,	C. W. Lawrence,	Rich. F. Carman,
Rich. A. Reading,	Peter S. Titus,	Henry H. Barrow,
Josiah Macy,	T. C. Chardavoyne,	Hull Clarke,
Wm. H. Falls,	Ralph Mead,	Wm. C. White,
Jos. W. Corlies,	Richard Field,	John J. Walsh,
John D. Wright,	Th. W. Pearsall,	Chas. H. Marshall,
Abraham Bell,	Ira Bawley,	Wm. H. Macy,

GEO. S. FOX, President.

SAMUEL TOWNSEND, Secretary.

ST. MARK'S FIRE INSURANCE CO.—Capital, $150,000. Well secured on Bond and Mortgage on Real Estate. Have removed from No. 22 3d-av. and No. 60 Wall-st., to No. 67 WALL-ST.

JOHN M. FERRIER, President.

WASHINGTON POST, Secretary.

JAMES T. COURTNEY, Surveyor.

ARCTIC FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY—CASH CAPITAL $250,000.

OFFICE No. 19 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.

This Company insures Buildings, Merchandise, Furniture, Vessels in Port and their Cargoes, and other Property, against Loss or Damage by FIRE, and the Risks of Inland Navigation, at current Rates.

RICHARD A. OAKLEY, Sec. CALEB BARSTOW, Pres.

PETER COOPER FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 61 Wall-st., and 3d-av., corner of 8th-st., Bible House.—This Company continues to insure buildings, merchandise, ships and their cargoes in port, household furniture, &c., on the most favorable terms.

NATHAN C. ELY, President.

E. WHITE, Vice-President.

WM. H. BIRNEY, Secretary.

THE PEOPLE'S FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK. CASH CAPITAL $150,000, WITH A SURPLUS.

OFFICES

No. 22 William-st., and No. 173 Canal-st.

Property generally insured against loss and damage by fire.

RICHARD VARICK, President.

W. F. UNDERHILL, Secretary.

THE FRANKLIN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY of Philadelphia has removed to No. 27 Wall-st., nearly opposite the Custom House. F. NOTMAN, Agent.

BANK NOTICES.

ROSE HILL SAVINGS BANK.

NO. 251 THIRD-AVENUE—One door above 21st-st. Open daily, from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M. Interest at the rate of 6 per cent. on sums of $500 and under, and 5 per cent. on sums over $500. WM. H. PLATT, President.

E. LOCKSBROW, Sec. JAS. S. KEELER, Vice Pres.

TO CREDITORS OF KNICKERBOCKER SAVINGS INSTITUTION.—Notice is hereby given by the United States Trust Company of New-York, Receiver of the Knickerbocker Savings Institution, that a dividend of thirty-three and a third per cent. on the ascertained claims against said Institution, will be paid on and after the 10th instant, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M., at No. 38 William-st., in this [illegible].

JOSEPH LAWRENCE, President.

JOHN A. STEWART, Secretary.

BANK NOTICE.—BANK DEPARTMENT—ALBANY, April 2, 1854.—Notice is hereby given, in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, that all the circulating notes issued to the NEW-YORK BANK OF SARATOGA COUNTY, Ballston, (an individual bank,) must be presented at the office of the Superintendent of the Banking Department of the State of New-York, for payment, within two years from the date of this notice, or the funds deposited for the redemption of the circulating notes issued to the said Bank will be given up. D. B. ST. JOHN,

apl. 24-1awlyF Superintendent.

BANK DEPARTMENT—STATE OF NEW-YORK—ALBANY, Sept. 8, 1853.—Notice is hereby given, in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, that all the circulating notes issued by the AMENIA BANK, at Amenia, Dutchess County, (an individual bank,) must be presented at the office of the Superintendent of the Banking Department of the State of New-York, for payment, within two years from the date of this notice, or the funds deposited for the redemption of the notes issued by the said Bank will be given up to said Bank.

al5 '53-1awlyF D. B. ST. JOHN, Superintendent.

BANK DEPARTMENT—STATE OF NEW-YORK—ALBANY, Sept. 9, 1853.—Notice is hereby given, in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, that all the circulating notes issued by the FREEMAN'S BANK, of Washington County, at Hebron, Washington County, (an individual bank,) must be presented at the office of the Superintendent of the Banking Department of the State of New-York, for payment, within two years from the date of this notice, or the funds deposited for the redemption of the notes issued by the said Bank will be given up to said Bank.

al5,'53-1awlyF D. B. ST. JOHN, Superintendent.

FINE ARTS.

ARTISTS MATERIALS.—The best English Canvass, Oil Colors, Brushes, Varnishes, Water Colors, Sketch-books, Crayon Papers, Pastel Crayons, T Squares, Curves, for sale by W. SCHAUS, No. 290 Broadway, second floor.

THE NEW-YORK FOUNDRY AND IRON RAILING CO.—Are the sole manufacturers of Crowell's celebrated iron railing without rivets; also, of an entirely new style of wire railing, the neatest and warranted the cheapest made in the United States. They make castings of columns of all sizes, window and door guards, shutters, trusses, sills and lintels, office and door railing, girders, verandahs, brackets, vault covers, window frames, &c., at short notice and lowest prices; and contract for the whole of the iron work for buildings of every class. Specimens of all their work at the warerooms, Nos. 78 and 81 Duane-st., (a few doors east of Broadway.) Foundry foot of 40th-st., North River.

WIRE ROPE OF IRON AND COPPER—For mines, inclined planes, hoisting and steering purposes, sugar houses, stays of bridges, &c. &c., much safer and far more durable than the best hemp or Manila rope. Also, sash weights, dumb waiters, lightning conductors, &c.

CHARLES W. COPELAND, No. 64 Broadway.

TO SHIP BUILDERS.—RED CEDAR—MONTGOMERY & KNAPP, northeast corner of Noble and Catharine-sts., Philadelphia, have for sale and daily expect from 8 to 28 feet long, and from 4 to 15 inches in diameter.

AUCTION SALES.

[illegible] Auctioneer.

HOUSEHOLD AND EXTENSIVE SALE—TO-DAY, [illegible] splendid rosewood [illegible] velvet and Brussels carpeting, &c. [illegible] consisting of rosewood parlor suit, [illegible] French plate pier and mantel mirrors [illegible] rosewood double action piano-forte, made by [illegible] of this City, warranted—this instrument, for fineness of exterior and quality of tone, is unsurpassed. Also, a very fine rosewood étagere, [illegible] French work tables, fancy receptacles [illegible] oil paintings, by eminent modern artists; [illegible] French china, silver [illegible] cake baskets, forks, spoons, ivory cutlery, [illegible] champagnes, madeira, liquor [illegible] rosewood and mahogany bedsteads, [illegible] and modern styles; rosewood marble-top [illegible] curled hair mattresses, counterpanes, bolsters, pillows, china toilet sets, oval and square gilt frame mirrors, &c. Sale positive.

F. Colton, Auctioneer.

LARGE AND IMPORTANT SALE—OF RICH ROSEWOOD AND MAHOGANY HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—French plate mirrors, damask and curtains, velvet, Brussels, tapestry, three-ply and ingrain carpets, rosewood piano-forte, &c., &c., in Brooklyn. F. COLTON will sell on THIS DAY, May 4, at 10½ o'clock, [illegible] the corner of Court-st., [illegible] the entire furniture of the house. It will comprise [illegible] two full suites of rich rosewood parlor furniture [illegible] tete-a-tete, parlor chairs, Voltaire and easy chairs, beautiful bookcases and secretaries [illegible] plate and oval mirrors, very rich damask and lace curtains, window curtains and cornices, velvet tapestry and other carpets, oil cloths, oil paintings, extension dining and tea tables, marble top washstands, chandeliers, feather beds, hair mattresses, bedding, blankets, quilts, counterpanes, sheets and pillows, china and glass ware, table cutlery, bedroom, tea-room, basement and kitchen furniture, &c., &c. Also a very superior rosewood piano-forte, 7-octave, and made by one of the best makers in the City, and fully warranted.

N. B.—All the above named furniture has been made to order within the last year, and is in good condition. Catalogues giving a fuller description may be had early on the morning of sale. Also the house to let at a moderate rent.

Russell W. Westcott, Auctioneer.

GOOD HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AT AUCTION.—R. W. WESTCOTT will sell THIS DAY, (Friday,) at 10½ o'clock, a large and elegant variety of rosewood and mahogany household furniture, at No. 12 8th-av., worthy the special attention of housekeepers. A deposit will be required of every purchaser, and the goods must be removed immediately from the house. Rich Wilton, Brussels and ingrain carpets, superb rosewood parlor suite covered in tapestry, rosewood secretary, bookcase lined with [illegible], etagery and white marble-top tables, library bookcase, rosewood marble-top etagere, mirror front; costly mantel vases, 2 large French pier glasses, ormolu clocks, oil paintings, &c.; rosewood and mahogany bedsteads, fine hair mattresses, feather beds, marble-top bureaus and washstands, china toilet sets, oval and square mirrors, sofas, arm chairs, rockers, rosewood hat stand, &c., with a large assortment of chamber and basement furniture of every description, [illegible] tables, rich china and glassware, ivory cutlery, cooking stove, &c. Catalogues at house.

George Cook, Auctioneer.

BY STOVER & COOK—EXTENSIVE SALE OF FURNITURE, FRENCH PLATE MIRRORS, OIL PAINTINGS, RICH CHINA AND SILVER PLATED WARE, &c.—THIS DAY and TO-MORROW, at 10½ o'clock, at their salesroom, No. 304 Broadway, corner of Duane-st., consisting of French plate pier and mantel glasses, beautiful oil paintings, elegant gilt and decorated china ware, rosewood secretaire bookcase, superbly carved, rosewood escritoire, splendid parlor furniture, in French satin, plush and hair cloth, marble centre side and sofa tables, oak, walnut and mahogany dining-room furniture in every variety, mahogany sofas, chairs, [illegible] arm chairs, spring-seat parlor chairs, library bookcases, sideboards, [illegible] wardrobes, rosewood, walnut and mahogany bedsteads, bureaus, washstands, commodes, a beautiful suite of solid oak chamber furniture, enameled cottage furniture, with and without marble tops, hair mattresses, paillasses, beds and bedding, china and glassware, and housekeeping articles of every description. Catalogues on the morning of sale.

F. Colton, Auctioneer.

GREAT SALE OF FURNITURE—PIANOS, CARPETS, MIRRORS, &c.—F. COLTON will sell on SATURDAY, May 5, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 50 Beekman-st., second story, a very large assortment of rosewood and mahogany cabinet furniture, from about a dozen different families. It will comprise, in part, several suites of rosewood parlor furniture in brocatelle, full French bedsteads, Voltaire and easy chairs, dining and extension tables, secretaries and bookcases, marble top centre, side, sofa and card tables, sofa and sofa bedsteads, parlor chairs of all kinds, [illegible] carved rockers, tapestry, Brussels three-ply and ingrain carpets, full pieces of oilcloth, cottage furniture, French plate and oval mirrors, oil paintings, feather beds and hair mattresses, bedsteads, basement and kitchen furniture, &c. Also two piano fortes, one a rosewood, almost entirely new, and one mahogany, second-hand, together with many goods of various descriptions not enumerated. Sale will be peremptory.

Eugene E. Franklin, Auctioneer.

BY FRANKLIN & NICHOLS—HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PIANO-FORTES, CARPETS, MIRRORS, &c.—TO-MORROW (Saturday) at 10½ o'clock, at No. 97 Nassau-st., between Fulton and John-sts., E. E. FRANKLIN will sell at auction as above, a large assortment of cabinet furniture, in rosewood, mahogany, oak and walnut; consisting of elegant suites of rosewood parlor furniture, sofas, tete-a-tetes, lounges, easy, rocking and parlor chairs, bookcases, wardrobes, bureaus, washstands and bedsteads, hair mattresses, paillasses, &c.; also, a lot of store stools covered in hair cloth. Purchasers will find this sale deserving of attention. Also, a lot of second-hand furniture, worthy the attention of the trade and housekeepers.

At 12 o'clock, will be sold two superior piano fortes.

Goods carefully packed for shipping, or stored on moderate terms.

E. C. Kemp, Auctioneer.

LARGE AND POSITIVE SALE OF FURNITURE, PIANO-FORTE, CARPETS, &c.—THIS DAY, (Friday,) at 10 o'clock, at No. 65 Nassau-st., near Fulton—closing out on account of leaving the business.—E. C. KEMP will sell at auction, as above, without any reserve whatever, a very large assortment of household furniture of every description, which is well worthy of the notice of dealers and housekeepers. Also, oil paintings, mirrors, carpets, piano forte, office furniture, and one iron safe, made by Gayler, cost $110. This sale comprises a very large assortment of desirable goods, all of which must be sold without any reserve, to close accounts, and close up the business. A cash deposit will be required from every purchaser. Catalogues on the morning of sale.

Henry H. Leeds, Auctioneer.

BY H. H. LEEDS & CO.—FRIDAY, May 4, at 10½ o'clock, at the salesroom, No. 19 Nassau-st. Mortgagee's sale—large sale of household furniture, by order of the mortgagee, removed for convenience of sale, consisting of suites of rich rosewood and mahogany furniture covered in brocatelle and hair cloth; fancy chairs, bedsteads, mattresses, feather beds, arm chairs, mirrors, curtains, desks, pictures, iron bedsteads, crockery, pier and centre tables, sofas, carpets, of all kinds, oilcloths, carved oak bookcase, sofas and other goods; also, dinner and tea sets, Brussels and royal Axminster carpets, piano-fortes, &c.

Edward Schenck, Auctioneer.

AUCTION NOTICE.—By EDWARD SCHENCK. On FRIDAY, May 4, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 16 Wall-st., fine old wines, brandies, &c., belonging to one of our oldest importing houses now closing out their business, consisting as follows, viz.: 119 bottles of pale Otard, L. D. brandy, 1837; 27 cases do. 20 do. D. [illegible] Otard; Hennessy, Martell and Cognac champagne; do. 1841; 54 cans Pinet L. D. brandy; South Side and East India Madeiras, Amontillado, Duff Gordon, Romanos and Pemartin Sherries, Vitoria, 1841; Hunt Co. and Offley's Porte; old private stock brandy, 1820; Tokay, Muscat and Vino di Malvasia wines, &c., all of which can be relied upon as pure and of the first quality. Also, a large invoice of superior Havana cigars.

Albert H. Nicolay, Auctioneer.

POSITIVE SALE OF IRON FOUNDRY FIXTURES AT AUCTION.—ALBERT H. NICOLAY will sell on SATURDAY, May 5, at 11 o'clock, at 28th-st., between 10th and 11th-avs., known as the Minnesota Foundry, consisting in part of steam engine and boiler, in complete order, 10 horse power, hoisting cranes, punching machine, blacksmith's forge, bellows &c., core ovens, trucks, ladles, scales, work-benches, iron geared lathe, 10 feet [illegible], circular saw and table, copying presses, iron safe, drilling machines, &c., &c. For full particulars see catalogues, which can be obtained at the office of the Auctioneer, No. 4 Broad-st. Terms cash.

Henry H. Leeds, Auctioneer.

BY H. H. LEEDS & CO.—On FRIDAY, May 4, at 12 o'clock, in front of the salesroom, No. 19 Nassau-st., a splendid pair of dark bay horses, 15½ hands high, seven and eight years old, warranted kind and gentle, and free from tricks and vice, very fast travelers and good in either double or single harness, or under the saddle. Also, a handsome light wagon, and set of harness, both nearly new, the whole being the establishment of a gentleman going to Europe. The attention of young gentlemen is particularly invited to the above, as the sale is without reserve.

John E. Van Antwerp, Auctioneer.

HARDWARE AUCTION NOTICE.—J. E. VAN ANTWERP will sell THIS DAY, May 4, at 10 o'clock, at No. 160 Pearl-st., 200 packages and lots well assorted Birmingham, Sheffield, American and German hardware, cutlery and heavy goods, &c. Also, 3 large cases [illegible] housekeeping articles by the case, 6 cases axe handles, 3 casks files, and, with which the sale will commence, a lot of shelf hardware, &c., old goods; 16 casks horse nails, &c. Catalogues now ready.

E. C. Kemp, Auctioneer.

R. C. KEMP would invite the particular attention of the trade and housekeepers to the large sale of Furniture, Piano-Fortes, Carpets, Oil Paintings, &c. to be sold at Auction, at No. 65 Nassau-st., THIS DAY. The sale consists of a very large assortment of furniture of all descriptions, which is well worthy of notice, and the whole of which will be sold without any reserve, to close the business, as the undersigned is leaving the business and will close his business without delay. Cash deposits required from all purchasers. Catalogues now ready.

W. A. Carter, Auctioneer.

GROCERIES, FURNITURE, CLOTHING, BAKERY UTENSILS—THIS DAY, at 10½ o'clock, No. [illegible] Dey-st., corner of Greenwich—Herring, shoulders, fish, liquors, [illegible] sugars, macaroni, chocolate, prunes, [illegible] cigars, window-glass, soap, candles, hardware, nails, counter balances, dominoes, horse-collars, whips, shovels, &c.

RECEIVER'S SALE OF THE BLOOMINGDALE AND MANHATTANVILLE LINE OF STAGES.—By order of the Supreme Court.—All of the horses, stages and harness and also the personal property belonging thereto will be sold at public auction at Manhattanville, on SATURDAY, the 5th day of May, 1855.—The property consists of six lots of ground with brick stables, carriage-house, blacksmith shop, &c., situated on the corner of 129th-st. and Bloomingdale Road, in the village of Manhattanville, subject to a mortgage of $6,500. Also, a lease of two lots of ground, corner of 69th-st. and Bloomingdale Road, with frame stables and a dwelling-house which rents for $400 per annum, thereon; lease runs 12 years from the 1st of May, 1855, at ground rent of $30 per annum. Also, 110 horses, 25 stages and a number of carriages; sleighs and harness and other articles too numerous to mention. If sold together the present property will be subject to two chattel mortgages, but if sold in parcels will be free of incumbrances; also all the licenses and good will of said Bloomingdale and Manhattanville Line of Stages. Terms of Sale for Real Estate—Ten per cent. on day of sale and Auctioneer's fees; the balance when deeds delivered, which will be in fifteen days after sale. Terms of Sale of Personal Property—Cash on delivery. Sale to commence at 12 o'clock M., on the 5th day of May, 1855. BENJAMIN MOORE, Receiver, &c.

ALLEN, HULL & STOCKER, Attorneys for Complainants.

SAINT MARY'S FALLS SHIP CANAL CO.—Notice is hereby given, that on the 15th day of May, 1855, at 12½ P. M., at the Merchants' Exchange, in the City of New-York, four hundred and eighty shares of the Saint Mary's Falls Ship Canal Company, pledged or hypothecated by THOMAS DYER, will be sold at public auction.

AUCTION SALES.

Daniel T. Macfarlan, Auctioneer.

WALDRON & CO., AUCTION SALES AND COMMISSION ROOMS, No. 242 Bowery, between 5th and 6th-sts., will hold regular sales at their rooms, every week, and special sales when required. Goods sold on consignment. Also, will give their personal attention to Auction Sales at the residences of families breaking-up housekeeping. Also, Real Estate and Stocks sold at the Merchants' Exchange.

W. S. McIlvain, Auctioneer.

PLANTS AND FLOWERS.—WM. S. McILVAIN will sell THIS DAY, at the Seedstore No. 7 John-st., at 10½ o'clock, roses, honeysuckles, verbenas, dahlias, tuberoses, carnations, pinks, &c., &c., in small lots, from P. Henderson, Jersey City, direct from the garden on morning of sale. Catalogues. Purchasers at private sale will be liberally dealt with.

J. & H. Bartlett, Auctioneer.

AUCTION NOTICE.—J. & H. BARTLETT will sell on FRIDAY, May 4, 10 o'clock, at No. 168 Leonard-st., a general assortment of household furniture, suitable for private families or boarding-houses, piano-forte, china tea-sets, vases, glass, plated ware, &c.

Thos. H. Bell, Auctioneer.

AUCTION NOTICE.—By BELL & BUSH, THIS DAY, at 10½ o'clock, will be continued the sale of valuable stock of stationery, blank books, paper, by order of Assignee, at No. 177 Pearl-st., and closed on Saturday. The best of the stock yet remains.

M. Doughty, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL THIS DAY, at 10½ o'clock, at the salesroom, No. 27 Centre-st., household furniture, viz.: Sofas, tete-a-tetes, sofa beds, dress and plain bureaus, washstands, French bedsteads, hair mattresses, feather beds, several good carpets, &c.

Henry H. Leeds, Auctioneer.

BY H. H. LEEDS & CO.—On FRIDAY, May 4, at 12 o'clock, in salesroom No. 19 Nassau-st., two very fine Italian sculptured mantels of statuary marble, without reserve.

PECARES, BERNSTEIN & PHILLIPS, REAL ESTATE AND GENERAL AUCTIONEERS, No. 51 Liberty-st., one door from Nassau-st., will give their personal attention to sales of Real Estate, Stocks, Vessels, and Mortgages, at public and private sale; and to the sale at auction of Cargoes, Household Furniture, Paintings, Statuary, Works of Art, Jewelry, &c., and to out-door sales generally.

Money liberally advanced on Real Estate, Stocks, Vessels, Furniture, &c., left on sale with us. Loans negotiated.

COPARTNERSHIP.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.—The copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of A. M. HINCKLEY & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Either of the undersigned is authorized to collect all debts due to the firm and to pay all claims.

A. M. HINCKLEY,
PANAMA, April 14, 1855. HERMAN C. EVERS.

NOTICE.—The undersigned begs to inform the public that the business of the late firm of A. M. Hinckley & Co., now dissolved, will in future be carried on by himself individually under the firm name of A. M. HINCKLEY & CO.

ASPINWALL, April 14, 1855. A. M. HINCKLEY.

THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVE FORMED A partnership in the practice of the law, under the firm of TRACY, POWERS & TALLMADGE, at the place of business formerly occupied by Noyes, Powers & Tallmadge, No. 50 Wall-st.

WILLIAM CURTIS NOYES,
WILLIAM TRACY,
THOMAS J. POWERS,
FREDERICK S. TALLMADGE.

NEW-YORK, May 1, 1855.

COPARTNERSHIP.—SILAS C. HERRING has this day associated with him in business ALLEN N. LEET and ELIJAH T. SHERMAN, for the manufacture and sale of Fire and Burglar-Proof Safes, under the firm of SILAS C. HERRING & CO., who will continue the business, as formerly, at the old stand—Green Block—Nos. 135, 137 and 139 Water-st., New-York.

SILAS C. HERRING,
ALLEN N. LEET,
NEW-YORK, May 1, 1855. ELIJAH T. SHERMAN.

DISSOLUTION.—The copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of SAYBOLT & LONG is dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the late firm will be continued by WM. SAYBOLT.

SAYBOLT & LONG,
WILLIAM SAYBOLT,
NEW-YORK, April 30, 1855. SAMUEL S. LONG.

COPARTNERSHIP.—BENNETT & GRIGGS have associated with them WILLIAM E. LOTHROP, Esq., (late of COMAN, LOTHROP & CO.,) and will continue the Stock, Note and Exchange Brokerage, at No. 35 Wall-st., under the firm of BENNETT, GRIGGS & LOTHROP.

NEW-YORK, May 1, 1855.

NOTICE.—The subscribers have this day taken Mr. GEORGE FULLER into Copartnership, and will continue the business under the firm of FULLER, LORD & CO. FULLER & LORD, No. 139 Greenwich-st.

May 1, 1855.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—W. S. UNDERHILL retires from our firm and THOMAS M. WIGHAM is admitted a partner this day.

JACOB LITTLE & CO.

NEW-YORK, Tuesday, May 1, 1855.

THE COPARTNERSHIP—Heretofore existing between the undersigned is hereby dissolved by mutual consent. MATTHEW JORDAN.
Dated May 1, 1855. FRANK H. NORTON.

A. M. HINCKLEY & CO., FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, ASPINWALL and PANAMA, N. G. H. L. LEAF, Agent, No. 78 Broadway.

TO FARMERS AND OTHERS.

NEW AND IMPROVED POUDRETTE.—The best and most powerful substitute for Guano and Manure, and unlike other fertilizers in the market, can be put in direct contact with the seed, thereby affording complete [illegible] to the young plant. A pamphlet with directions, &c., can be had gratis, on application to the subscribers. Price, $1 50 per barrel, for 7 barrels and over. Apply to the LODI MANUFACTURING CO., (up stairs,) No. 74 Cortlandt-st.

Extract from a letter of Horace Greeley, dated January 18, 1855.

"You know that it was quite late when you sent it, and that it soon after became dry, and remained so until September, affording a very unfavorable opportunity for testing the value of Poudrette; yet I can testify that it did me good service, and you are welcome to refer to me in any way."

GARDEN SEED CORN.—The following choice varieties, now in season for planting:
Extra Early Burlington, 50c. per dozen ears.
Extra Early Darling's Sugar, 50c. per quart.
Early Flour Corn, 50c. per dozen ears.
Early Tuscarora, 25c. per quart.
Stowell's Ever Green Sweet, 25c. per quart.
Hovey's Old Colony Sweet, 25c. per quart.
The two last $6 per bushel. With a complete assortment of Vegetable, Flower and Field Seeds, of the best qualities only, in large or small quantities, for sale by
J. M. THORBURN & CO., No. 15 John-st.

NEW-YORK AGRICULTURAL WAREHOUSE and SEED STORE.—The subscriber has the largest, cheapest and most complete assortment of AGRICULTURAL and HORTICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, FIELD and GARDEN SEEDS, in the U. S. PERUVIAN GUANO—with Government brand on each bag—and not dampened to make it weigh heavier; Superphosphate of Lime, Bone Dust, Poudrette, &c.
R. L. ALLEN, Nos. 189 and 191 Water-st.

STRAWBERRY PLANTS, JENNY'S SEEDLINGS.—A large crimson berry and good bearers, recommended by the Massachusetts Horticultural Society as the largest, highest-flavored berry in cultivation. Also the Iowa Strawberry plants, a large and very profuse bearer, the earliest in this climate for ripening, in packages of 100 each, $1. Large rhubarb and asparagus roots, for sale by H. RALPH, Agricultural Warehouse and Seed Store, No. 23 Fulton-st., near Fulton market.

ORANGE WATERMELON.

THE ABOVE NEW VARIETY OF WATERMELON, (the rind of which may be peeled off and the pulp divided into pieces like an orange,) can be obtained at the Seed store of the subscribers. Price 12½ cents per paper. Also large California seed potatoes, &c.
McILVAIN & YOUNG, No. 7 John-st.

CHARTER OAK GRAPE ROOTS FOR SALE—At No. 7 John-st., where samples of the grapevine can be seen. These grapes grow to the size of 1½ inches in diameter, they are as sweet as the Isabella, and three weeks earlier; perfectly hardy, and will produce more pounds of grapes than any other ever cultivated. Orders promptly attended to by JOHN B. JAMES, No. 7 John-st., N. Y.

NEW ORANGE WATERMELON.—The subscribers have a small quantity of the seed of this new and desirable melon, which divides into lobes and pares like an orange, unrivaled in beauty as a dessert table fruit, and of superior flavor. Price 25 cents per packet.
J. M. THORBURN & CO., No. 15 John-st.

FLOWERS, BULBS AND PLANTS—Of all kinds, hardy and green-house, in quantities to suit purchasers. Also, foreign fruits, by the box. For sale at low prices, by BRAHME & CO., corner of Washington and Barclay-sts.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

TO CAPITALISTS AND ENGINEERS.—The patentee of one of the most important inventions of the present age—a plan for transporting trains of railroad cars across rivers without obstructing navigation—offers to sell one-fourth, one-third or one-half of the entire patent, on such terms that a small investment may make a fortune. He is able to demonstrate the perfect practicability of the invention; and is willing, if any capitalist will advance money enough to bring it into immediate use, to guarantee against all loss. A working model can be seen for a few days at the Merchants' Exchange, Wall-st.
F. FIELD, No. 15 Leight-st.

$700 TO $5,000—AN EXPERIENCED, THOROUGHGOING BUSINESS MAN wishes business, and will loan his employer $700, on good security in any respectable business already established, with the view, on a satisfactory acquaintance, of investing $5,000, and taking an interest in the business. Manufacturing, commission, or brokerage preferred. Address S. C. K., Times Office.

DRUG STORE FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN.—An old established drug store, doing a good business, with physician's office and practice attached. Apply at the drug store corner of Bridge and High sts., Brooklyn, from 9 to 6 o'clock P. M.

TO PRINTERS.—Several good second-hand single cylinder presses in complete repair for sale at low prices.
R. HOE & CO.

I BEG TO INVITE ATTENTION TO MY CAST IRON BUILDINGS which I originally introduced and patented. The mode of putting together is the most simple and yet perfect of any known, as it combines the greatest advantages of economy and of strength. The most elaborate styles of architecture are in an especial manner adapted to iron; every beautiful and graceful design which would be too costly in stone can be produced with perfection in iron. I am prepared to carry out designs for public or private buildings of any description, and also to sell the right to build on terms which will make it for the interest of the applicant, and leave no inducement to adopt any of the infringements which always follow successful inventions. Now that by my risk and perseverance in establishing iron architecture it has become successful, I am already followed by infringers and would caution the public against them as they will be subject to prosecution.
JAMES BOGARDUS,
Iron Building, corner of Centre and Duane-sts.

REPLATING.—Hotels, ships, steamboats and private families can have every description of old ware replated and warranted. Stair rods, plumbers' fixtures, tea sets, spoons and forks, and every kind of metal plated with gold or silver, at short notice, by the MANHATTAN PLATE COMPANY, No. 207 Bowery.

MEDICAL.

THE GREATEST MEDICAL DISCOVERY OF THE AGE.—MR. KENNEDY, of Roxbury, has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds, a remedy that cures every kind of humor, from the worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple.

He has tried it in over 1,100 cases, and never failed, except in two cases, both thunder humor. He has now in his possession over 200 certificates of its virtue, all within 20 miles of Boston.

Two bottles are warranted to cure a nursing sore mouth.
One to three bottles will cure the worst kind of pimples on the face.
Two to three bottles will clear the system of boils.
Two bottles are warranted to cure the worst canker in the mouth or stomach.
Three to five bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of erysipelas.
One to two bottles are warranted to cure all humor in the eyes.
Two bottles are warranted to cure running of the eyes and blotches among the hair.
Four to six bottles are warranted to cure corrupt and running ulcers.
One bottle will cure scaly eruption of the skin.
Two to three bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of ringworm.
Two to three bottles are warranted to cure the most desperate case of rheumatism.
Three to four bottles are warranted to cure the salt rheum.
Five to eight bottles will cure the worst case of scrofula.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the above quantity is taken.

Reader, I peddled over a thousand bottles of this in the vicinity of Boston. I know the effects of it in every case. So sure as water will extinguish fire, so sure will this cure humor. I never sold a bottle of it but that sold another; after a trial, it always speaks for itself. There are two things about this herb that appears to me surprising—first, that it grows in our pastures, in some places quite plentiful, and yet its value has never been known until I discovered it in 1846; second, that it should cure all kinds of humor.

In order to give some idea of the sudden rise and great popularity of the discovery, I will state that in April, 1853, I peddled it, and sold about six bottles per day. In April, 1854, I sold over a thousand bottles per day of it.

No change of diet ever necessary; eat the best you can get and enough of it.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE.—Adults, one table spoonful per day; children over [illegible] years, [illegible] spoonful; [illegible] to all [illegible]

MR. KENNEDY gives personal attendance in bad cases of Scrofula.

Manufactured by DONALD KENNEDY, No. 120 Warren-st., Roxbury, Mass. Price, $1.

MARSH & NORTHROP, No. 159 Greenwich-st.; SCHIEFFELIN BROS. & CO., No. 170 William-st.; BOYD & PAUL, Chambers-st.; F. C. WELLS & CO., Franklin-st.; McKESSON, ROBBINS & CO., No. 165 Maiden-lane; HAVILAND, HERNELL & RISLEY, Warren-st.; WARD, CLOSE & CO., Maiden-lane; and retailed by all respectable Druggists.

Wholesale agents for New-York: CHAS. H. RING, No. 192 Broadway; C. V. CLICKENER, No. 81 Barclay-st.; A. B. & D. SANDS, No. 141 Fulton-st., and retailed by all respectable druggists.

THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION. By Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women. One Hundredth Edition, (500,000,) 18mo., pp. 250. On fine paper, extra binding, $1. Every complaint to which woman is subject, from girlhood to womanhood, as also as wife and as mother, are fully described, with the causes, the symptoms, and also proper mode of treatment, in a plain, simple, but in the most chaste language, easily understood. And thus every woman can discover, by comparing her own symptoms with those described, the nature, character and causes of her complaint; and be spared much anxiety and suffering. The wife about becoming a mother has often need of instruction and advice of the utmost importance to her future health, in respect to which her sensitiveness forbids consulting a medical gentleman, will find such instruction and advice, and also explains many symptoms which otherwise would occasion anxiety or alarm. How many are suffering from obstructions or irregularities peculiar to the female system, which undermine the health, the effects of which they are ignorant, and for which the delicacy forbids seeking medical advice? How many suffer from prolapsus uteri (falling of the womb,) or from fluor albus (weakness, debility, &c.)? How many are in constant agony for many months preceding confinement? How many have difficult, if not dangerous deliveries, and slow and uncertain recoveries? Some whose lives are hazarded during such times will each find in its pages the means of prevention, amelioration and relief. How many bitter moments, how much anguish, might have been spared to the sufferer, to her husband, to her relatives, by a timely possession of this little volume. It is impracticable to convey fully the various subjects treated of, as they are of a nature strictly intended for the married, or those contemplating marriage.

For sale by STRINGER & TOWNSEND, No. 222 Broadway; ADRIANCE, SHERMAN & CO., Astor House, No. 1 Vesey-st.; DEWITT & DAVENPORT, (Tribune Buildings,) at No. 3 Astor House, Broadway, and at the Publishing Office, No. 129 Liberty-st., New-York; JOSEPH TUCKER, Mobile; also, T. F. PETERSON, No. 98 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia. On the receipt of $1, a copy will be transmitted by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States. All letters must be addressed, post-paid, to Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Office No. 129 Liberty-st., New-York, or Box No. 1,224 New-York Post Office.

MEDICAL ADVISER AND MARRIAGE GUIDE.—Eleventh edition, cloth, 345 pages, 75 colored engravings, representing all the diseases of the genital organs of the male and female, with the latest discoveries in reproduction. The afflicted should use no remedies before learning from this valuable work the superiority of the author's Paris and London treatment of private diseases. Both married and single should consult it. Sold at No. 222 Broadway, and mailed free for $1, by the author, M. LARMONT, Physician and Surgeon, No. 49 Reade-st., corner of Broadway, where he cures all these diseases, from 11 A. M. till 2 P. M., and 6 to 9 in the evening, Sundays excepted. Address Box No. 844 New-York Post-Office. We concur with the other papers in recommending Dr. LARMONT to the afflicted.—Courrier des Etats Unis, Staats Zeitung, Democrat, Day Book and New-Brunswick Times.

DOCTOR HUNTER—No. 3 Division-st., New-York, so long and favorably known to the public, may be consulted at his old established office, where he has practiced in one branch of medicine for the last twenty-four years, and made more cures than any other physician [illegible] many instances of persons considered incurable, some of which he has permission to refer to as references. Charges moderate, and in all cases a cure guaranteed. Caution.—His grand remedy, HUNTER'S RED DROP, that cures certain diseases without drying the poison in the blood, can only be had as above. Price $1. Call and get the Monitor of Health. The Doctor in constant attendance; separate rooms, private egress, &c.

MEDICAL OFFICE.—Dr. COOPER, No. 14 Duane-st., between Chatham and William sts., may be consulted with confidence. His medicines are applicable to every form of disease; even the weakest can take them without fear of discovery. His medicines for nervous debility, after removing the disease, leave the system in as good condition as before the dread malady took up its abode therein. Office hours from 8 o'clock A. M. to 8 o'clock P. M.

DR. CORBETT—No. 10 Duane-st., may be consulted with confidence on disease. Twenty-three years in one specialty in the profession enables him to guarantee speedy and permanent cures. His method for treatment is the same as that practiced by the great Ricord, of Paris, and all cases undertaken treated with the greatest candor. N. B.—Dr. C. is a member of the New-York University. See his diploma in his office.

A PRACTICAL PRIVATE TREATISE—FOURTEENTH EDITION—342 pages, with plates. Price $1. Sold at Nos. 131 and 160 Nassau-st., No. 1 Vesey-st., (Astor House,) and by the author, JOS. RALPH, M. D., No. 643 Houston-st. Hours of consultation from 9 to 12 o'clock A. M., and 6 to 9 o'clock P. M., (Sundays excepted.)

REMOVALS.

REMOVAL.—THE OLD ESTABLISHED SILVER-WARE MANUFACTORY of Messrs. CANN & DUNN, has been removed from Nos. 22 and 24 Frankfort-st., New-York, to Nos. 144 and 146 JAY-ST., BROOKLYN, where, with every facility, they will be prepared to fulfill, as usual, all orders from the trade for Vases, Urns, Salvers, Pitchers, Tea and Coffee Services, Trumpets, Plates, Goblets, Cups, &c., from designs, original and selected, ancient and modern.
JOHN CANN. DAVID DUNN.

REMOVAL OF THE CHRISTIAN HOME.—The office of the Christian Home is removed from No. 614 6th-av. to 38th-st., between 5th and Lexington-avs., (3d house east,) within one block and a half of Zion Church. Madison av. stages, and 3d-av.-cars come within a few steps of the office. Ladies will please leave or send in their orders for female servants, which will be punctually attended to.

REMOVAL.—DR. E. J. MATTOCKS, Physician for Diseases of the Lungs, has removed from No. 173 3d-av. to No. 1,050 Broadway, where he will be happy to serve any who wish to be cured of Consumption by the inhalation of Medicated Vapor. Remember the No. 1,050 Broadway, one door below 22d-st., N. Y.

REMOVAL.—A. D. GALE manufacturer and wholesale dealer in boots and shoes, has removed to No. 94 Beekman-st., about three minutes' walk from the Astor House. The trade generally is respectfully invited to call and examine. A. D. GALE, 94 Beekman-st., N. Y.

SCHMITT BROTHER—Show case manufacturers, have removed to their new and spacious warerooms and factory, No. 5 North William-st., corner building of Frankfort-st., where they hope to receive a continuance of the patronage of their friends and the public.

DR. I. JARVIS, Surgeon Dentist, has removed to No. 63 St. Mark's-place, 8th-st., near 2d-av., 2½ blocks from Broadway. Will be at No. 483 Grand st., daily, from 7 to 8 A. M. and 6 to 7 o'clock P. M.

REMOVAL.—P. W. GALLAUDET, Manufacturers' Agent for the sale of American Hardware, has removed from No. 75 to No. 86 John-st. The trade are respectfully invited to call.

REMOVAL.—GAUNT & DERRICKSON will remove from No. 158 South-st. to No. 30 Beekman-st., on the 1st of May next.

REMOVAL.—VERNON BROTHERS have removed from No. 119 Fulton-st. to No. 23 Beekman-st., near Nassau-st.

REMOVAL.—SCHACK & SCOFIELD, Stock Brokers, have removed from No. 72 Beaver-st. to No. 29 William-st., second floor.

REMOVAL.—R. A. WATKINSON, Counselor-at-Law and Commissioner for the several States, has moved to No. 7 Nassau st.

LOUIS DE RONGE—Has removed from No. 58 Broad-st. to No. 6 Park-place up-stairs.

HUGH AUCHINCLOSS & SONS have removed to No. 113 Broadway, corner of Thames-st.

REMOVAL.—WILLIAM A. WHEELER & CO. have removed to No. 120 William-st.

ZINC PAINTS.

PURE ZINC PAINTS.
HENRY AITKEN & CO.,
Agents of the
NEW-JERSEY ZINC COMPANY.
No. 186 Washington st., New-York.

ZINC PAINT.—The undersigned, Agents for the sale of White Oxide of Zinc, manufactured by the PENNSYLVANIA AND LEHIGH ZINC COMPANY, are prepared to receive orders for the same, and would invite the attention of the trade to its evident superiority over others of American manufacture, and the most successful competition with the best of foreign dealers, can with confidence depend upon always obtaining any desired supply of this Paint, which will be found to recommend itself for purity, great body and uniform whiteness. Prices and terms arranged on the most liberal footing.
JAMES T. LEWIS & CO., No. 83 Water-st.

FINE AND EXTRA FINE MEATS—Consisting of Beef, Mutton, Lamb and Veal, in cuts to suit purchasers, by THOMAS F. DEVOE, Nos. 7 and 8 Jefferson Market.

RAILROADS.

NEW-YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD FROM ALBANY.—By the way and in connection with the Hudson River Railroad, and People's Line of Steamboats from the foot of Cortlandt-st. from NEW-YORK for BUFFALO, CLEVELAND, TOLEDO, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS, NIAGARA FALLS, SUSPENSION BRIDGE and DETROIT.

EXPRESS TRAIN—From Albany, at 7:30 A. M., arriving at Buffalo at 7:30 P. M.

NEW-YORK MORNING EXPRESS—Leaves Albany at 12 M., in connection with the Hudson River Railroad from New-York, at 7 A. M., stopping at Schenectady, Fonda, Little Falls, Utica, Rome, Chittenango, Syracuse, Clyde, Rochester, Batavia, and arriving at Buffalo at 10:30 P. M.

NEW-YORK EVENING EXPRESS—In connection with the Hudson River Railroad from New-York 4:45 P. M., leaves Albany at 11:15 P. M., and arrives at Buffalo at 7:30 A. M., Suspension Bridge at 10:25 A. M. and Niagara Falls at 10:30 A. M.

MAIL TRAIN—Leaves Albany at 9:30 A. M., stopping at all stations.

UTICA ACCOMMODATION TRAIN—Leaves Albany at 3:30 P. M., stopping at all stations, and arrives at Utica at 8 P. M.

PRINCIPAL CONNECTIONS

At Troy, with Rensselaer and Saratoga, Troy and Boston roads to places North and East.

At Buffalo, with Lake Shore Road, and Steamboats for Cleveland, Cincinnati, Toledo and Chicago; Buffalo and Brantford Road, Niagara Falls and Buffalo Road, to Niagara Falls and Suspension Bridge, connecting with the Great Western Railway to Detroit, &c.; also, with steamboats for Detroit and Chicago.

At Suspension Bridge, with Great Western Railway to Windsor, Detroit, Chicago, St. Louis, &c.; also, with railroad to Lewiston, and steamboat line to Toronto, &c., C. W.

At Syracuse, with Oswego and Syracuse Road to Oswego.

At Rome, with Watertown and Rome Road to Cape Vincent, and steamers to Kingston, C. W., and Ports on Lake Ontario.

At Schenectady, with road to Saratoga Springs, Whitehall, &c. C. VIBBARD, General Sup't, Albany.

CLEVELAND AND TOLEDO RAILROAD.—CHANGE OF WINTER ARRANGEMENT—AMERICAN LAKE SHORE LINE—For TOLEDO, CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND, ST. LOUIS, GALENA, DUBUQUE, MILWAUKEE, SHEBOYGAN, and the West generally; also, SANDUSKY, DAYTON, INDIANAPOLIS, CINCINNATI and FORT WAYNE.—Passengers by this route are not subjected to any expense for transferring themselves or baggage, or the surveillance of Custom House officers. Five daily trains from Cleveland: First—7:30 A. M., New-York Express, from station of C. C. & C. R. R., for Toledo, Chicago and St. Louis. Second—[illegible] A. M. Express Train, from west side of the river, for Sandusky, Dayton, Indianapolis, Cincinnati and Fort Wayne. Third—2:30 P. M. Mail Train from Station of C. C. & C. R. R., for Toledo, Chicago and St. Louis. Fourth—4 P. M., Mail Train, from west side of the river, for Sandusky. Fifth—9:25 P. M. Night Express Train, from Station of C. C. & C. R. R., for Toledo and Chicago. Through tickets can be procured at the principal Railroad Ticket Offices. E. B. PHILLIPS, Superintendent.

OFFICE OF C. & T. R. R., CLEVELAND, Nov 29, 1854.

NEW-YORK AND ERIE RAILROAD.—On and after THURSDAY, March 29, 1855, and until further notice, Passenger Trains will leave Pier foot of Duane-st., as follows, viz.: Dunkirk Express, at 7 A. M., for Dunkirk. Buffalo Express, at 7 A. M., for Buffalo. Mail at 8:15 A. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo, and intermediate stations. Passengers by this Train will connect with Express Trains for Syracuse, Cayuga, Canandaigua, Niagara Falls, and Rochester, and with the Lightning Express Train on Lake Shore Railroad for Cincinnati, Chicago, &c. Rockland Passenger, at 3 P. M., from foot of Chambers-st., via Piermont, for Suffern, and intermediate stations. Way Passenger, at 4 P. M., for Newburg and Otisville, and intermediate stations. Night Express, at 6 P. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo. Emigrant, at 5.30 P. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo, and intermediate stations. On Sunday, only one Express Train, at 6 P. M. These Express Trains connect at Elmira with the Elmira and Niagara Falls Railroad, for Niagara Falls, at Buffalo and Dunkirk with the Lake Shore Railroad for Cleveland, Cincinnati, Toledo, Detroit, Chicago, &c.
D. C. McCALLUM, General Superintendent.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—Trains leave Chambers-st. daily, for Albany and Troy. On and after MONDAY, Jan. 29, 1855, the trains will run as follows: Express Trains 7 A. M., connecting with Northern and Western Trains. Mail Train 9 A. M. Through Way Train, 12 M. Express Train, 4:45 P. M. Accommodation Train, 6 P. M. For Poughkeepsie—Way Freight and Passenger Train 1 P. M. For Peekskill, 7:15 A. M., 3, 4 and 5:30 P. M. For Tarrytown, at 8 P. M. The Tarrytown, Peekskill and Poughkeepsie Trains stop at all the Way Stations. Passengers taken at Chambers, Canal, Christopher, and 31st-sts. SUNDAY MAIL TRAINS at 9 A. M., from Canal-st., for Albany, stopping at all the Way Stations.
M. L. SYKES, Jr., Superintendent.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD—FOURTEENTH-ST STATION.—The Passenger Station at the corner of 14th st. and 10th-av., will be discontinued on and after the 1st day of March next. By order of the Directors.
M. L. SYKES, Jr., Superintendent.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY.—NEW-YORK, SOMERVILLE, EASTON, &c.—SPRING ARRANGEMENTS—Commencing April 2, 1855: Leave New-York for Easton by steamers Red Jacket and Wyoming from Pier No. 2 North River, at 8 A. M., 1 and 4 P. M. For Somerville (Way) at 5:30 P. M. The above trains connect at Elizabethtown with trains on the New-Jersey Railroad, which leave New-York from foot of Cortlandt-st. at 8 A. M., 1, 4 and 5 P. M.

RETURNING—Leave Phillipsburg (opposite Easton) at 6 and 9:40 A. M. and 3 P. M. Somerville (Way) at 6 A. M.

NEW-YORK AND ELIZABETHPORT.—Leave New-York at 8 and 10 A. M., 1, 4 and 5:30 P. M. Leave Elizabethport at 7:15 and 9.10 A. M., 1, 3:15 and 6 P. M.
JOHN O. STERNS, Superintendent.

NEW-YORK TO RUTLAND, BURLINGTON, MONTREAL AND OGDENSBURG.—The only through line to Burlington and St. Albans the same day. Leave by Hudson River Road at 7 A. M., arrive at Troy 12 M., take cars of Troy and Boston Railroad, reach Rutland at 3 P. M., Burlington, 5:40; St. Albans, 7:40; lodge and proceed next morning direct, to Montreal and Ogdensburg. Leave at 9 A. M. and 12 M. and Rutland 6:30, lodge; leave at 6 A. M., arrive at Burlington 8:30, leave at 10:40 A. M. for Rouse's Point, Montreal and Ogdensburg.
ISAAC V. BAKER, Supt., T. & B. R. R.

FLUSHING RAILROAD.—On and after April 17, the cars [illegible] at 7 A. M., and at 1, 4 and 6:30 P. M., connecting with the steamer ISLAND CITY at Hunter's Point. The steamer ISLAND CITY leaves New-York from Fulton Market-slip, at 6, 8 and 10 A. M., and at 1, 4 and 6:00 P. M. Connecting with the cars at Hunter's Point.
WM. M. SMITH, Superintendent.

CAMDEN AND AMBOY RAILROAD TO PHILADELPHIA—From Pier No. 1, North River, two lines daily, at 6 A. M. to 2 P. M. Morning line at 6 A. M., by steamboat JOHN POTTER, to South Amboy, thence by cars to way places and Camden—fare $2 25. Express line at 2 P. M., by JOHN POTTER to Amboy; thence direct to Camden by cars; through in five hours; fare $3. Way, Accommodation and Emigrant line at 1 P. M.; fare $1 50. Emigrant line at 5 P. M.; fare $1 75.

NEW-JERSEY RAILROAD.—FOR PHILADELPHIA and the South and West, via Jersey City—Mail and Express Lines—Leave New-York at 8 and 10 A. M. and 4 and 6 P. M.; fare, $2 75 in 4, and $3 in 8 and 10 A. M. and 6 P. M.; second class, $2 25 in 10, at 12 M. $2; stopping at all way stations. Through tickets sold for Cincinnati and the West, and for Baltimore, Washington, Norfolk, &c., and through baggage checked to Washington in 8 A. M. and 6 P. M.

MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILROAD LINE.—Travelers for CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS, KANSAS, and all points West and Southwest, can obtain Through Tickets and all information concerning routes, fare, &c., either by the New-York and Erie Railroad, or New-York Central Railroad, by application at the Company's office, No. 193 Broadway, corner Dey-st., to
JOHN F. PORTER, General Agent.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

PIANO-FORTES—REMOVAL.—J. & D. WALKER have removed their business to the spacious wareroom, under the Mercantile Library, fronting on Astor-place and 8th-st., a few doors from Broadway, where will be kept for sale an extensive assortment of new and second-hand Piano-fortes by various New-York and Boston makers—including those of their own manufacture. Also, a large stock of BOUDOIR, PICCOLO and HORIZONTAL PIANOS for hire. Piano-Fortes received for sale on commission.

HAINES BROS. & CUMMINGS—Having been induced by the increased demand for their pianos, to greatly extend their manufacturing facilities, are now prepared to meet the full demand of the public, and at prices greatly reduced. Particular attention is called to their new circular scale, metallic frame piano, unsurpassed by any other. Warerooms No. 116 3d-av., corner of 14th-st.

PIANOS!—PIANOS!!—Great bargains may be had at the splendid warehouse of N. P. B. CURTISS, at his old stand, No. 447 Broadway, where he has reopened with a rich and varied assortment of Pianos, from the celebrated manufactory of Geo. Hews, Boston; also, a large assortment of New-York manufacture. Persons will find it to their advantage to call before purchasing elsewhere.

FIRST PREMIUM PIANO-FORTES—Manufactured by STEINWAY & SONS, No. 88 Walker-st., near Broadway, New-York. These pianos received the first premiums in competition with pianos made by the most celebrated manufacturers of Boston, New-York, Philadelphia and Baltimore. Every piano warranted. Prices moderate.

BACON & RAVEN—PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS—Nos. 160 and 162 Centre-st., opposite Canal, east from Broadway—Having an experience of 25 years, and every requisite facility at our manufactories, are enabled to offer the public an assortment of instruments unsurpassed by any as to tone, workmanship and durability.

PIANO-FORTES.—JOHN F. WAKE & CO., manufacturers, have removed their Piano-forte Warehouse from No. 38 Barclay-st. to the new and spacious building, No. 167 Canal-st., between Hudson and Varick.

Piano-fortes at wholesale prices for cash or satisfactory paper. Great inducement to purchasers now offered.

PIANOS TO LET—WITH PRIVILEGE OF PURCHASING—Rent deducted. New and second-hand pianos to rent at very low prices. HAINES BROS. & CUMMINGS, No. 116 3d-av., corner of 14th-st.

LIGHTE, NEWTON & BRADBURY—PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS—Warerooms, No. 421 Broome-st., one block east of Broadway, New-York. Sole agents for the celebrated Organ Melodion.

TWO SECOND-HAND PIANO-FORTES—Rosewood, 6¾ octave, nearly new. Prices, $165 and $175. Inquire of R. GLENN, No. 83 Spring-st.

FARO PLAYING CARDS.

FARO PLAYING CARDS—Very old and well-seasoned, with all the various other qualities of linen and cotton cards, made by SAM HART & CO. For sale to the trade and club-houses at their store, No. 1 Barclay-st., opposite the Astor House.

PAINTS.

BLAKE'S PATENT FIRE-PROOF PAINT.—The original and only genuine article that can be sold without violating my patent. Constantly on hand both ground in oil and dry powder, at the general depot, No. 113 Pearl-st., Hanover-square, by the patentee, WM. BLAKE.

PAINT—For buildings, fences, roofs, &c., at 1½ cents a pound; BOILED OIL at 70 cents a gallon at No. 131 Maiden-lane, New-York. F. H. SMITH, Agent.

COAL.

NEW COAL YARD.—I have opened a new Coal Yard in 34th-st., near the junction of Broadway and 6th-av., where I offer for sale, at the lowest prices, every description of Anthracite and Bituminous Coal. J. L. WORTH.

CHARCOAL FOUNDRY IRON.—A very superior article made from Magnetic Iron Ore in Clinton County, N. Y. For sale in lots to suit purchasers, by JOHN S. [illegible] & CO., No. 32 Cliff-st.

FOR EUROPE.

THE NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMERS.—The ships comprising the Line are the following:
ATLANTIC, Capt. WEST. PACIFIC, Capt. NYE.
ADRIATIC, Capt. ——. BALTIC, Capt. COMSTOCK.

The ships have been built by contract, expressly for Government service. Every care has been taken in their construction, as also in their engines, to insure strength and speed, and their accommodations for passengers are unequaled for elegance and comfort. Price of passage from New-York to Liverpool, in first-class cabin, $130; in second do., $75; exclusive use of extra size state-rooms, $325; from Liverpool to New-York, 30 and 20 guineas. An experienced surgeon attached to each ship. No berth secured until paid for.

PROPOSED DATES OF SAILING.

FROM NEW-YORK.		FROM LIVERPOOL.	
Wednesday, April 18	1855	Saturday, April 21	1855
Wednesday, May 2	1855	Saturday, May 5	1855
Wednesday, May 16	1855	Saturday, May 19	1855
Wednesday, May 30	1855	Saturday, June 2	1855
Wednesday, June 13	1855	Saturday, June 16	1855
Wednesday, June 27	1855	Saturday, June 30	1855
Wednesday, July 11	1855	Saturday, July 14	1855
Wednesday, July 25	1855	Saturday, July 28	1855

For freight or passage apply to
EDW'D K. COLLINS, No. 56 Wall-st., New-York.
BROWN, SHIPLEY & CO., Liverpool.
STEPHEN KENNARD & CO., No. 27 Austin Friars, London.
B. G. WAINWRIGHT & CO., Paris.
GEORGE H. DRAPER, Havre.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for gold, silver, bullion, specie, jewelry, precious stones or metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor, and the value thereof therein expressed. Shippers please take notice that the ships of this Line cannot carry any goods contraband of war.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS—FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.—Chief Cabin Passage, $130; Second Cabin Passage, $75.—FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.—Chief Cabin Passage, $110; Second Cabin Passage, $60. The ships from Boston call at Halifax.
ARABIA, Capt. Judkins; AMERICA, Capt. Lang;
PERSIA, Capt. Ryrie; EUROPA, Capt. Shannon;
ASIA, Capt. E. G. Lott; CANADA, Capt. Stone;
AFRICA, Capt. Harrison; NIAGARA, Capt. Leitch.

These vessels carry a clear white Light at mast-head; Green on starboard bow; Red on port bow.
AFRICA, Harrison, leaves Boston ... Wednesday, May 9.
ASIA, Lott, leaves Boston ... Wednesday, May 23.
AMERICA, Lang, leaves Boston ... Wednesday, June 6.
AFRICA, Harrison, leaves Boston ... Wednesday, June 20.

Berths not secured until paid for. An experienced Surgeon on board. The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Gold, Silver, Bullion, Specie, Jewelry, Precious Stones, or Metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor, and the value thereof therein expressed. For Freight or Passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

There will be no steamships of this line from New-York until further notice.

TAPSCOTT'S LINE OF LIVERPOOL PACKETS.
Rock Light, new. Emerald Isle, new. Edward Stanley,
Albion, new, Cambria, new, Shamrock, new,
Driver, new, Dreadnought, new, Queen of Clippers, n.
Northampton, new, Cosmopolitan, new, City of Brooklyn, n.
Wm. Tapscott, Benjamin Adams, Empire,
Arctic, Antarctic, Roppahannock,
Progress, Andrew Foster, Charles Buck,
St. Louis, Galena, Forest King,
Chimborazo, Philanthropist, Richard Morse,
Robena, Houghton, Glance,
Kossuth, Continent, Centurion,
Helios, Comet, Constellation,
Compromise, New-Hampshire, R. Z.,
Underwriter, West Point, Adriatic.
A. Z., Racer,

THE X LINE OF LONDON PACKETS.
Amazon, new, Southampton, Northumberland,
Ocean Queen, Hendrick Hudson, Palestine, new,
Devonshire, Margaret Evans, American Eagle.

Money remitted to England, Ireland, Scotland, Wales, France and Germany. The subscribers continue to remit money in large or small amounts, payable in all the principal cities and towns in any of the above named countries.
TAPSCOTT & CO.,
No. 86 South-st., New-York, or to
WM. TAPSCOTT & CO.,
St. George's Buildings, Liverpool.

FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.—The United States Mail Steamship ST. LOUIS, J. A. WOTTON, commander, will leave for Havre, touching at Southampton to land the mails and passengers, on SATURDAY, May 5, at 12 o'clock, from Pier No. 37 North River, foot of Beach-st.
Price of passage, first cabin ... $130
Price of passage, second cabin ... 75
Luggage not wanted during the voyage should be sent on board the day before sailing, marked "below." No freight will be taken after Thursday, May 3. For freight or passage apply to MORTIMER LIVINGSTON, Agent, No. 55 Broadway.

The new steamship ARAGO, Capt. D. LINES, will succeed the ST. LOUIS, and sail June 2.

FOR CALIFORNIA.

REDUCTION OF FARES TO SUIT THE TIMES.—NEW-YORK AND CALIFORNIA STEAMSHIP LINE, via Nicaragua.—The Accessory Transit Company of Nicaragua, proprietors. Through in advance of the Mail. 700 miles shorter than any other route. Avoiding the deadly Panama Fever and two miles of dangerous boating in Panama Bay.

The splendid double-engine steamship STAR OF THE WEST, (2,000 tons burden,) Capt. TURNER, will leave from Pier No. 3 North River, at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely, for Punta Arenas, on SATURDAY, May 12, 1855, connecting with the steamship CORTES, (2,000 tons burden,) over the Nicaragua Transit Route, having but twelve miles of land transportation by first-class carriages.

For information or passage at the reduced rates, apply only to CHARLES MORGAN, Agent, No. 2 Bowling-green.

Letter-bags made up at the office. No unstamped letters received.

N. B.—Commencing on the 20th of May, the days of leaving New-York will be changed to the 5th and 20th of each month.

FOR THE SOUTH.

NEW-YORK AND NEW-ORLEANS STEAMSHIP COMPANY—FOR NEW ORLEANS, STOPPING AT HAVANA—Carrying the United States Mail. The steamship BLACK WARRIOR, J. D. BULLOCK, Commander, will commence receiving freight on Saturday, May 5, and sail for the above port on WEDNESDAY, May 9, at 12 o'clock, from Pier No. 3, foot of Robinson st., North River. Freight for the interior and Mobile consigned to our agents in New-Orleans, JAS. CONNOLLY & CO., will be forwarded free of commissions.

Passengers for Havana must procure passports before leaving port. Bills of lading must be sent in for signing the evening previous to the ship's sailing. For freight or passage, apply to LIVINGSTON, CROCHERON & CO., Agents, No. 31 Broadway.

N. B.—The CAHAWBA, R. W. SHUFELDT, Commander, will succeed the BLACK WARRIOR, and sail on Friday May 25.

FOR NORFOLK, PETERSBURG AND RICHMOND.—The U. S. Mail steamship JAMESTOWN, L. PARRISH, Commander, will leave Pier No. 13 North River, on SATURDAY, May 5, at 4 o'clock, P. M.; will arrive at Norfolk the next afternoon, and at Petersburg and Richmond the following morning. From Norfolk, passengers for the South proceed by railroad direct, with through tickets from Weldon to Wilmington, Charleston, &c. Passage and fare to Norfolk, $8; to Petersburg and Richmond, $10; Steerage half price. Through tickets to Lynchburg, $14. Apply to LUDLAM & PLEASANTS, No. 33 Broadway.

No freight taken for Petersburg.

FOR SAVANNAH AND FLORIDA—United States Mail Line.—The new and splendid steamship AUGUSTA, Capt. THOS. LYON, will leave New-York for Savannah on SATURDAY, May 5, from pier No. 4 North River, at 4 o'clock, precisely. Bills lading signed by the clerk on board. For freight or passage apply to SAMUEL L. MITCHELL, No. 13 Broadway.

For Florida through tickets from New-York to Jacksonville, $31; Palatka $33.

The ALABAMA, Capt. GEO. R. SCHENCK, will succeed and leave on WEDNESDAY, May 9.

FOR SAN JUAN DE NICARAGUA—The favorite first-class steamship UNITED STATES will sail for the above port at 12 o'clock on MONDAY, 7th day of May next. For freight or passage apply to WALTER R. JONES, No. 90 Wall-st., or PEDRAJAS & CO., No. 5 William-st., where plans of the accommodations may be seen.

FOR RICHMOND AND NORFOLK.—The steamship JAMESTOWN, Capt. PARRISH, is now loading at Pier No. 13, North River, for Richmond and Norfolk, and will leave on SATURDAY AFTERNOON, at 4 o'clock.
LUDLAM & PLEASANTS, No. 33 Broadway.

STEAMBOATS.

1855.—DAY BOAT FOR ALBANY.—Landing (each way,) at Nyack, Grassy Point, West Point, Cornwall, Newburg, Poughkeepsie, Rhinebeck, Catskill, Hudson and Coxsackie.—MEALS SERVED ON BOARD.—The favorite steamer ARMENIA, Capt. N. B. COCHRAN, will on TUESDAY, May 1, commence her regular trips to Albany, leaving New-York from foot of Chambers-st., every TUESDAY, THURSDAY, and SATURDAY at 7 o'clock A. M.

N. B.—A baggage master will accompany the steamer each way, to check baggage free. For particulars inquire at the N. Y. & Erie Railroad Office, Murray-st. wharf.

1855.—NYACK AND HAVERSTRAW STEAMBOAT LINE—Leave Chambers-st. Pier daily (except Sunday,) at 11 o'clock A. M. and 3 o'clock P. M. Leave Haverstraw at 6½ A. M. and 3 P. M. Landing each way at Piermont, (Nyack Oak Hill Cemetery) and Rockland Lake. Steamer J. P. SMITH, Capt. R. T. BLANCH, and steamer ARROW, Capt. A. A. LYDACKER.

FOR ALBANY AND TROY DIRECT—FARE FIFTY CENTS—From Pier No. 15, foot of Liberty-st. Steamers RIP VAN WINKLE, Capt. O. W. FARNHAM, and COMMODORE, Capt. L. SMITH. Daily (Saturdays excepted) at 6 o'clock P. M.; SUNDAYS at 5 P. M. Landing at Newburg and Poughkeepsie on Sunday evenings.

EXPRESSES.

ADAMS & CO.'S CALIFORNIA, OREGON, SANDWICH ISLANDS AND SOUTH AMERICAN EXPRESS. Office No. 59 Broadway.—REDUCTION OF EXPRESS RATES.—ADAMS & CO. give notice to their California Express customers, that they have reduced the rate for Express freight from New-York to San Francisco, via Panama, to thirty-five cents per pound. Through with mail speed, by connecting steamers—TIME ONLY TWENTY-ONE DAYS.—To be entitled to the above reduction in rate, packages must weigh not less than 17 pounds to the foot. Our next Express will go forward per steamer GEORGE LAW, on SATURDAY, May 5, at 2 P. M., in charge of Special Messenger to destination. Goods shipped in bond. Freight received until 1 o'clock, P. M., on day of sailing.
W. B. DINSMORE,
E. S. SANDFORD,
S. M. SHOEMAKER,
Proprietors of Adams & Co.'s California Package Express.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S EXPRESS TO CALIFORNIA, OREGON, SANDWICH ISLANDS AND PACIFIC COAST OF SOUTH AMERICA.—Office, No. 82 Broadway. Our next Express for California, &c., will go forward on SATURDAY, May 5, at 2 P. M., by U. S. steamer GEORGE LAW, via Panama. Freight weighing 17 pounds or more per cubic foot taken to San Francisco for 35 cents per pound, and on such freight (same weight) which shipper permits to lie over on Isthmus until next succeeding steamer, or from Panama, 30 cents per pound. Positively no freight received after 12 M. Small parcels received until 1 P. M. All in charge of our messenger to destination. Freight must be put up water-proof. Goods shipped in bond.
D. N. BARNEY, President.

PACIFIC EXPRESS COMPANY.—No. 134 Broadway.—FOR CALIFORNIA.—Our next regular Express leaves per steamer GEORGE LAW, on SATURDAY, May 5, at 2 P. M., in charge of a Special Messenger. Freight and packages shipped at lowest Express rates. Small packages received till 1 o'clock on day of sailing.
WM. H. HALL, Agent.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—The Pacific Express Company have no connection with Adams & Co. of San Francisco, or Adams & Co., of New-York. WM. H. HALL, Agent.

LEGAL NOTICES.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW-YORK—To WILLIAM B. BLAGROVE, [illegible] Ebenezer E. Blagrove, [illegible] Brothers, [illegible] & Co., [illegible] Henry Parkins, [illegible] Henry Phillips, John M. [illegible] Worthington & Thompson, William Brewers and E. Hyde, all residing in the city of Brooklyn; Messrs. Taylor & Co., Stewart, Nickell, Haydock, Clay & Evans, F. C. Wells & Co., Frederick Lines, Schieffelin, Brothers & Co., [illegible] Martin & Co., M. Hallenbeck, John Matthews, Andrew Ross, Cummings & Van Duser, Andrew Ross & Co., [illegible] Taylor & Co., John Castle & Co., Lewis Brown, F. C. Wells & Co., Loeds & Howard, and Ira Smith, Jr. & Co., all supposed to reside in the City of New-York—Greeting:

You and each of you, are hereby cited and required to appear before our Surrogate of the County of Kings, at his office, in the City Hall, in the city of Brooklyn, on the 15th day of May next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, and to attend the final settlement of the account of Phebe Blagrove, as Administratrix of the goods, chattels and credits of William B. Blagrove, late of the city of Brooklyn, deceased.

In testimony whereof, we have caused the Seal of Office of said Surrogate to be hereunto affixed.

Witness, Rodman B. Dawson, Esq., Surrogate of our said County, at the city of Brooklyn, the 4th day of [L. S.] April, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, and of our Independence the Seventy-ninth.

ap12-law6wF RODMAN B. DAWSON, Surrogate.

SUPREME COURT—County of Monroe.—IRA BELDEN against CHAUNCEY DUBYER, ORRIN FORSYTH; Ira Belden and Daniel Graves, (survivors of Dubyee & Forsyth,) The Eagle Bank of Rochester, Henry Hopkins, James Hopkins, Robert L. Dawson, Robert R. Hancock, Bertrand Clover, James B. Maxwell and Charles Atkinson.

To ROBERT L. DAWSON, ROBERT R. HANCOCK and CHARLES ATKINSON, defendants: You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint of Ira Belden, the above named plaintiff, which has been filed in the office of the Clerk of said county, and to serve a copy of your answer on the subscribers, at their office in Rochester, within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, or the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Said complaint was filed in said County Clerk's Office, at the city of Rochester, on the 27th day of February, 1855. Dated March 21, 1855. DANFORTH & TERRY,
ap6-law6wF Plaintiff's Att'ys, Rochester.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER of RODMAN B. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against THOMAS ADDISON, late of the city of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, the Executors, at the store of WILLIAM HALSEY, No. 182 Water-st., in the City of New York, on or before the 9th day of October next.—Dated April 4, 1855.
JOHN HALSEY,
ap6-law6m F* WILLIAM HALSEY, Executors.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER of RODMAN B. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against JAMES WALTERS, late of the city of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, the executors, at the office of WILLIAM M. INGRAHAM, Esq., No. 3 Front-st., in the city of Brooklyn, on or before the 29th day of September next.—Dated March 22, 1855.
HENRY WALTERS,
mh23-law6mF* FREELOVE WALTERS, Executors.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER of the Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against EDMUND S. WILLETTS, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at the office of WILLETT & STEPHENS, No. 47 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 26th day of September next.—Dated New-York, March 23, 1855.
ISAAC WILLITS,
ARABELLA WILLITS,
mh23-law6mF, Administrators.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER of RODMAN B. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against ISRAEL WOOD, late of the town of Bushwick, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, the Administrators at the residence of Charles Wood, No. 270 Pearl-st., in the City of Brooklyn on or before the 4th day of September next.—Dated, Feb. 28, 1855.
CHARLES WOOD,
mh2-law6mF JONATHAN WOOD, Administrators.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER of JESSE C. SMITH, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against JOHN G. BROUGHTON, late of the city of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at the office of PEET & NICHOLS, No. 192 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the 19th day of June next.—Dated Dec. 12, 1854. BARRENDENA BROUGHTON,
d28-law6mF CHARLES A. NICHOLS, Adm'rs.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF RODMAN B. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, Notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against SHERMAN C. MALLARY, late of the City of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, the Administratrix, at the office of Robert Bowne, No. 86 Avenue C, in the City of New-York, on or before the 17th day of September next. Dated March 12, 1855.
mh14-law6mF* JUDAH MALLARY, Administratrix.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER of the Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against AMOS JONES, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, Abner Sandford, at his residence, No. 30 Amity-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 28th day of June next.—Dated New-York, the 21st day of December, 1854. ABNER SANFORD,
WILLIAM B. JONES,
d22-law6mF* Administrators.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER of JESSE C. SMITH, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against JONATHAN M. ROWLAND, late of the city of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at the office of PEET & NICHOLS, No. 192 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the 12th day of June next.—Dated Dec. 22, 1854. HENRIETTA M. ROWLAND,
HENRY ROWLAND,
d29-law6mF* Administrators.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER of the Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ROBERT FORSYTH, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his residence, No. 59 North Moore-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 11th day of May next.—Dated New-York, Nov. 9, 1854. JOSEPH FORSYTH, Administrator.
n10-law6mF*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER of the Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against CHARLES G. PHILLIPS, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her residence, No. 207 Washington-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 4th day of August next.—Dated New-York, Jan. 31, 1855. [2-law6mF*] HARRIET PHILLIPS, Administratrix.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER—Of the Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against MICHAEL FLOY, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at the office of Richard A. Reading, No. 129 Front-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 12th day of July next.—Dated New-York, Jan. 8, 1855. JAMES FLOY,
RICH'D A. READING,
ja12-law6mF* JAMES DAVIS, Executors.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER of the Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against BELL ABRAMS, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his residence, No. 229 West 22d-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 18th day of June next.—Dated New-York, Dec. 14, 1854.
d15-law6mF* JOSEPH TUCKER, Executor.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER—Of the Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against James G. Hunt, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of business, French's Hotel, in the City of New-York, on or before the 13th day of September next.—Dated New-York, March 8, 1855. JOHN CONTRELL, Administrator.
mh9-law6mF*

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE OF COMMISSIONERS OF EMIGRATION,
NEW-YORK, April 30 1855.

SEALED PROPOSALS—FOR SUPPLIES OF WHITE ASH SCHUYLKILL COAL for the Institutions under the charge of the Commissioners of Emigration, as follows: For Emigrant Refuge and Hospitals, Ward's Island, 1,550 tons, egg size, and 150 tons, nut size, and for the Marine Hospital, Staten Island, 550 tons, egg size, and 150 tons nut size, will be received by them at their Office, No. 61 Anthony-st., until the 8th of May next.

Proposals will also state the price per ton of the Coal required for Ward's Island, if delivered at the dock of the Commissioners of said Island.

POLICE CAPS.—Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Mayor, City Hall, until the 7th day of May, 1855, at 12 o'clock, noon, of that day, for five hundred blue cloth caps, for the use of the Police Department. The caps to be made in all particulars like the sample to be seen at the office of the Chief of Police, between the hours of 10 and 2 o'clock each day, until the 7th day of May, and the caps to be furnished in such quantities and at such times as the Chief of Police shall direct. All caps furnished not strictly in accordance with the sample, will be peremptorily rejected. FERNANDO WOOD, Mayor.

SEALED PROPOSALS—For the supply of Fresh Beef for the troops at Fort Columbus, New-York Harbor, from the 1st June, 1855, to the 31st May, 1856, will be received at the office of the Acting Assistant Commissary of Subsistence, Fort Columbus, until 12 o'clock M., on Tuesday, the 8th inst. The Beef to be of good merchantable quality, equal proportions of hind and fore-quarters, necks and shanks excluded, and to be supplied in such quantities, and at such times, as the A. A. C. S. may direct. H. HALDEMAN, First Lieutenant 8th Infantry, A. A. C. S.

FORT COLUMBUS, N. Y. Harbor, May 1, 1855.

FURNITURE.

ROJAS & CO.—Manufacturers of fashionable and every kind of furniture, having enlarged their premises, are now prepared to offer a large and extensive assortment at moderate prices. Wholesale and retail warerooms, No. 487 Broadway, corner Broome-st.

CHARLES E. FOGG—CHAMBER FURNITURE, BEDSTEADS, MATTRESSES, WASHSTANDS, Enameled Sets, Lounges, Chairs, Pillows, Counterpanes, &c., &c., No. 466 Pearl-st., between Madison and Chatham-sts., New-York.

DESKS, DESKS, DESKS.—Double and single standing and sitting desks, from 3 to 10 feet; office tables of every size; desk stools, office chairs. The largest and best stock in the City may be found at KNOX'S Office Furniture Store, No. 65 Beekman and No. 98 Ann-st.

SCHOOL FURNITURE—Desks, chairs, settees, bookcases, blackboards, slates, &c., manufactured and for sale at the old establishment, No. 24 Grove-st., New-York. Orders sent to any part of the world. R. PATON.
N. B.—Circulars forwarded on application as above.

H. F. FARRINGTON.—ENAMELED CHAMBER FURNITURE.—Purchasers in want of the new styles of furniture, will find a large assortment in all colors, at the Manufactory, Nos. 48 and 46 Wooster-st.

ENAMELED AND COTTAGE FURNITURE.—Elegant fashionable styles at low prices for cash. Dealers supplied as usual. E. H. WARWICK, Manufacturer, No. 244 Broadway, below Bleecker-st.

SPLENDID SUITES ENAMELED FURNITURE—At factory prices, wholesale and retail.
WARREN WARD, No. 226 Grand-st.

New-York Daily Times.

NEW-YORK CITY.

National Democratic General Committee.

The regular monthly meeting of the National Democratic General Committee was held last evening at their rooms, No. 562 Broadway. Present, HORACE F. CLARK, Esq., in the Chair; PETER B. SWEENY and JOHN Y. SAVAGE, Esqs., Secretaries, and a full meeting of the Committee.

The Chairman appointed the following Standing Committees for the year:

Finance Committee—William Blake, Timothy Daly, H. W. Genet, John B. Haskins and A. G. Conover.

Committee on Correspondence—George F. Alden, J. W. Boyce, John M. Seaman, George F. Thompson, John J. Tait.

Naturalization Committee—Henry J. Allen, J. Blackburn, James McGowen, A. J. McCarty, and Patrick Burns.

Committee on Printing—James M. Marsh, W. D. Parsons, Samuel Radcliff.

The following resolution was then offered by Mr. JOHN B. HASKINS, and adopted unanimously as the Committee:

Resolved, That a Committee of one from each Ward be appointed by the Chair, to consider the propriety of calling a public meeting of the National Democracy of this City during the present month, to take into consideration the condition and prospects of the National Democratic party, and to review the oppressive and unjust legislation of the Whig party of this State, at the last session of the Legislature, with power to said Committee to make all the necessary arrangements for said meeting, if in their judgment the convening thereof shall be deemed proper.

The Committee, after the transaction of private business, then adjourned till the next regular monthly meeting, at the same place.

Castle Garden for a Small-Pox Depot.

There is a rumor 'round town that the contractor of the Battery Enlargement and the lessee of Castle Garden has offered the Commissioner of Emigration his lease of Castle Garden to be used by them as a place of reception for the Emigrants that land—a thousand a day—in our City. Rumor says, too, that the Commissioners entertain the application.

A nice project this!—enlarge the Battery, put things in beautiful order, and then turn it into a hospital yard for the small-pox infected, fever-smitten, plague-stricken paupers of Europe! Nice place it will make the Battery,—sweet place that favorite Summer resort, Castle Garden. We fancy the people standing that!

Christian Association.

The Anniversary of the New-York Young Men's Christian Association will take place on the 21st of May at the Lafayette-place Church. Addresses are expected from ex-Governor GEORGE N. BRIGGS, of Massachusetts, Rev. WILLIAM ADAMS, D. D., and Rev. THEODORE L. CUYLER.

Following are the nominations for 1855, of officers to the Young Men's Christian Association. Election Monday, May 28:

For President—HOWARD CROSBY.

For Vice-Presidents—P. L. Hoffman, Baptist; Samuel Holmes, Congregationalist; Theophilus A. Brouwer, Dutch Reformed; Charles Seiden, Episcopal; Benjamin F. Manierre, Methodist; George H. Petrie, Presbyterian.

For Treasurer—Benjamin Lord.

For Corresponding Secretary—William E. Dodge, Jr.

For Recording Secretary—A. Judson Winterton.

For Managers—Richard C. McCormick, Jr., J. C. Westervelt, Edward Austen, Henry C. Hall, Richard Brown, Alexander Anderson, Henry Lindsley, R. L. Amerman, N. R. Mursereau, Henry E. Hyde, William Henderson, George W. Collord, *Ezekiel S. Halstead, David M. Terry*, A. D. F. Randolph, J. E. Parsons, D. W. Geer, William D. Foster, Union Adams, Samuel G. Goodrich.

The Weather for April.

Record of the State of the Weather for April, from an ordinary and self-registering thermometer, kept in Fiftieth-street, New-York, by O. W. MORRIS, Esq.:

[illegible]

The mean for the month was 47° 30', and the range 36° 6'. The greatest daily range was 25° 5'. The 28th was the warmest day—it was 7° 5' warmer than any day in April, 1854, and 6° warmer than in May, and 25° 5' cooler than July 21, 1854, which was the warmest day of that year. The changes have been sudden and frequent, making it very severe upon lung complaints, as may be seen from the report of the City Inspector.

A Sin Not Fit to Be Repented of.

Sins are of sundry orders—great sins, sins against reason, sins against religion and morality, and sins in the eyes of some folks. The following extract shows what the *Church Journal* sees to be a sin:

WORSHIP OF THE VIRGIN IN THE CHURCH OF THE PURITANS.—The degeneracy of Puritanism, and the motley, frivolous character of our fashionable benevolence, were sadly illustrated a few days since, when, within the walls of the church of the Puritans, and in the presence of a crowded but "*select*" auditory, Romish hymns in adulation of the Blessed Virgin,—*Ave Marias* and the like,—were enlisted in the sacred cause of charity, and sung by Protestants to applauding Protestants. No calico party, or dancing for the *starving*, was half so incongruous as this. To aid a noble cause—the Nursery for poor Children—this ignoble prostration of truth and religion was perpetrated. How is it that our people cannot *rise* above these awful mixtures of *religion and worldliness*?

We do not blame Dr. CHEEVER, in whose Church these things took place; nor Dr. ANTHON, under whose special patronage, if we mistake not, the Nursery is—for we trust they were both ignorant of the character of the music. But when three separate hymns in honor of Mary—the *Ave Maria*, the *Alma Virgo*, and the *Ave Maris Stella*—were sung, together with the *Inflammatus*, the crack piece which has been attracting our Fifth-avenue fashionables to Romish services this last Winter, we cannot but feel that blame attaches somewhere. The excuse sometimes offered by the profane may indeed be urged, that nothing was meant by it; but will this excuse avail before God? And *if*, as some would urge, the singing of such hymns be excusable in the drawing-room, who is there so bold as to dare to say that it is lawful in a house dedicated to *God*, to ascribe unto the creature the honor due to him alone.

Medical Lectures.

The College of Physicians and Surgeons is open daily, and two lectures are delivered by the several Professors in rotation, besides the Cliniques on the regular days. These Summer Courses are of great services to such Students as can remain in town to attend them. The other Colleges, also have a Summer Course.

Large Sale of Horses, &c.

To-morrow noon, a stage line—the Bloomingdale and Manhattanville—110 horses, 20 stages, lots of carriages, sleighs, harness, &c., with sundry lots of lands and houses thereon, come under the hammer, by order of the Supreme Court, at Manhattanville.

☞ When Dr. J. E. SNODGRASS, the Vice President of the American Settlement Company of this City, was about to deliver his lecture upon Kansas and the Emigrant Aid Movement at Auburn, on Monday, he received the painful intelligence of the death of a member of his family, which has interrupted his New-York tour. This is to be regretted, for the papers indicate that his addresses have been well received.

☞ To-day, a public meeting is to be held in Lafayette-place Church, (corner of Fourteenth-street.) The subject is "Missions in the West." Dr. BETHUNE, Messrs. FERRIS and SEE, and others, will speak. Commence at 7½ o'clock.

Burglary and Arson in Sixteenth-street.

FIRE MARSHAL'S OFFICE.

On Friday night, the 27th of April, a fire was discovered in the dwelling-house of Joseph Blair, No. 81 West Sixteenth-street; Mr. Beardsley, occupant of No. 83, next door, discovered the smoke, entered the premises, and discovered a fire burning on the floor of the second story. Mr. Beardsley, by the aid of the neighbors, soon extinguished the flames with a few buckets of water.

The investigation and examination of the premises by the "Fire Marshal," shows conclusively that one or more burglars entered the back yard from the open lot by climbing over the fence and aided by a step-ladder succeeded in reaching the top of the kitchen door, and with a "Jimmy" pryed open the top of the door and dislodged the bolt, thus opening the outer door; they next broke a pane of glass to enable them to unfasten the sashdoor; the house was then ransacked by the robbers in search of silverware, a box was opened but as it only contained knives, the robbers let them remain. A wardrobe was forced open, and also a closet, but no doubt much to the disappointment of the thieves, not a particle of silverware or jewelry could they find. To effect their escape from the house in a more easy manner than by returning back over the fence, the nosing of the basement door was taken off by removing the [illegible] villains leaving, [illegible] leading from the [illegible]. On the second story the [illegible] communicated into the adjoining house and [illegible] itself before it extended beyond [illegible]. It was further shown that Mr. Blair and family left New-York for Europe on the 26th of last March, leaving in charge of the house an old colored woman named Johnson. Fifteen days after Mr. Blair left, the old woman was sitting quietly in the kitchen about dusk. In the afternoon she heard a noise at the front door, and the door burst open. She looked into the hall and there saw a man; she called out for help; the rascal turned and fled into the street, ran to the Sixth-avenue, jumped into a car and was off before any one could catch him. Since that time the old woman became alarmed at sleeping alone in the house, and gave notice to that effect to Mr. Blair's friends, who promised they would get some one to remain in the house with her. Latterly the old woman has been going out to day's work and sleeping in the house at night-time, and continued so to do up to the Sunday night prior to the fire. After that she refused to sleep any more in the house, as an acquaintance had told her some night she would be murdered by the robbers, and perhaps remain a week in the house before discovered. On the afternoon of the fire she says she was in the house, and left at about half-past 6 or 7 o'clock, and did not know anything about the fire until the next morning. The police thinking the old woman might be acting in collusion with others, took her into custody and conveyed her before Justice Brennan to await an examination.

The evidence attending the investigation did not implicate the old woman, and she was accordingly liberated from custody.

It should be borne in mind that to have a dwelling house without a family residing in it, not only subjects the premises to burglarious depredations, but very much endangers the neighborhood, as in the present case the firing of the building indicates.

☞ The Treasurer of the Children's Aid Society acknowledges the following receipts during the month of April:

S. P. Hopkins, Williamstown, Mass.	$2 00
A Friend, for East River School	10 00
R. S. Portsmouth, N. H.	5 00
Twentieth-street Congregational Church	20 39
Haydensville Congregational Church	10 00
Mr. Cromwell	3 00
W. Bradford	20 00
W. S. Gilman	50 00
Cash in box	10
Miss Gibson's School	10 00
B. Lovington Kip, Treasurer of Fifteenth Ward Relief Association, being a proportion of balance on hand	61 01
M. T. Hewitt, being avails of collection in Dr. Krebs' Church	72 00
O. D. Munn	25 00
Uhlhorn & Frederickson, balance subscription	8 67
Miss Emma Beekman	50
Mr. Seldon, Detroit, Mich	1 00
Total for month of April	$308 87

Killed by an Ash Cart.

Yesterday, a man whose name is not known, about sixty years of age, was run over in Fifteenth-street, near Avenue C, by an ash cart, driven by a man named Kelly, and was so seriously injured that he died soon afterwards. The occurrence was purely accidental. Deceased was about five feet six inches in height, and had gray hair and whiskers all about his face. He was dressed in black pants, old gray coat, three old vests, white cotton shirt, cotton neckerchief, white cotton socks, black hat and brogan shoes. The deceased is supposed to have been a German, and at the time of the accident had a small wood axe with him. The body was conveyed to the dead-house at Bellevue Hospital, where the Coroner held an inquest, and the Jury returned a verdict acquitting the driver of all blame.

Gone to the Asylum.

Mr. TUCKER, the Brooklyn editor and printer, who was recently tried for the murder of his child, and acquitted on the ground of insanity, has been removed to the State Lunatic Asylum, Utica. A private letter, says:

"He has greatly improved since he came here. He *has considerable talent as a writer, and is a very useful* contributor to the *Opal*, a monthly periodical we print here, edited and written by the patients in the Asylum."

Supposed African Slave Trader.

The brig *Horatio*, (*recently picked up at sea, near Key West, abandoned*,) sailed from this port in November last, for the coast of Africa. Suspicion had been excited previous to her going, of her being intended as a slaver, and notice given, we understand, to the Custom-House to that effect, but the latter did not consider the proof sufficient to detain her, and she was allowed to proceed.

[Advertisement.]

THEN AND NOW:

OR

'TIS TWENTY YEARS SINCE

BRANDRETH'S PILLS were introduced to the people of the United States.

THEN, [illegible]

Now, [illegible]

THEN, [illegible]

Now, [illegible]

THEN, the BRANDRETHIAN THEORY of Purgation was not understood.

Now, no one pleads ignorance to its efficacy.

THEN, people were afraid of VEGETABLE PURGATIVES.

Now, no person tries anything else.

THEN, people were cursed with calomel and bleeding.

Now, people are blessed in the absence of both.

THEN, to use BRANDRETH'S PILLS was to incur ridicule.

Now, to use anything else is ridicule itself.

THEN, doctors sent their worst cases abroad to die.

Now, such stay at home to be cured by BRANDRETH'S PILLS.

THEN, people were afraid to use BRANDRETH'S PILLS.

Now, people are afraid to use any other remedy.

WHAT HAS CAUSED THESE GREAT CHANGES?

People might assign different causes for this wonderful change in public opinion, but there is only one true cause for it, viz.:

THE INTRINSIC MERIT OF THE BRANDRETH PILLS.

TWENTY YEARS' test in America, preceded by EIGHTY YEARS' trial in England, prove them ALL THAT IS REQUIRED TO CURE EVERY FORM OF DISEASE.

ONE HUNDRED YEARS' EXPERIENCE

Places BRANDRETH'S PILLS on the TOP ROUND of the MEDICAL LADDER. They are GOOD IN ALL CASES. Sold at 25 cents per box, at DR. BRANDRETH'S OFFICE, No. 43 Canal-street, Brandreth Building, and at BURNTON'S Bookstores, No. 296 Bowery, and No. 241 Hudson-street; also of D. D. WRIGHT, No. 66 Houston-street, corner of Lewis, and of JOSEPH KERR, No. 813 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

PHOTOGRAPHIC PORTRAITS.—Life and Cabinet sizes in oil and pastel. Miniature sizes, superior to the finest ivory painting; uncolored photographs, equaled by no other establishment in the world. Perfect likenesses taken in any style or size from daguerreotypes of deceased persons. Life size oil paintings on canvas by this process at one sitting, taken only by

J. GURNEY & C. D. FREDRICKS,
No. 46 Rue Basse de Rempart, Paris, and
No. 349 Broadway, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.—A marvelous medicine for the fair sex. Where it's possible to have an assemblage of ladies, (similar to a baby show,) a premium of ten thousand dollars would be given could any be shown as healthy, handsome, fresh or lively as those who have taken these pills. Sold at the manufactories, 80 Maiden-lane, New-York, and 244 Strand, London, and by all druggists, at 25 cents, 62½ cents, and $1 per box.

[Advertisement.]

PLAIN AND DECORATIVE PAPER-HANGINGS.—PRATT & HARDENBERGH, Manufacturers and Importers, No. 260 Broadway, between Leonard and Franklin-sts., invite attention to their extensive stock, which is unsurpassed by any in this country. Faithful and accomplished workmen sent to any part of the City or country, at short notice, and their work warranted.

[Advertisement.]

GAS, GAS.—New styles of gas fixtures for the Spring trade, of both modern and antique designs, just out. Wholesale buyers are particularly invited to call at the Great Manufacturing Depôt of ARCHER WARNER & Co., No. 376 Broadway. Also, the best portable gas works for country dwellings, churches and factories in this country.

[Advertisement.]

LIFE ILLUSTRATED.—A first class Family journal of entertainment, improvement and progress, enters upon its second volume with to-day's number. Now *is the time to subscribe. Published weekly at $2 a year*, by FOWLERS & WELLS, No. 308 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

ANNIVERSARIES.—People who attend the Anniversaries in New-York, will recollect that the finest Photographs and Daguerreotypes in the world are made by ROOT, No. 363 Broadway, rain or shine.

[Advertisement.]

☞ The finest Green Turtle of the season will be killed this afternoon by MONTGOMERY, and served up in soup and steaks, on Saturday and Sunday, at Nos. 15 and 17 Beekman-street.

[Advertisement.]

BLAKE'S PATENT FIRE-PROOF PAINT, No. 119 Pearl-st.—See under head of Paints.

It is a fact not generally known that the Maryland lotteries will be broken up in 1859, the Constitution of the State forbidding them after that time.

NEW-JERSEY.

The Unlicensed Liquor Dealers.

The Grand Jury of the Hudson County Court and the Court of Oyer and Terminer are engaged in hearing complaints against the unlicensed liquor sellers; and yesterday constables were about Jersey City with large packages of subpoenas requiring the attendance of liquor-drinkers and others as witnesses before the Grand Jury. In his charge to the Jury, Judge HAINES alluded to the indiscriminate use of intoxicating drinks as a cause of crime, and urged the necessity of stopping the traffic in ardent spirits.

The Circuit Court was engaged yesterday with civil cases of no public interest.

I. W. SCUDDER, Esq., attorney, has given notice of a *certiorari*, directed to the Judges of the late Charter Election in the First Ward of Jersey City, commanding them to bring up the papers connected with the election, in order to have the legality of rejecting the ballots on which *Poundmaster* was spelled *Pondmaster* decided. WM. H. JELLIFFE appeared as counsel for the Ward Judges. Affidavits in this case will be taken on Saturday, and it is possible the argument will be brought on as early as Monday next.

Jersey City Firemen's Election—Official.

The following is the official vote for Chief and Assistant Engineers of the Jersey City Fire Department, cast at the election on Tuesday last:

SAMUEL A. FRENCH received 301 votes, and was elected without opposition.

Assistants—First Ward, JAMES R. GAUTIER, 115; JOHN D. NOLAN, 83; R. H. MCCLEARY, 32; and J. W. STROBER, 51. Second Ward—JAMES WALLACE, 151; JAMES MCLOUGHLIN, 98; CHAS. B. SLEIGHT, 51. Third Ward—WM. CHILVERS, 262. Fourth Ward—WM. ROOSEVELT, 157; H. P. ROBERTSON, 89; GEORGE W. DEMPSEY, 56.

The candidate in each Ward who received the highest number of votes is elected.

Hudson County Grand Jury.

The Grand Inquest of the present term of the Hudson County Court of Oyer and Terminer is composed of the following citizens of the County:

Erastus Randall, Foreman; Wm. A. Townsend, Isaac J. Vanderbeck, Henry A. Greene, John Boyce, Mindert Van Horn, Cornelius C. Van Riper, Wm. Galbraith, Joseph Danielson, Wm. A. Boyd, James S. Hatfield, John L. Vandewater, Wm. R. Janeway, Uzal Corey, James S. Hutton, Henry M. Traphagen, Rufus Story, Nicholas Prior, John G. Gordon, Jasper Wandall, Benj. S. Taylor, James H. Wilson, Nathaniel N. Hatfield and Hansen Carrigan.

Hoboken Ferry—No Commutation.

The sale of the lease of the Hoboken Ferry having been postponed by the Corporation of the City of New-York, no commutation tickets are granted by the Ferry Company for the ensuing six months. All those who cross the ferry are now required to pay three cents, except commuters of last quarter who, upon showing their tickets, can cross for two cents. Tickets good until the 15th instant, are sold at the rate of two cents each.

Large Sale of Real Estate.

An Association of Germans has purchased the farm of Mr. CADMUS, five miles south of Jersey City, on Bergen Point, just below the Morris Canal. It contains 160 acres, and extends from New-York Bay to Newark Bay. It was purchased for $160,000. It will be laid out in lots for a village, which will at once be commenced.

The Crops.

Our farmers are exceedingly busy at the present time in preparing their ground and planting their corn. The season thus far is very favorable. The wheat crops look fine. Judging from the fruit trees, we think we shall have a bountiful crop of all kinds of fruit. We had reason to suppose that our severe Winter had *injured the fruit trees, but we find they have bloomed thick* and full.—*Illinois State Chronicle.*

The accounts from every portion of the county are most cheering. *Wheat promises a fine yield; oats are* in good condition, and corn is now principally planted, and some up large enough to plow. The Spring has been an unusually fine one for farming operations, but *serious fears may be entertained that the continued dry* weather may cut short the yield. We sincerely hope this may not be the case, but present indications are very unfavorable. There is a fine prospect for fruit generally. It was feared, a few weeks since, that the *germs had been killed in the Winter.*—*Macoupin Spectator.*

The wheat crop in this County bids fair for an abundant harvest; our farmers are buoyant with hope at the prospect. The peach crop, we are sorry to learn, will be [illegible] hope. Apples, [illegible] and should no [illegible] will be an [illegible]

The farmers in the vicinity of [illegible] believe the same thing may be said in our vicinity, speak very encouragingly of the wheat crop. The Spring thus far has been very favorable to the prospect for fruit, and the promise is excellent. Our farmers would do well to crowd in the Spring crops, as the demand will, beyond a doubt, make the crops largely remunerative, and as there is no surplus produce in the country, there will be no abatement before the coming harvest.—*Grand Rapids Enquirer.*

The refreshing showers that have fallen the last week, and the seasonable weather which has followed, are bringing the wheat forward in a remarkable manner. From all that we can learn, never has the wheat crop promised better in this section than it does this Spring. A very great increased yield in all the products of the farm may, therefore, be confidently anticipated next harvest. Fruits of every kind, from present indications, will also be abundant. The lateness of the season has kept back the bloom until there is no reason to believe that the crop will not be plentiful.—*Monroe (Mich.) Commercial.*

The result of numerous inquiries we have made from different sections of this region, establishes the gratifying fact that the wheat prospects of this part of the country have rarely if ever been better than they are now, at this stage of the season. The last week's mild weather, with the warm rains, having started vegetation of all kinds into new life, the wheat crops appear to feel the goodly effects amazingly. At the present time all is well in this particular. Our accounts from abroad, as far as this State is concerned, are encouraging for good wheat crops, while all accounts unite in *saying that a much larger quantity of wheat has been* sown than last season. The weather of last week has been highly favorable to the farming interests. The fruit in this region promises well. We have not heard thus far the usual complaints, generally made prematurely, of all the peaches being killed, and trust there will be no reason for such complaints. But the weather is so fickle, we are never safe till the Summer has set in earnestly.—*Evansville (Ind.) Journal.*

In this vicinity, and generally throughout the Reserve, the promise is fine for grain. Late rains have made the ground very wet and may retard the sowing of Summer crops, but there is yet time for the dropping of the seed. Wheat never promised better. *Of fruits*, the prospect is said to be quite fair. Peaches are not all killed, and apples and peaches are in apparent plenty. It is quite generally remarked by farmers and gardeners, that no *Spring for several years past has given better promise* for the Summer yield. That we may have plenty in the field, is the earnest petition of all.—*Sandusky (O.) Register.*

All of our accounts from the country agree in representing the condition of the growing wheat as first rate, and giving promise of an abundant crop, and the farmers are putting into Spring wheat a great breadth of land.—*Milwaukee (Wis.) Sentinel.*

The wheat crop looks unusually well, and promises an abundant yield. The farmers are busy planting oats, corn and other staples, and it is thought one-third more grain will be produced this year than in any former one.—*Lagrange (Mo.) Bulletin.*

On our trip up the Missouri, we noticed that the indications for wheat and peaches the ensuing season were very fine. How it may be a distance from the river, we do not know. A larger quantity of wheat than usual has been sown in this country—probably the amount of a double crop will be realized, judging from the present promising indications.—*Booneville (Mo.) Observer.*

We learn from a gentleman living in one of the upper counties, that the scarcity of the winter snows has so exposed the soils and left them so naked, that the wheat crop has been materially injured, so much so, that the most favorable weather now could have no great beneficial effect. We learn also of the cold, backward Spring, the scarcity of fodder and grain and of the general hard times that prevail everywhere.—*Chattanooga (Tenn.) Adv.*

There has been neither moisture nor warmth sufficient for vegetation. Here, in many places, the seed has rotted in the ground, and even where it has sprouted, the growth has been checked by the severe cold, or entirely destroyed by the late frosts.—*Galveston (Texas) News.*

The Hagerstown *Torch* reports unfavorably for the wheat crop in Washington County. The Upper Marlboro' (Prince George's County) *Gazette* states that one of the steamers from that vicinity left for Baltimore a *few days ago, without a single hogshead of tobacco*, an extremely unusual occurrence for this season of the year, and adds: An intelligent planter of whom we inquired the reason for this, informs us that there is but little more tobacco to go into market this Spring—the crop of last year being at least *one-half* less than an average one.

The Lancaster (Pa.) *Herald* has the following in relation to the crops in that section: "The appearance of the wheat fields have undergone a great change for the better, within the last few days, and the farmers speak encouragingly of the prospect ahead. The grass is also growing finely, and if the present favorable weather continues, there will be an abundance of food for both man and beast. *We do not presume that prices will go* down to the old standard for several years to come, even if the crops of all kinds should be large."

Very Mysterious—Was it Baker?

A day or two since an individual called at our office, and stated that he had arrested BAKER, the man who killed BILL POOLE, and had him even then at a place near Carrollton, heavily ironed, and under strict surveillance, intending to carry him to New-York as soon as possible. He gave us the information as an item of news. We were, however, disposed to look upon the matter as either a hoax, or else that the individual in question was out of his mind.

But subsequent events give an air of probability to his statement. The same evening a man was placed on board one of our steamers so heavily ironed that he could not move a muscle, and in this condition was conveyed up the river. The question now is, "Was this man BAKER?" We shall very unquestionably receive a solution of the mystery, by way of New-York.—*New-Orleans Delta, April 27.*

The Know-Nothings—Presentment of the Order by the Grand Jury.

From the Rochester Democrat, May 3.

We give below a document emanating from the Grand Jury of this county, which closed its session yesterday. It will be widely read and criticised, but its positions are such as cannot be successfully assailed. The Grand Jury devoted three days to the investigation, in pursuance of a suggestion *from* Judge WELLES, that it was their province and duty to inquire into any infractions of the Election law. The section of the law quoted has been clearly and flagrantly violated by the threats held in *terrorem* over members of the K. N. Councils, and the leaders of the Order do not disguise their purpose to pursue and repeat these violations of law, and interference with the personal freedom of electors.

Several witnesses, it appears, refused to answer, and were taken before the Court for its direction. In every such instance, we believe, Judge WELLES has discharged his duty like a pure and upright judicial officer. Witnesses who swore, and it is reported there were such, that they could not answer the questions "without criminating themselves, or making themselves infamous," were of course excused from answering! That is the privilege of all witnesses who are apprehensive that their conduct has been in violation of law and the rights of individuals or the public.

The presentment follows:

To the Honorable Court of Oyer and Terminer of the County of Monroe:

The Grand Jury of this County, having been specially charged by the Court to make inquiries as to all violations and infractions of the Election Laws of this State, have, in discharge of their duty, called before them a large number of witnesses, and made diligent inquiry upon that subject. They find by section 5 of the General Election Law, that "If any person shall by bribery, menace, or other corrupt means, or device whatsoever, either directly or indirectly, attempt to influence any elector of this State, in giving his vote or ballot, or deter him from giving the same, or disturb or hinder him in the free exercise of the right of suffrage, at any election within this State, held pursuant to this Chapter and shall thereof be convicted, such person so offending and convicted, shall be adjudged guilty of a misdemeanor, and be fined or imprisoned, according to the discretion of the Court before which such conviction shall be had; such fine in no case to exceed five hundred dollars, nor such imprisonment one year." It appears from the testimony, taken before us, that there are a number of societies or orders of men in this county who have formed themselves into secret combinations for political action—that these societies meet only in secret—that their members are admitted under oaths, and obligations, and pledged to inviolable secrecy—that they are induced to enter the society under a variety of pretences, and to take upon themselves oaths, and binding obligations, that they will not vote for certain particular classes of their fellow-citizens—that they will cast their votes and use their elective franchise, according to the behests and requirements of their order, or the officers thereof, or of a certain degree or circle thereof, under the rules of their order. That by their oaths and obligations they are bound to vote, under the penalty of perjury, or being considered as perjured, and as being unworthy to be employed, countenanced, or supported, in any business whatsoever, and as persons totally unworthy of the confidence of their fellow citizens. Under these penalties they are bound to vote for the persons designated by the Order, without regard to their individual choice or preference of candidates. That members of this Society or Order, having taken these oaths and obligations, are informed by the Order, or the officers thereof, that a refusal to vote for the candidates of the Order, will subject them to the charge of perjury, and render themselves infamous, and unworthy the confidence of all good men. And thus they are *directly influenced in giving their vote or ballot, or are de*terred from giving the same, and are disturbed and hindered in the free exercise of the rights of suffrage.

And it further appears that members have been threatened that if they did not vote according to the re*quisitions of the Order, that they should be deemed as* perjured under these oaths and obligations, and should be subject to disgrace and infamy, and as false and perjured, be expelled with dishonor. That such Societies or Orders, after the last general election, called their *members to account to them, or their officers*, as to the manner in which they discharged their elective franchise, and required them to declare upon oath for whom they cast their votes at the said election.

The Grand Jury have been much embarrassed in their *investigation, by the refusal of witnesses to answer* questions put to them, as to their proceedings in secret session, on the ground that a disclosure of these facts would render them *infamous*; and in other cases the witnesses claimed protection, on the ground that answers to the questions would [illegible] [illegible] Having thus been deprived of the full [illegible] [illegible] most against such combinations, that [illegible], in their opinion, a direct violation of the statute in relation to elections, as the law was designed to protect and guard every elector in a free and voluntary choice in casting his ballot, and to allow every citizen, otherwise worthy, to be a proper subject of such suffrage. We believe from the testimony before us that such proceedings strike at the very foundation of individual liberty of action, and tend directly to destroy the great and cardinal principles of our institutions, as founded by our forefathers, that our institutions can only continue to exist by the free and uncontrolled action of the citizen, and that all such restraints and obligations are destructive to an elective and free Government.

All of which has been duly adopted and it is most respectfully submitted. WM. C. BLOSS, Foreman.

The following is a list of the Grand Jury. Those who signed the Know-Nothing minority report are in *italics*: Wm. C. Bloss, Foreman; Chauncey Allen, Caleb B. Corser, Geo. W. Goodman, *William I. Hanford*, Ebenezer L. Gage, *Mason Cole, Jared Coleman, David Starkey, Philip M. Simmons*, John Graham, Lewis Billings, Elias Garrison, Robert J. Fellows, David McKay, Thomas D. Walker, Roswell Lockwood, Jacob Garrison, Lyman Johnson, Butler Bardwell.

THE MINORITY REPORT.

To the Honorable Court of Oyer and Terminer:

We, the members of this Grand Jury, beg leave to report, that we have diligently and laboriously investigated for days into the doings and sayings of Secret Political Organizations, and their bearings upon the elective franchise; and, also, we have deliberately and *candidly inquired if any person or persons, party or parties, had stifled or suppressed free speech and liberal* discussion, and have not been able to substantiate the *crime, or violation of the election laws, or the elective* franchise, upon any person or party.

This we humbly beg leave to submit as a Minority Report.

DAVID STARKEY, MASON COLE,
JARED COLEMAN, PHILIP M. SIMMONS.
W. I. HANFORD,

Mexican Guano Islands.

The following communication has been laid before the Collector of the Port of New-Orleans in reference to the Mexican Guano Islands:

LEGATION OF THE UNITED STATES,
Mexico, Wednesday, April 18, 1855.

To the Collector of the Port of New Orleans:

SIR: The Mexican Minister of Relations has submitted a grievous complaint to this Legation against the American bark *Rose*, of Boston, but last from New Orleans, for a trespass on the guano deposits of the Mexican islands off the Yucatan banks. For the information of our commercial marine, to be made public at your option, I enclose regulations which must be observed by all vessels visiting these islands for the purpose of obtaining guano, if they would avoid the embarrassments which a disrespect may entail. With respect,

JAMES GADSDEN.

The following are the regulations above alluded to:

1. All vessels, *national or foreign*, engaged in loading guano from the islands of this Republic, are prohibited from shooting the birds found on them.

2. Each infraction of the provisions of the previous article shall be punished with a fine of $50, which shall be paid by the captain of the vessel to the crew of which the offender or offenders shall belong.

3. Commanders of vessels of war and *guarda costas* shall take care that these provisions are fulfilled.

MARRIED.

On Wednesday, May 2, by Rev. A. D. Smith, D. D., HENRY M. LEAVITT to ELIZA WINSLOW, adopted daughter of C. R. Robert.

In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, May 2, by Rev. L. S. Weed, JOHN W. HASKINS, formerly of Newburg, to Miss EMILY A. HAMMOND, of Brooklyn.

☞ New-Orleans and Bridgeport papers please copy.

In Brooklyn on Friday, April 28, by Rev. A. Elmendorf, WILLIAM J. BARTOW to JANE M., youngest daughter of E. T. Goodall, Esq.

In Brooklyn, on Wednesday evening, May 2, by Rev. A. D. Gillette, Mr. JAMES CORWIN HATFIELD to Miss SARAH ANN BARNES, all of New-York City.

At St. Luke's Church, Bedford, L. I., on Thursday, April 26, by Rev. J. W. Diller, Mr. JAMES PATRICK to Miss ELIZA CUNNINGHAM, youngest daughter of Dr. Charles A. Van Zandt, all of Brooklyn.

At Grace Church, Newark, N. J., on Monday, April 30, by Rt. Rev. G. W. Doane, WHEELER H. PECKHAM of Albany, to ANNIE ARETSEN, daughter of the late Dr. E. Q. Keasbey, of Salem, N. J.

DIED.

In this City, on Wednesday, May 2, Rev. CHAS. H. HALSEY, Rector of Christ Church, in this City, in the 46th year of his age.

The friends of the family, and members of the Parish, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral at Christ Church, on Saturday morning, at 10 o'clock. The Clergy, with the relatives, are specially invited to meet at his late residence, No. 3 East 18th-st. After the religious services at the Church, the remains will be taken in charge by the family and conveyed to Jamaica, L. I., for interment.

In Brooklyn, on Thursday, May 3, ELIZABETH L., eldest daughter of George and Sarah L. Mitchell, aged 13 years and 28 days.

The friends are invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 212 Carlton-av., on Friday, 4th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M.

In Brooklyn, Wednesday, May 2, AMY B. HOPPIN, wife of George A. Trowbridge, and daughter of the late Henry Hoppin, of Providence, R. I.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral, from Christ Church, Brooklyn, on Saturday, at 4 o'clock P. M., without further notice.

In Aintab, Turkey, on Saturday, Feb. 24, ALICE BACON, daughter of Rev. George B. and late Sarah E. H. Nutting, aged 7 months and 20 days.

In Brooklyn, on Monday, May 1, JOHN S. SUTTON. His remains were interred in the Cemetery of the Evergreens.

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

For Markets see Third Page.

Sales at the Stock Exchange....MAY 3.

[illegible]

BETWEEN BOARDS.

After the adjournment of the board, the following sales of bonds were made at auction by Simeon Draper:

$73,100 Buffalo and New-York City Railroad, secured by first mortgage on road from Utica to Buffalo.

$11,000 Buffalo and New-York City Railroad, secured by first mortgage on road from Attica to Hornellsville.

Sold together for ... $58,466

The following sales were made at auction by A. H. Nicolay:

$10,000 Fox & Wisconsin Improvement Co. 8s, int. added	84½
$9,000 Cleveland, Painesville & Ashtabula Railroad 7s., int. added	84½@83½
$8,000 Lake Erie, Wabash & St. Louis Railroad, 1st mortgage, int. added	73½
$5,000 Canandaigua & Corning Railroad, second mortgage, int. added	64½@66½
$2,000 Chicago & Mississippi Railroad, 2d mort.	65
£500 Cincinnati, Logansport & Chicago Railroad	73
100 shares Erie Railroad	50½
100 shares Reading Railroad	86½
25 shares Shoe and Leather Bank	96
40 shares Williamsburg Gas Light Co.	65½
20 shares Columbia Fire Insurance Co.	87½
40 shares Ohio Diamond Coal Co.	80½

SECOND BOARD.

[illegible]

THURSDAY, May 3—P. M.

A very moderate business is doing in Wall-street. The Stock, Money and Exchange Brokers are generally idle, or but partially employed. The variations in Road shares to-day scarcely amounted to ½ ₩ cent., and on the limited transactions in State and Railway Bonds, the difference in rates, as compared with yesterday's sales, was not more important. The Havre steamer sails on Saturday, but as yet little or nothing has been done in the way of Bills or in Specie engagements. Some interest is felt in the expected news by the *Atlantic*, now overdue from Liverpool, though no particular expectation is indulged that the news will be at all definite, either from the war in the Crimea or the Peace Conferences at Vienna. The terms for Money, this week, as noticed *yesterday*, are scarcely so liberal as last, and some of the leading Banks decline extending their lines, even on call or demand loans, better than 7 ₩ cent. Money is left on temporary use with the leading and responsible brokers at 6, and in some instances at 5 ₩ cent., but this, we take leave to remind our country *readers who have or desire to have negotiations* with New-York, cannot be relied upon as the current price for money. In reference to Foreign Exchange, the rates keep firm on London, 110¼@110½, with a scarcity of [illegible] bills of the best class. On Paris, the [illegible] [illegible] balance at the close of business [illegible]

The semi-annual interest on the bonds of the city of Pittsburg, and on the bonds of the County of Alleghany, Pa., issued to the Alleghany Valley Railroad Company, we are requested to say, will be paid on the 7th inst. at the Banking house of WINSLOW, LANIER & Co., No. 52 Wall-street.

The Grain Crops throughout the country promise an average, not to say very abundant yield. They have not sufficiently matured, of course, to speak with certainty, but the prospect daily brightens, and this is a great point gained after the partial failure of last season. Its influence is already seen in the hastening of old supplies of Breadstuffs from the Northwest. We hear that the Railroads from Chicago and the lake propellers from Detroit, Toledo, &c., are now all well freighted, the staples of Flour and Corn affording no inconsiderable portion of the business. The importance of the questions relating to the extent and probable yield of the old supply and new crop of Grain has not been so great *in this country for fifteen years past*—not since 1837-'38, when we had to import Grain from the *Black Sea and Mediterranean. There was* a certain degree of interest attached to the extent of supply in 1847, but not growing out of real scarcity *or crop failure at home. The famine in Great* Britain ran up prices enormously, but the United States had the stuffs to spare, without much hazard of failure in the crop of the succeeding year. The case has proved widely different in the Foreign demand upon our supplies which sprang up at the close of 1853, and under which this country exported, during the Treasury year ending 30th June, 1854, Breadstuffs and Provisions to the value of $65,901,240, against $32,985,322 the previous year. This increased export *was readily spared from* what at the time appeared to be a large home surplus; but when it was succeeded by the extraordinary drouth of last year, the country was soon made to feel that the operation had cost its Labor and Business dear, and that nothing has contributed more sensibly than this to paralyze certain branches of trade and industry, and to embarrass money affairs at the West—or, in short, to produce the hard times of last Winter—except perhaps the unprecedented import of Foreign Goods, the actual consumption of which the last Treasury year was greater by $29,292,000 than the previous year. This sum is nearly equal to the gain from the Bread export, while the single staple of Cotton lost $27,-869,184.

The failure of a single crop, as in 1854, in the United States, is suggestive of the comparative influence of the Bread question in this country and Great Britain. *There* it is everything to trade, and infinitely more important than the annual supply of Cotton. Labor must be cheaply and surely fed, or enterprise cannot prosper. The manufacturer may live for a season, and keep his workmen from starving, but the word prosperity is but little known, meanwhile, to either. *Here*, from the great variety of climate and wonderful productiveness, under even the most careless or inexperienced system of agriculture, we are not *accustomed to think of or make calculation upon* short grain crops, or famine prices from domestic causes. Yet such things may be, as we have seen the past Winter, and are still realising in the prices of Flour and Corn, and they bring a train of hardships and privation to the Laborer, and of embarrassment to Builders and Manufacturers, which is abundantly calculated to make us appreciate the periodical clamor of Manchester and Birmingham for cheap Bread. At the same time, *let us not fail to estimate properly the brightening* time for Labor and Enterprise, which has dawned from the prospect of a full Grain crop in 1855. The Laborer will no longer be compelled to pay his whole earnings and more for the mere support of life from hour to hour. There is now hope of accumulation; at least of comfort and abundance for himself and family. And so with the Employer—he will be justified in gradually resuming and extending his enterprises; he can afford to pay good wages and profit by the operation. Above all, the influence of the new crop, should its present promise be realized, on the Money affairs of the country, will be almost inestimable, besides affording assurance of increased freight traffic on the great Railways between the teeming West and the seaboard.

We noticed yesterday, and the same remark applies to the sales to-day, that the Convertible seven ₩ cents. of the New-York Central Road are firm at 102½. The six ₩ cents. are selling at 89, with the May coupon off. These are good rates, and as the undistributed assets of the old Utica and Schenectady Co. are in these securities, and a promise has been given of early distribution, by authority of the Trustees, there will of course be no further apology for delay. The sum to be distributed is about $400,000. It has been on hand in a form equal to cash, and susceptible of division among the stockholders, in sums of $500 or $1,000, through a year of hard times. The Stockholders have cause to protest against this sort of delay, which is nothing more nor less than an unwarranted assumption to administer at will upon the remnant of their property in the old Company after it has been turned into an available form. The example is not a good one in Railway management. In less conspicuous and responsible men than the Trustees of the Utica and Schenectady, it would not be tolerated by private shareholders for a moment.

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW-ORLEANS, Tuesday, May 1.

Cotton has advanced ⅛c., with sales on Monday of 10,000 bales Middling at 9½c.@9⅝c. Freights to Liverpool one farthing.

The steamer *Afton*, with 2,000 bales Cotton, has been burnt on the Yazoo River.

NEW-ORLEANS, Tuesday, May 1.

Our COTTON market is firm. The sales to-day add up 5,500 bales. FREIGHTS—Cotton to Havre 1¼. Sterling EXCHANGE is dull, and rates are tending downwards. Fair SUGAR is selling at 5¼c.@5½c. FLOUR is $11 ₩ bbl. Western Yellow CORN $1 05@$1 07; White $1 20. Mess PORK $16 75 ₩ bbl. LARD 9½c. ₩ lb.

Baltimore Cattle Market.

BALTIMORE, Thursday, May 3.

At our Cattle Market to-day 150 head of BEEF Cattle were offered, and all sold at prices ranging from $5 50 to $6 75 on the hoof, equal to 11c.@13c. net.

SALES OF STOCKS AT PHILADELPHIA.—*Thursday—First Board*—[illegible]

Between Boards—[illegible]

Second Board—[illegible]

Closing Prices—[illegible]

Passengers Sailed.

In ship Neptune, for Liverpool—Robert McKeon and lady, Miss Jane Scott, J. R. Gibbons, Dr. Joseph Cooley, Mrs. E. W. Peabody, Mr. Bessat and mother, Dr. Glenny, lady, son and daughter, S. Grant, Dr. Wines, Wm. Greig.

Passengers Arrived.

In steamship Black Warrior, from New-Orleans and Havana—Gen. H. Howell, Mrs. and Miss Lacey, [illegible]

In steamship Jamestown, from Norfolk, Richmond and Petersburg—[illegible]

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises	4 53	Sun sets	6 50	Moon rises	10 12

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook	7 31	Gov. Island	10 16	Hell Gate	[illegible]

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK..THURSDAY, MAY 3.

Cleared.

Ships Mary Ogden, Loveland, Charleston, George Bulkley; H. A. Miller, Galt, Baltimore, Snow & Burgess; [illegible]

Arrived.

Steamship Jamestown, Parrish, Richmond, Petersburg and Norfolk, with mdse. and passengers to Ludlam & Pleasants. [illegible]

Steamship Black Warrior, Bulloch, New-Orleans and Havana, with mdse. and passengers to Livingston, Crocheron & Co.

U. S. sloop-of-war Levant, Turner, Gibraltar March 30, via Hampton Roads May 29.

Ship Garrick, (packet,) Foster, Liverpool March 29, with mdse. and 426 passengers to T. P. Stanton. [illegible]

[illegible]

Below.

Brig J. W. Coffin, [illegible]

By Telegraph.

NEW-ORLEANS, May 1—Arr. ships Atlantic and Pacific, and schrs. Mobile and Indiana, New-York; [illegible]

Memoranda.

[illegible]

Spoken, &c.

[illegible]

Foreign Ports.

[illegible]